Property	OGTR ID	Organisation	Project Title	Project Description	Status	Date Issued	Expiry/Surrender Date
Part	DNIR-001	The Kids Research Institute Australia	Murray Valley Encephalitis Virus	Murray Valley encephalitis virus and to test potential vaccines in mice.	Expired	8-Mar-2002	2 30-Jun-2007
Page	DNIB-002	The University of Oueensland	Investigate gene therapy for hypertension	hypertension (high blood pressure) with a gene which produces atrial	Withdrawn		
Personal process Personal pr	DININ-002	The University of Queenstand	investigate gene therapy for hypertension	This proposal aims to generate cell lines from macrophages isolated	Withdrawn		
Section Sect	DNIR-003	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science		The researchers will produce quantities of the protein coded for by the	Surrendered	21-Jan-2002	17-Dec-2002
Marchand	DNIR-004	CSL Limited		be used to test the properties of the protein.	Expired	4-Feb-2002	! 30-Jun-2009
Personal P	DNIR-005	Murdoch University	Testing Protection of Cattle From Fluoroacetate	fluoroacetate, a poison found in some native plants, by inoculating them $$	Expired	11-Feb-2002	2 30-Jun-2004
Part		DATE:		vaccine by replacing a gene from an influenza A virus strain with a gene	5-1-4		
Miles Mile	DNIR-006	KMII University	Cloning and inactivation of phospholipase gene from	The researchers are aiming to produce a vaccine against the chicken	Expired	15-Feb-2002	31-Dec-2004
Management Man	DNIR-007	RMIT University	addional information received 13/02/02	Clostridium perfringens.	Surrendered	5-Mar-2002	22-Mar-2012
Remain of the control				This proposal is to produce quantities of antibodies to be used in clinical			·
Anthon State County County Control County County County County County County County	DNIR-009	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited	Production of humanised monoclonal antibodies from NSO cells	The aim of this project is to identify the genes associated with toxin	Expired	11-Mar-2002	28-Feb-2003
Communication in the continue of the continu	DNIR-010	Australian Water Quality Centre	Rapid Methods for the Detection of Toxic Cyanobacteria	produce the toxin.	Expired	2-Apr-2002	31-Aug-2006
Manual M	DNIR-011	Westmead Institute for Medical Research		Cryptococcus neoformans will be studied and fungus without the	Licence issued	16-Apr-2002	2 31-Mar-2030
Montany Mont			77.5	- · · · · ·			
Second Second Secon	DNIR-012	Western Sydney Local Health District		are investigating the function of TRAIL within the immune system.	Surrendered	11-Apr-2002	10-Feb-2005
Windows Wind	DNIR-013	Western Sydney Local Health District		processes that regulate cell growth and survival.	Expired	16-Apr-2002	28-Feb-2008
Description of the content of the former of the former of the content of the co	DNIR-014	The Victor Chang Cardiac Research Institute		livers to study the structure of the receptors.	Withdrawn		
Part			Production of domain 1 of the human plasma protein Beta 2-	The project will produce recombinant protein which will be chemically		·	·
Califor Cali				The researchers will determine the role of the matrix protein gene in			
Processor Proc				The aim is to identify genes and their most effective routes of		20-May-2002	30-Jun-2005
Production Production of members of the michigh termined transport Production of members of the michigh termined (michigh) Production of the michight termined (michigh) Produc				The researchers will study the effects on obesity and diabetes of over-		10-May-2002	2 31-Aug-2004
March Marc		Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited			Surrendered		
Content Cont	DNIR-021	QIMR Berghofer	HIV replication and gene expression	replication and gene expression.	Surrendered	16-May-2002	12-Mar-2025
This study aims to determine whether the activation of g130 in protein cancer Production of recombinance proteins in mammalain, insex, part Production of the production of th	DNIR-022	Peter MacCallium Cancer Centre		normal cells against apoptosis (programmed cell death) produced by a	Surrendered	3-lun-2002	29-lun-2007
Now Spream Biopharma Al Limited and Scientific crisis of the central crisis of the centr				This study aims to determine whether the activation of gp130 in prostate $$			
Royal Perth Hospital Menigococcal virulence genes genes of the human bacteristic gamegen Nesterial and expression levels of virulence genes genes of the human bacteristic gamegen Nesterial and monitorial control products. The methodologist of establishing and maintaining products are produced in the product of the human bacteristic gamegen Nesterial and products of the human bacteristic gamegen Nesterial and products of the human bacteristic profession. The products of the human bacteristic profession of the products of the human bacteristic profession. The human bacteristic products with the human bacteristic profession of the same transport of the products of the human bacteristic profession of the same transport of the products of the human bacteristic profession of the same transport of the profession of the same transport of the products of the same transport of the same transport of the profession of the same transport of the				research reagents, clinical research and commercial			
Diam 1	DNIR-024	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited	and bacterial cells		Surrendered	25-Jun-2002	15-Jan-2008
The mechanisms of establishing and maintaining and maintaining performs. Flymphocyte (CTIL immunological memory against influenza visus and maintaining performs. Surrenderd 9-14-2002 38-Nov-2009 18-14-02002 38-	DNIR-025	Royal Perth Hospital	Meningococcal virulence genes	genes of the human bacterial pathogen Neisseria meningitidis.	Surrendered	5-Jul-2002	1-May-2007
DIRR-02 University of Southern Queensland Whooping Cough Vaccine V developed in the part and its to study Southern Queensland Whooping Cough Vaccine V developed in an is to study Southern Queensland Whooping Cough Vaccine V developed in an is to study Southern Queensland Whooping Cough Vaccine V developed in a line in its study Southern Queensland University of Southern Queensland Whooping Cough Vaccine V developed in a line in its study Southern Queensland University Adaptate Sout	DNIR-026	La Trobe University		T lymphocyte (CTL) immunological memory against influenza virus	Surrendered	9-Jul-2002	2 18-Jul-2022
DIRR-029 Autralian National University of Southern Queenstand Whoping cough vaccine V developing immune seas and protection from infection in min. Surredered 5-14-2002 30-140-2009 DIRR-029 Autralian National University Adding screen for anti-viral compounds immunodeficine-publishing process and protection from tended being by building process. Surredered 19-14-2002 17-13e-2006 DIRR-029 Biotrin Limited Biotron Limited Adding screen for anti-viral compounds immunodeficine-publishing process. Surredered 19-14-2002 11-14-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine-publishing process. Surredered 19-14-2002 11-14-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine-publishing process. Surredered 19-14-2002 11-14-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine-publishing process. Surredered 19-14-2002 11-14-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine-publishing process. Surredered 19-14-2002 11-14-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine-publishing the process of pooling growth human immunodeficine-publishing process. Surredered 19-14-2002 11-14-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine-publishing the process of pooling the publishing process. Surredered 19-14-2002 11-14-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine-publishing the publishing process. Surredered 19-14-2002 11-14-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine-publishing the publishing process. Surredered 2-14-2002 2-26-24-2002 2-27-20-2004 11-24-2007 The aims to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficine publishing to screen the proposed dealing is to screen the process of pooling process of the proposed dealing is to to every a succine combinant country and publishing to every a succine devel							
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Billing 30 Billot cultilated Adug screen for anti-viral compounds immunodeficiatory viral (type 1) budging process. Surrendered 19-Jul-2002 11-Jul-2002 11-Jul-2002 21-Jul-2002 21-Jul-200				The aim is to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human			
DNIR-032 The University of Sydney Porcine growth hormone production from recombinant Ecol growth hormone in 50 litter fementations. The purpose dealings is to produce recombinant myona wituses that could be used in the development of immunocratizate plan and varied the used in the development of immunocratizate plan and varied the used in the development of immunocratizate plan and varied the standard be used in the development of immunocratizate plan and varied the standard be used in the development of immunocratizate plan and varied and the proposed dealings is to investigate the effect of the proposed dealings is to produce recombinant or immunocratizate plan and varied evelopment of immunocratizate plan and varied evelopment of immunocratizate plan and		Biotron Limited	A drug screen for anti-viral compounds	The aim is to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human immunodeficiency virus (type 1) budding process.	Surrendered		
In vivo analysis of modified myxoma virus for immonocontraception and vaccine development of immonocontraception and vaccine development of immonocontraception and vaccine development of the aim of the proposed dealings is to investigate the effect of the proposed dealings is to investigate the effect of the proposed dealings is to investigate the effect of the proposed dealings is to investigate the effect of the proposed dealings is to investigate the effect of the proposed dealings is to mestage the effect of the proposed dealings is to mestage the effect of the proposed dealings is to produce recombinant where the proposed dealings is to produce recombinant where the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop and which is the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of the proposed dealings is to develop an administration of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MIV replication in mammalian cell culture system to study Hepatitis C virus (HCV) using chimerics of HCV and G8 virus. DNIR-038 and Public Health Nacfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-038 and Public Health Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-039 and Public Health Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-039 and Public Health Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-039 and Public Health Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-039 and Public Health Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-039 and Pub	DNIR-031	The University of Sydney	Porcine growth hormone production from recombinant E.coli	growth hormone in 50 litre fermentations.	Withdrawn		
Mechanisms by which CD44 variant exon 6 promotes disease progression in acute leukemia progression in acute leukemia culture and in mice. DNIR-032 Western Sydney Local Health District progression in acute leukemia progression in acute leukemia culture and in mice. DNIR-034 Australian National University Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-035 and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) asing a novel RNA-based replicon system. DNIR-035 and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) and and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) and and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) and and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) and and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) and and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) and and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) and and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) and partial culture system to study Hepatitis C virus using recombinant baculoviruses. DNIR-035 The University of Adelaide Research Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-038 and Public Health Molecular interactions between HIV-1 and host gene products of Cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. DNIR-036 Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-039 and Public Health Molecular interactions between HIV-1 and host gene products of Cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cells culture. DNIR-037 The University of Adelaide Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-038 and Public Health Molecular interactions between HIV-1 and host gene products on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cells culture. DNIR-038 The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of Cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. DNIR-039 The aim of the proposed dealings is to t	DNIR-032	CSIRO		myxoma viruses that could be used in the development of	Surrendered	24-]1:1-2002	2 26-Aug-2005
Unitr-031 Western Sydney Local Health District Politic Poli	511111-052			The aim of the proposed dealings is to investigate the effect of the	Sarrendered	24-7Ut°2UU2	
Australian National University vaccine development immunocontraceptives and/or vaccines. Surrendered 24-Jul-2002 27-Feb-2014 The purpose of the proposed dealings is to develop a vaccine for hepatitis C virus (HCV) hepatitis C virus (HCV) wising a novel RNV-based replicion system. Surrendered 23-Aug-2002 17-Oct-2007 Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health Acel Culture system for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) wising a novel RNV-based replicion system. Surrendered 23-Aug-2002 17-Oct-2007 The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop a mammalian cell culture system for Hepatitis C virus wising recombinant baculoviruses. Surrendered 23-Aug-2002 17-Oct-2007 The aim of this study is to develop a mammalian cell culture system to study Hepatitis C virus using recombinant baculoviruses. Surrendered 23-Aug-2002 17-Oct-2007 The aim of this study is to develop a mammalian cell culture system to study Hepatitis C virus (HCV) using chimerics of HCV and GB virus. Licence issued 23-Aug-2002 31-Mar-2027 The aim of the proposed dealings is to set the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Licence issued 23-Aug-2002 31-Mar-2027 The aim of the proposed dealings is to set the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Division of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Division of the proposed dealings is to set with effects of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Division of the proposed dealings is to set the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Division of the proposed dealings is to set with effects of warping bacteriophages from one species of Vibrio to another will be examined. The aim of the proposed dealings is to study the effects on immune cell func	DNIR-033	Western Sydney Local Health District	progression in acute leukemia	culture and in mice. The purpose of the proposed dealings is to produce recombinant	Expired	12-Jul-2002	30-Jun-2006
DNIR-035 and Public Health Areplicon-based vaccine for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) hepatitis C virus (HCV) using a novel RNA-based replicon system. Surrendered 23-Aug-2002 17-Oct-2007 Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health Acell culture system for Hepatitis C virus system to study Hepatitis C virus using recombinant baculoviruses. Surrendered 23-Aug-2002 17-Oct-2007 The aim of this study is to develop a mammalian cell culture system to study Hepatitis C virus using recombinant baculoviruses. Surrendered 23-Aug-2002 17-Oct-2007 The aim of this study is to develop a mammalian cell culture system to study Hepatitis C virus (HCV) using chimerics of HCV and GB viruses. Licence issued 23-Aug-2002 31-Mar-2027 The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Licence issued 2-Sep-2002 2-Dec-2028 Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health Impact of host gene products on HIV-1 replication in or cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Licence issued 2-Sep-2002 2-Dec-2028 The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Licence issued 2-Sep-2002 2-Dec-2028 The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. DNIR-038 DNIR-041 Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Effect of host gene products that interact with HIV-1 reverse than 10 the proposed dealing is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. DNIR-038 The aim of the proposed dealing is to test the impact of the expression of the protein CD46 and its Dig family in human and mouse cells. Expired 2-Sep-2002 30-Mar-2008 Expired 2-Sep-2002 30-Mar-2008 The effect of swapping bacteriophages from one species of Vibrio to another w	DNIR-034			immunocontraceptives and/or vaccines.	Surrendered	24-Jul-2002	27-Feb-2014
DNIR-036 and Public Health A cell culture system for Hepatitis C virus system to study Hepatitis C virus using recombinant baculoviruses. Surrendered 23-Aug-2002 17-Oct-2007 The alm of this study is to develop a mammalian cell culture system to study Hepatitis C virus (HCV) using chimerics of HCV and GB viruses. The alm of this study is to develop a mammalian cell culture system to study Hepatitis C virus (HCV) using chimerics of HCV and GB viruses. Licence issued 23-Aug-2002 31-Mar-2027 The alm of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Culture. Culture. DNIR-038 Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research And Public Health Impact of host gene products on HIV-1 replication in mammalian cell culture. Culture. Culture. Culture. The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Culture. Culture. DNIR-039 Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research And Public Health mammalian cells Fife of host gene products that interact with HIV-1 reviews of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture. Culture. Culture. Culture. Culture. Culture. Culture. Culture. Culture. DNIR-039 Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research And Public Health The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture.	DNIR-035		A replicon-based vaccine for Hepatitis C virus (HCV)		Surrendered	23-Aug-2002	17-Oct-2007
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Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research DNIR-039 and Public Health mammalian cells The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell DNIR-039 barret Institute for Medical Research Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research Transcriptase on MoMLV replication Transcriptase on MoMLV replication in mammalian cell Uniter. The aim of the proposed dealing is to study the effects on immune cell Transcriptase on MoMLV replication The aim of the proposed dealing is to study the effects on immune cell Transcriptase on MoMLV replication of the protein CD46 and its Dig family in human and mouse Characterisation of the signalling and cell biology of CD46 and Transcriptase on MoMLV replication in mammalian cell Transcriptase on MoMLV replication in mammalian cell Integrated into DNIR-038 The aim of the protein CD46 and its Dig family in human and mouse Cells. Expired 2-Sep-2002 30-Mar-2006 The effect of swapping bacteriophages from one species of Vibrio to another will be examined. The aim is to see if the cholera pandemic of mimicus and Vibrio cholerase, Vibrio The aim of this dealing is to test the effect or an outbreak of Vibrio harveyi in prawns. Withdrawn	DNIR-038		Molecular interactions between HIV-1 and host gene products	culture.	Licence issued	2-Sep-2002	22-Dec-2028
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DNIR-042 James Cook University mimicus and Vibrio harveyi 1989 could be related to an outbreak of Vibrio harveyi in prawns. Withdrawn The aim of this dealing is to test the efficacy and specificity of a	DNIR-041	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre		cells.	Expired	2-Sep-2002	30-Mar-2006
	DNIR-042	James Cook University		1989 could be related to an outbreak of Vibrio harveyi in prawns.	Withdrawn		
specificity of a recombinant murine cytomegalowins (MCMV) reproductive protein as an immunocontraceptive in house mice and a			In vivo testing of immuno-contraceptive effects and species specificity of a recombinant murine cytomegalovirus (MCMV)	recombinant murine cytomegalovirus (MCMV) containing a mouse			
DNIR-043 CSIRO expressing mouse ZP3 number of native and exotic rodent species. Surrendered 7-Aug-2002 26-Aug-2005	DNIR-043	CSIRO			Surrendered	7-Aug-2002	26-Aug-2005

			This dealing aims investigate the role of Sgk (serum and glucocorticoid induced kinase) in heart disease using replication deficient			
DNIR-044	Baker Medical Research Institute	A viral mediated approach to examine Sgk in cellular function Production of recombinant PST and amino acid analogues of	adenoviruses in cell culture.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-045	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	that hormone	The proposed dealings are to produce the protein pig somatotropin. The proposed dealings are to produce the therapeutic protein human	Surrendered	17-Sep-2002	13-Feb-2004
DNIR-046	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	Production of recombinant MET - human growth hormone Production of recombinant human granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) and amino-acid analogues	growth hormone. The proposed dealings are to produce the therapeutic protein human	Surrendered	17-Sep-2002	13-Feb-2004
DNIR-047	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	of this cytokine	granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF) or analogue. The proposed dealings are to produce the protein human interleukin 5	Surrendered	17-Sep-2002	13-Feb-2004
DNIR-048	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	acid analogues of this cytokine A preclinical model of pancreatic islet xenotransplatnation as	(IL 5). This dealing aims to produce pig and mouse pancreatic islet cells that	Surrendered	17-Sep-2002	13-Feb-2004
DNIR-049	Western Sydney Local Health District	treatment for Type 1 Diabetes	can avoid the human immune system.	Expired	26-Sep-2002	30-Sep-2007
DNIR-050	Western Sydney Local Health District	HIV immunopathogenesis and immune cell function	The aim of the proposed dealings is to study one possible mechanism whereby HIV depletes the immune cells in people. The aim is to study the function of lymphocytes (white blood cells) and	Expired	26-Sep-2002	30-Nov-2007
DNIR-051	Western Sydney Local Health District	Growth of tissue culture cells genetically modified to express cytokine receptor subunit	the effect of cytokine receptors on the development or treatment of severe combined immunodeficiency.	Expired	26-Sep-2002	30-Nov-2007
DNIR-052	Westmead Institute for Medical Research	Molecular pathogenesis of Bartonella henselae	The aim of the proposed dealings is to study Bartonella henselae, a bacterium which causes cat scratch disease.	Licence issued	26-Sep-2002	30-Sep-2027
DNIR-053	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited	Commercial production of LongR3IGF-1 and IGF-1	The proposed dealings are to produce both native and variant forms of the protein IGF-1.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-054	Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	Cell complemented viruses as non-infectious diagnostic reagents and candidate vaccines. Australian Bat Lyssavirus	The dealings propose to produce diagnostic reagents and potential vaccines for the viral disease Australian Bat lyssavirus.	Surrendered	20-Sep-2002	6-May-2010
DIVIN-034		Cell complemented Hendra virus as a non-infectious diagnostic		Surrendered	20-36p-2002	0-1-lay-2010
DNIR-055	Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	reagent and as a model for studying genetic and phenotypic changes affecting pathogenicity and host range	The dealings propose to produce diagnostic reagents and potential vaccines for the disease caused by Hendra virus.	Surrendered	20-Sep-2002	12-Nov-2007
DNIR-056	Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	Cell complemented viruses as non-infectious diagnostic reagents and candidate vaccines. Ross River Virus	The dealings propose to produce diagnostic reagents and potential vaccines for the disease caused by Ross River virus.	Expired	20-Sep-2002	28-Feb-2014
DNIR-057	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Transfection of Plasmodium falciparum	These dealings aim to study the parasite which causes malaria, Plasmodium falciparum.	Surrendered	9-Sep-2002	7-Nov-2008
DNIR-058	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Expression of genes in Leishmania	The aim of the proposed dealing is to study the parasite Leishmania and immune responses to the parasite in mice.	Expired	13-Sep-2002	30-Sep-2010
DAUD 050	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Transduction of cells and tissue by adenoviral vectors for	The proposed dealing aims to develop tissues which may be able to be transplanted in people from pigs, mice and human cell lines and test	Withdrawn		
DNIR-059	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	transplantation Transduction of cells and tissue by lentivirus vectors for	these tissues in mice. The proposed dealing aims to develop tissues which may be able to be transplanted in people from pigs, mice and human cell lines and test	witiidrawii		
DNIR-060	Research The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	transplantation	these tissues in mice. This project aims to develop a recombinant adenovirus vector system to	Withdrawn		
DNIR-061	Research	Generation and use of recombinant Adenovirus	deliver mouse genes into mouse tissue cultures and organs.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-062	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Adenovirus mediated gene transfer in murine models of rheumatoid arthritis	This project aims to use a mouse model of rheumatoid arthritis to test the effect of proteins thought to regulate inflammation of synovial tissue.	Withdrawn		
	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	Retroviral mediated gene transfer into murine haemopoietic	The researchers propose to transfer and study genes thought to be involved in cell growth, proliferation, apoptosis (programmed cell death)			
DNIR-063	Research	cells	and differentiation in cell cultures. The aim is to determine a signal transduction pathway and see how this	Surrendered	26-Sep-2002	28-Sep-2007
DNIR-064	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Negative regulation of haematopoesis by P-selectin	results in suppression of blood cell production. This project aims to assess the anti-tumour potential of a melanocyte	Expired	26-Sep-2002	30-Apr-2004
DNIR-065	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Immunotherapy of cancer using recombinant viruses	protein vaccine. Adenovirus from pigs will be genetically modified for use as vaccines	Surrendered	26-Sep-2002	24-Aug-2007
DNIR-066	CSIRO	Porcine adenovirus viral vectors	and therapeutics for a range of animal diseases.	Licence issued	26-Sep-2002	31-Aug-2027
DNIR-067	CSIRO	Development of Vaccines to protect against members of the pasturellaceae	This project aims to develop vaccines against Pasteurellaceae associated diseases in production animal species. The proponents intend to construct and test different genetically	Surrendered	26-Sep-2002	27-Sep-2013
DNIR-068	CSIRO	Fowl adenovirus recombinants	modified fowl adenoviruses as potential vaccines against diseases in chickens and dogs.	Expired	26-Sep-2002	31-Jan-2024
DNIR-069	CSIRO	Identification of virulence factors for infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV)	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes			
DNIR-069 DNIR-070	CSIRO CSL Limited	Identification of virulence factors for infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli		Expired Expired	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005
DNIR-070	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-ulcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to test the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in	Expired Expired	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005
DNIR-070	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli JE CHIMERIVAX	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-ulcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to test the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims	Expired Expired	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2010
DNIR-070	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute CSIRO	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-ulcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to test the safety and efficacy of a yellow fewer vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers.	Expired Expired	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005
DNIR-070	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli JE CHIMERIVAX Construction of recombinant ranaviruses	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-ulcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to test the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses.	Expired Expired	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2010
DNIR-070 DNIR-071 DNIR-072	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute CSIRO	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli JE CHIMERIVAX Construction of recombinant ranaviruses Viral mediated approaches to examine the effects of	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-ulcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to test the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses. The aim is to express four enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart cells. The aim is to study mechanisms which may be involved in sudden cardiac deaths.	Expired Expired Expired Surrendered	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2010
DNIR-070 DNIR-071 DNIR-072 DNIR-073 DNIR-074	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute CSIRO Baker Medical Research Institute Baker Medical Research Institute	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli JE CHIMERIVAX Construction of recombinant ranaviruses Viral mediated approaches to examine the effects of debydrogenase on cardiac function Signalling pathways in myocardial preparations A viral mediated approach to examine SMAD in cellular	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-ulcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to test the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses. The aim is to express four enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart cells. The aim is to study mechanisms which may be involved in sudden cardiac deaths. The researchers will study the role of specific proteins stimulated by Smad dependent mechanisms, by modulating Smad genes in wound	Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2010
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DNIR-070 DNIR-071 DNIR-072 DNIR-073 DNIR-074	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute CSIRO Baker Medical Research Institute Baker Medical Research Institute	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli JE CHIMERIVAX Construction of recombinant ranaviruses Viral mediated approaches to examine the effects of debydrogenase on cardiac function Signalling pathways in myocardial preparations A viral mediated approach to examine SMAD in cellular	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-utcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to set the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses. The aim is to express four enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart cells. The aim is to study mechanisms which may be involved in sudden cardiac deaths. The researchers will study the role of specific proteins stimulated by Smad dependent mechanisms, by modulating Smad genes in wound healing, inflammation and cell development.	Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2010
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DNIR-070 DNIR-071 DNIR-072 DNIR-073 DNIR-074 DNIR-075 DNIR-076 DNIR-077	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute CSIRO Baker Medical Research Institute Baker Medical Research Institute Baker Medical Research Institute Murdoch University Department of Regional NSW Department of Regional NSW Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli JE CHIMERIVAX Construction of recombinant ranaviruses Viral mediated approaches to examine the effects of dehydrogenase on cardiac function Signalling pathways in myocardial preparations A viral mediated approach to examine SMAD in cellular functions Generation of infectious cucumber mosaic virus clones Bioassay evaluation of bacteria expressing insecticidal genes Toxicity of modified rice callus to Chironomus larvae	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-utcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to stest the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses. The aim is to express four enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart celts. The aim is to express four enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart celts. The aim is to study mechanisms which may be involved in sudden cardiac dealts. The researchers will study the role of specific proteins stimulated by Smad dependent mechanisms, by modulating Smad genes in wound healting, inflammation and cell development. Cucumber mosaic virus is a disease of lupins and many other plants. The researchers intend to study the interactions between the virus and lupins. The aim is to identify proteins toxic to the rice bloodworm Chironomus tepperi from bacteria. The aim is to develop and test vaccines to protect against the human	Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-077	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 25-Oct-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2010 28-Sep-2007 30-Apr-2014 13-Jun-2007
DNIR-070 DNIR-071 DNIR-072 DNIR-073 DNIR-074 DNIR-075 DNIR-076 DNIR-077	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute CSIRO Baker Medical Research Institute Baker Medical Research Institute Murdoch University Department of Regional NSW Department of Regional NSW	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli JE CHIMERIVAX Construction of recombinant ranaviruses Viral mediated approaches to examine the effects of dehydrogenase on cardiac function Signalling pathways in myocardial preparations A viral mediated approach to examine SMAD in cellular functions Generation of infectious cucumber mosaic virus clones Bioassay evaluation of bacteria expressing insecticidal genes Toxicity of modified rice callus to Chironomus larvae Development of new vaccines against tuberculosis	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-utcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to set the safety and efficacy of a yellow fewer vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses. The aim is to express four enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart cells. The aim is to surpers four enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart cells. The researchers will study the role of specific proteins stimulated by Smad dependent mechanisms, by modulating Smad genes in would healing, inflammation and cell development. Cucumber mosaic virus is a disease of lupins and many other plants. The researchers intend to study the interactions between the virus and lupins. The is to identify proteins toxic to the rice bloodworm Chironomus tepper from bacteria. The aim is to identify proteins toxic to the rice bloodworm Chironomus tepper in itssue cultures of rice. The aim is to develop and test vaccines to protect against the human bacterial disease tuberculosis. The researchers propose to genetically modify hepatitis delta virus	Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Surrendered Integrated into	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 25-Oct-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2010 28-Sep-2007
DNIR-070 DNIR-071 DNIR-072 DNIR-073 DNIR-074 DNIR-075 DNIR-076 DNIR-077	CSL Limited Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute CSIRO Baker Medical Research Institute Baker Medical Research Institute Baker Medical Research Institute Murdoch University Department of Regional NSW Department of Regional NSW Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell	virus (IBDV) Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli JE CHIMERIVAX Construction of recombinant ranaviruses Viral mediated approaches to examine the effects of dehydrogenase on cardiac function Signalling pathways in myocardial preparations A viral mediated approach to examine SMAD in cellular functions Generation of infectious cucumber mosaic virus clones Bioassay evaluation of bacteria expressing insecticidal genes Toxicity of modified rice callus to Chironomus larvae	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens. The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the "stomach-ulcer" bacterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to test the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses. Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses. The aim is to serpers sour enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart cells. The researchers will study the role of specific proteins stimulated by Smad dependent mechanisms, by modulating Smad genes in wound healing, inflammation and cell development. Cucumber mosaic virus is a disease of lupins and many other plants. The researchers intend to study the interactions between the virus and lupins. The aim is to identify proteins toxic to the rice bloodworm Chironomus tepperi from bacteria. The aim is to mester and test profesins toxic to the rice bloodworm Chironomus tepperi in tissue cultures of rice. The aim is to mest and test profesins toxic to the rice bloodworm Chironomus tepperi in tissue cultures of rice.	Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-077	26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002 25-Oct-2002	31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2005 31-Dec-2010 28-Sep-2007 30-Apr-2014 13-Jun-2007
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This dealing aims investigate the role of Sgk (serum and glucocorticoid

DNIR-091	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Recombinant vaccinia virus encoding CMV or HCV genes	The aim is to examine the host response to cytomegalovirus and hepatitis C virus proteins to test for protective immune responses. The aim is to introduce genes of interest into primary human and rodent	Licence issued	25-Nov-2002	30-Jun-2026
DNIR-092	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Molecular Models of Bone and Tissue Remodeling	cell lines of bone origin to study the effects of their forced expression on the formation of bone and other connective tissue.	Surrendered	21-Nov-2002	30-Oct-2008
		Novel Retroviral Expression Cloning Stratigies to Isolate Genes	The aim is to isolate novel cDNAs which encode for proteins which regulate haemopoietic and stromal cell differentiation. This will be			
DNIR-093	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	with Roles in Haemopoiesis and Stromal Biology	achieved using retroviral expression cloning techniques. The aim of this dealing is to determine the safety and immunogenicity of	Surrendered	25-Nov-2002	30-Jun-2008
DNIR-094	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited	Clinical Protocol HVDDT - NO1-Al-05395 - Fowlpox vaccine	an HIV vaccine regimen. The aim of this dealing is to determine the safety and immunogenicity of	Expired	27-Nov-2002	30-Apr-2006
DNIR-095	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited	Clinical Protocol HVDDT - NO1-Al-05395 - DNA vaccine	an HIV vaccine regimen. The aim of this dealing is to clone and sequence the biosynthetic	Expired	18-Nov-2002	30-Apr-2006
DNIR-096	The University of Sydney	Investigation into the genes responsible for ochratoxin A production in Aspergillus carbonarius and Aspergillus niger	pathway genes involved in ochratoxin A synthesis in Aspergillus carbonarius.	Surrendered	29-Nov-2002	25-May-2009
		Molecular biology of Phytophthora pathogenicity	The aim of this dealing is to identify Phytophthora genes that are involved in the infection of host plants.	Expired		30-Apr-2013
DNIR-097	Australian National University		The aim of this dealing is to make recombinant vaccinia viruses that contain HCV genes and to use these viruses to observe the	Expired	29-Nov-2002	30-Арт-2013
DAUD OOO	Powd Powd March 1	Construction of vaccinia virus recombinants carrying HCV antigens and their use in detecting cytokine reponses in human	immunological responses of peripheral blood mononuclear cells	Fortuna	07.110000	04.10007
DNIR-098	Royal Perth Hospital	peripheral blood leucocytes	(PBMCs) in vitro to endogenously synthesised HCV proteins. The aim of this dealing is to make recombinant attenuated hepatitis C	Expired	27-Nov-2002	31-Jan-2007
DNIR-099	Royal Perth Hospital	Development and characterisation of viral hybrids containing various segments of flaviviridae genomes	viruses and to use these viruses to elucidate the replicative mechanisms of hepatitis C virus. $ \\$	Expired	29-Nov-2002	31-Jan-2005
DNIR-100	South Eastern Sydney Local Health District	Human and Ovine Adenovirus Vectors for Cancer gene therapy	The aim of this dealing is to examine the efficacy of a treatment for prostate cancer that uses adenoviral vectors, in the mouse model.	Surrendered	4-Mar-2003	20-Aug-2012
		The identification & investigation of virulence factors in	The aim of this dealing is to create a mutant strain of Legionella longbeachae (LL) lacking the pilD virulence gene and to study the role of			
DNIR-101	Western Sydney Local Health District	legionella longbeachae	this gene in the virulence of LL. The aim of this dealing is to first isolate the phospholipase gene from a	Surrendered	3-Jan-2003	31-Jul-2008
		Genetics and biochemical characterisation of cryptococcal	particular cryptococcal strain and then study the role of this gene in the virulence of Cryptococcus neoformans by creating a mutant C.			
DNIR-102	Western Sydney Local Health District	phospholipases in relation to fungal virulence	neoformans lacking the gene. The aim of this dealing is to produce recombinant herpesvirus vaccines	Surrendered	9-Jan-2003	31-Jul-2008
DNIR-103	Department of Primary Industries	Cloning the Complete Genomes of Alphaherpiesviruses	through the utilisation of infectious clone technology. The aim of this dealing is to study the antigenicity (ability of a substance	Surrendered	15-Jan-2003	22-Jun-2007
		The Antigenicity and Replication of Hepatitis B Virus Vaccine and Lamivudine Resistant Mutants and Humoral Plus Cellular	to cause an immune response) and replication of hepatitis B virus mutants and to analyse the humoral (antibody) and cellular (T-cell)			
DNIR-104	The University of Melbourne	Immune Responses to Hepatic C Virus	immune responses to hepatitis C virus. The aim of this dealing is to infect liver cells using baculovirus containing	Expired	16-Jan-2003	30-Apr-2020
DNIR-105	Melbourne Health	Studies of Replication of Hepatitis C Virus and Hepatitis C Virus in Mammalian Cells	hepatitis B and C viral DNA and to study the replication of hepatitis B and C virus in these cells.	Surrendered	16-Jan-2003	27-Sep-2013
DININ-103	Tidodine ricatar	III IIIIII Gala	The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C.		10-7811-2003	27-3cp-2013
DNIR-106	Monash University	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia	perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile.	Licence issued	22-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028
			The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral	Fortuna		
DNIR-107	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis	genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate	Expired	24-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2013
DNIR-108	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease	pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical	Expired	24-Jan-2003	31-Mar-2025
DNIR-109	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Signal transduction pathways in human cancers	changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease.	Surrendered	29-Jan-2003	26-Oct-2007
			The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo,			
DNIR-110	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo	that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors.	Expired	17-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2018
			The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell lines (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary			
DNIR-111	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance	mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule.	Surrendered	29-Jan-2003	26-Oct-2007
DNIR-112	Deakin University	Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus	The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity.	Expired	28-Jan-2003	31-Dec-2007
			Infection of cultured cells by calicivirus particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective			
DNIR-113	Monash University	Infectious RNA of human caliciviruses	virus particle attachment and entry. The aim of this dealing is to bypass this block by using viral nucleic acid.	Surrendered	29-Jan-2003	12-Jul-2007
	•		The aim of this dealing is to model human Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenic BCR/ABL DNA sequence			
DNIR-114	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Generation of murine haemopoietic cells expressing human BCR/ABL	to primary murine haemopoietic cells. Small molecule therapies for CML will also be examined.	Withdrawn		
			The researchers propose to use short sequences of dsRNA produced by stable expression vectors to silence the expression of genes in either			
	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	Transfection and Gene Knockout/down of Plasmodium and	mammalian cell lines or malaria. They also propose to study the pathogenesis of P. berghei malaria in various murine gene knockout			
DNIR-115	Research	Mammalian Cell Lines Functional Analysis of Malaria Parasite Proteins using	models. The aim of this dealing is to study the role of particular malaria proteins	Surrendered	14-Feb-2003	15-Jan-2008
DNIR-116	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Transfection of Plasmodium Species of Human and Rodent Origin	in various aspects of the parasite's lifecycle by transfecting the parasite with Plasmodium genes.	Expired	7-Feb-2003	28-Feb-2015
DININ-110	nesearch		The aim of this dealing is to create a recombinant baculovirus that	Ехриса	7-Feb-2003	28-F60-2015
DNIR-117	Avexa Limited	Creation of a Recombinant Baculovirus Harbouring a Greater than Genome Length of the HIV Genome Capable of Transducing Hepatoma Cell Lines	harbours a greater than full length copy of the HBV genome and to use this virus to transfect cell lines. The transfected cells will be used to screen for antiviral compounds.	Surrendered	7-Feb-2003	21-Nov-2007
DIMM*11/	A CARL CHINGO	поражния оси шнез	The aim of this dealing is to construct and grow molecular clones of HIV in E. coli and to produce and grow HIV and recombinant HIV in	ounchuereu	7-1 ED-2003	21-1404-2007
DNIP 440	Aveva Limited	Construction of Pacambinant UN Clanes and Marine	mammalian cell lines. The viruses produced will be used in assays for	Surrendor	10 E-6 0000	20 4 2244
DNIR-118	Avexa Limited	Construction of Recombinant HIV Clones and Viruses	the development of antiviral compounds. The aim of this dealing is to express human papillomavirus protein	Surrendered	12-Feb-2003	29-Aug-2011
DNIR-119	CSL Limited	Expression of Human papilloma virus antigens	antigens in E. coli and to purify these proteins in order to formulate a vaccine. The aim of this dealing is to suppose the expression of SMCS in human.	Surrendered	12-Feb-2003	29-Aug-2011
DNIP 405	Poter MacCallum Conservation	Role of SMC6 in cell growth, DNA damage repair, cell cycle	The aim of this dealing is to suppress the expression of SMC6 in human and mouse cells by transforming the cells with retroviruses capable of producing complications (SMAC (SIRMA)).	Miles de cons		
DNIR-120	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	control and chromosome stability	producing small interfering RNAs (SIRNAs). The researchers intend to introduce various genes into rice callus	Withdrawn		
DAME :-	T	0	tissues. They aim to improve gene transfer efficiency and understand the effects of targeted modification of the rice glutelin gene on its expression			
DNIR-121	The University of Adelaide	Cereal Transformation	and stability in transgenic plants. The aim of this dealing is to produce antibody fragments using GMOs	Withdrawn		
DNIR-122	CSL Limited	Pilot scale fermentation and processing of antibody fragments expressed in GMOs	and to evaluate them for the treatment of a variety of animal and human disease conditions.	Surrendered	28-Feb-2003	26-Feb-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to produce a DNA copy of HCV that contains only the regions of the virus necessary for the virus to replicate. The			
DNIR-123	Melbourne Health	Studies on the replication of hepatitis C virus (HCV)	researchers intend to study HCV replication and design and test antiviral compounds that stop this process.	Surrendered	10-Feb-2003	22-Jun-2007
			The aim of this dealing is to study the replication of HBV, DHBV and WHV and to investigate the growth of these viruses in the presence of antiviral			
DNIR-124	Melbourne Health	Replication of hepatitis B virus, duck hepatitis B virus and woodchuck hepatitis virus and the testing of antiviral agents	agents. Variants of HBV associated with resistance to antiviral agents will also be studied.	Surrendered	21-Feb-2003	27-Sep-2013
		Studies of the replication of hepatitis B virus using recombinant HBV/adenovirus as a delivery system for mammalian cells and	The aim of this dealing is to study the replication of HBV by infecting liver cells with HBV using a modified adenovirus containing HBV DNA. HCV		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
DNIR-125	Melbourne Health	studies of HBV and HCV co-infection using HBV/adenovirus and HCV clones		Surrendered	28-Feb-2003	27-Sep-2013
		Molecular Regulation of Cell Lifespan and Malignant	The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular regulation of cell lifespan and malignant transformation by genetically modifying			
DNIR-126	University of New South Wales	Transformation	mammalian cells with genes of interest. The aim of this dealing is to develop a gene transfer vector for the	Surrendered	14-Feb-2003	21-Dec-2007
DNIR-127	The University of Queensland	Development of a gene transfer vector for banana	banana plant and other plant species.	Expired	19-Feb-2003	28-Feb-2018

The aim of this dealing is to transfer genes a	ssociated with
haemopoietic regulation into cells using a r	eplication defective

		Consessing Hamman Satis Regulators in Calle uning Assachators in	haemopoietic regulation into cells using a replication defective			
DNIR-128	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Expressing Hemopoietic Regulators in Cells using Amphotropic Retroviruses.	retrovirus, and to study the effects of this altered gene expression on haematopoiesis.	Surrendered	6-Mar-2003	21-Sep-2007
DNIR-129	Queensland University of Technology	Cloning of Genes from Potentially Toxigenic Risk Group Two Bacteria	The aim of this dealing is to analyse genes from a variety of risk group 2 bacteria for commonalities.	Surrendered	7-Mar-2003	7-Jan-2008
		Use of retroviral and lentiviral gene delivery systems for the	The aim of this dealing is to use retroviruses and lentiviruses to express various HCV proteins. These viruses will be used to study the replication			
DNIR-130	Royal Perth Hospital	expression of HCV proteins in cell culture	of HCV in cell culture. The aim of this project is to test agents known to block the action of GM-	Surrendered	7-Mar-2003	26-Feb-2008
DNIR-131	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Expression of the GM-CFS Receptor Alpha and Beta Chains from a Single Retroviral Construct	CSF on mice containing bone marrow cells that express the human GM-CSF receptor.	Withdrawn		
			The aim of this dealing is to develop a genetically modified non-toxic			
DNIR-132	University of Southern Queensland	Whooping Cough Vaccine VI	whooping cough vaccine. The aim of this dealing is to study the role of various genes and gene	Surrendered	13-Mar-2003	31-Mar-2008
DNIR-133	University of Southern Queensland	Pasturella Multocida Type A Genes and Gene Products - 1	products in the pathogenesis of P. multocida. The aim of this dealing is to characterise the immunoregulating factors	Surrendered	13-Mar-2003	31-Mar-2008
DNIR-134	University of Southern Queensland	Mechanisms of Immunity in Salmonellosis	produced by mice vaccinated with two attenuated strains of Salmonella typhimurium.	Integrated into DNIR-132		
			The aim of this dealing is to generate adenoviruses that will only replicate in the presence of specific tumour cell proteins. The			
DNIR-135	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Conditionally Replicative Adenoviruses for Neoplastic Disease Production of Pesticide Degrading Enzymes Using Recombinant	adenoviruses will be tested for their impact on cell function.	Expired	29-Apr-2003	30-Apr-2013
DNIR-136	Orica Australia Pty Ltd	E.coli	degrading enzymes using recombinant E. coli.	Expired	6-Mar-2003	31-Jan-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to produce large amounts of plasmid that will be purified and formulated into a drug product (EPO) for clinical			
DNIR-137	Progen Industries Limited	Geneswitch	investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to produce a sufficient quantity of specific	Expired	24-Mar-2003	31-Mar-2008
DNIR-138	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	Large Scale Production of Recombinant Peptides or Proteins	recombinant peptides or proteins to supply product for clinical trials and/or commercialisation.	Surrendered	26-Mar-2003	25-Mar-2008
DNIR-139	CSIRO	Recombinant Canine Herpiesvirus as Vaccine Vector	The aim of this dealing is to construct a recombinant canine herpesvirus to be used as a vaccine vector.	Surrendered	31-Mar-2003	26-Aug-2005
		Characterisation of DNA Region Associated With the Virulence	The aim of this dealing is to identify genes which control virulence of D. nodosus, and to use this information to assist in the diagnosis,			
DNIR-140	The University of New England	of D. nodosus	treatment or prevention of footrot. The viruses under investigation pose a significant risk to tomato, cotton	Expired	2-Apr-2003	15-May-2014
			and viticulture industries. The aim of this dealing is to characterise the roles of viral genes in viral replication and to assess the use of virus			
DNIR-141	CSIRO	Molecular Virology	derived gene constructs for preventing disease.	Withdrawn		
			The aim of this dealing is to produce enough material from cell culture to support later Phase Trials and to develop large-scale manufacturing			
DNIR-142	Agen Biomedical	Thromboview Cell Culture	procedures. The aim of this dealing is to study the role of sialomucin cell surface	Surrendered	4-Apr-2003	21-Dec-2007
DNIR-143	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	The Role of Sialomucins in the Regulation of Haemopoiesis	adhesion molecules in the regulation of haemopoiesis, by expressing them in a range of mouse and human cell types.	Surrendered	4-Apr-2003	12-Jun-2007
		The Role of Hyaluronic Acid in Normal and Aberrant Stem Cell	The aim of this dealing is to analyse the role of hyaluronic acid in leukaemiagenesis by over expressing or inhibiting hyaluronic acid			
DNIR-144	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Biology	synthase genes in primary human leukaemic cells. The aim of this dealing is to produce recombinant myxoma and vaccinia	Surrendered	4-Apr-2003	29-Jun-2007
DNIR-145	CSIRO	Expression and Vaccine systems Using Viruses Expressing Zona Pellucida Genes		Surrendered	8-Apr-2003	26-Aug-2005
DIIII 140		Adenovirus Mediated Transient Expression of Cre Recombinase	The aim of this dealing is to transiently express Cre recombinase in rat and mouse stem cells and to use these cells to produce transgenic and		5 Apr 2000	20 / 10g 2000
DNIR-146	Monash University	in Rodent Cells	knockout rats and mice.	Withdrawn		
			The aim of this dealing is to develop lentivirus-mediated RNAi (RNA interference) technology to inactivate genes in rats and mice at the			
DNIR-147	Monash University	Lentivirus Mediated RNAi Technology	mRNA (messenger RNA) level. The aim of this dealing is to infect mice with a GM virus that will induce	Withdrawn		
DNIR-148	CSIRO	A Viral Vectored Mouse Immuno-Contraceptive	an autoimmune response which targets the developing oocyte within the ovary and renders female mice infertile. $ \\$	Surrendered	10-Apr-2003	26-Aug-2005
			The aim of this dealing is to generate HBV mutant and wild type capsid and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure			
DNIR-149	Avexa Limited	Generation of Wild Type and Mutant Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential	Surrendered	15-Apr-2003	21-Nov-2007
DNIR-149	Avexa Limited The University of Queensland	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses		15-Apr-2003	21-Nov-2007
DNIR-149 DNIR-150	Avexa Limited The University of Queensland	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication.	Surrendered Surrendered	15-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003	21-Nov-2007 18-Oct-2007
		Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells.			
DNIR-150	The University of Queensland	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or at prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats	Surrendered	16-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007
		Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase.	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures.			
DNIR-150 DNIR-151	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human,	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into	16-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-150	The University of Queensland	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vive testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and 86 Mice	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fow/pox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory	Surrendered	16-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-150 DNIR-151	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human,	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into	16-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-150 DNIR-151	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and 86 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into	16-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-150 DNIR-151 DNIR-152	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and 86 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151	16-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant flowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coil	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fow/pox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins of for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPTG4) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interteukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to sentent recombinant protein (MPT64) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichic coll	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxin or for their insectical properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPT64) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and 86 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coil MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (IMPTG4) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichic coll	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fow/pox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prestatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPTG4) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by intecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPT64) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this New Poly Protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 30-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant drowpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxilbs or nor their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPT64) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing has to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 30-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008
DNIR-151 DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156 DNIR-156	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHECC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPTG4) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cannecr cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Expired Surrendered	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 30-Apr-2003 22-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2006 19-Jul-2017
DNIR-151 DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156 DNIR-156 DNIR-157	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland Western Sydney Local Health District Australian National University	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/loxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPT64) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant Cred in order to induce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce especific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce especific genes in human and manual cells in order to induce of electrical conduction between these cells in network.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Surrendered	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003 1-May-2003 1-May-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008 19-Jul-2017 8-Apr-2008 31-May-2013
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156 DNIR-157 DNIR-157	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland Western Sydney Local Health District	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichic coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the YBI gene. The SBI protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network. The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Surrendered Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003 22-Apr-2003 1-May-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2006 19-Jul-2017 8-Apr-2008
DNIR-151 DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156 DNIR-156 DNIR-157	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland Western Sydney Local Health District Australian National University	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPTG4) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication between these cells in network. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication between these cells in network. The aim of this dealing is to study GMV replication between these cells in network. The aim of this dealing is to study GMV replication between these cells in network. The aim of this dealing is to study GMV replication between these cells in network.	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Surrendered Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003 1-May-2003 1-May-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008 19-Jul-2017 8-Apr-2008 31-May-2013
DNIR-151 DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156 DNIR-157 DNIR-157 DNIR-159 DNIR-160 DNIR-160	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland Western Sydney Local Health District Australian National University The University of Queensland Queensland University of Technology	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interteukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and 86 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia virus vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novet Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichic coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production Expression of Adhesins From Bacterial Pathogens in Non-Pathogenic Lactic Acid Bacteria Investigation of Host Range Determinants in Papaya Ringspot	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to cincue various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to is generate recombinant protein (MPTG4) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV NRA. The aim of this dealing is to study GMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV NRA. The aim of this dealing is to study flaviviral host/pathogen interactions in mice and mammalian and mosquito cell tines. HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococ	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003 29-Apr-2003 1-May-2003 1-May-2003 6-May-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2006 19-Jul-2017 8-Apr-2008 31-May-2013 6-Dec-2024 22-Jan-2009
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DNIR-151 DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156 DNIR-157 DNIR-158 DNIR-159 DNIR-160 DNIR-161 DNIR-161 DNIR-162 DNIR-163	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland Western Sydney Local Health District Australian National University The University of Queensland Queensland University of Technology Queensland University of Technology Queensland University of Technology	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant drowpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia virus vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production Expression of Adhesins From Bacterial Pathogens in Non-Pathogenic Lactic Acid Bacteria Investigation of Host Range Determinants in Papaya Ringspot Virus The Development of Glycine Mosaic Comovirus (GMV) as a Vactor for Heterogous Gene Expression in Plants	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prestatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prestatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/roxins of for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network. The aim of this dealing is to study GMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV an	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003 1-May-2003 1-May-2003 7-May-2003 8-May-2003 8-May-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008 31-May-2013 6-Dec-2024 22-Jan-2009 31-Oct-2008 30-Jun-2006
DNIR-151 DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156 DNIR-157 DNIR-158 DNIR-159 DNIR-160 DNIR-161 DNIR-161	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland Western Sydney Local Health District Australian National University The University of Queensland Queensland University of Technology Queensland University of Technology	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interteukin 2, AND induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production Expression of Adhesins From Bacterial Pathogens in Non-Pathogenic Lactic Acid Bacteria Investigation of Host Range Determinants in Papaya Ringspot Virus Hos Polycine Mosaic Comovirus (GMV) as a	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to cione various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPTG4) that will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to study flaviviral host/pathogen interactions in mice and mammalian and mosquito cell tines. HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococci. The aim of this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of HA production. The aim of this dealing is to g	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003 1-May-2003 1-May-2003 7-May-2003 8-May-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2006 19-Jul-2017 8-Apr-2008 31-May-2013 6-Dec-2024 22-Jan-2009
DNIR-151 DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-156 DNIR-157 DNIR-158 DNIR-159 DNIR-160 DNIR-161 DNIR-161 DNIR-162 DNIR-163	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland Western Sydney Local Health District Australian National University The University of Queensland Queensland University of Technology Queensland University of Technology Queensland University of Technology	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant drowpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia virus vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production Expression of Adhesins From Bacterial Pathogens in Non-Pathogenic Lactic Acid Bacteria Investigation of Host Range Determinants in Papaya Ringspot Virus The Development of Glycine Mosaic Comovirus (GMV) as a Vactor for Heterogous Gene Expression in Plants	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prestatia caid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the YB1 gene. The YB1 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the YB1 gene. The YB1 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the YB1 gene. The YB1 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the YB1 gene. The YB1 pro	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003 1-May-2003 1-May-2003 7-May-2003 8-May-2003 8-May-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2008 31-May-2013 6-Dec-2024 22-Jan-2009 31-Oct-2008 30-Jun-2006
DNIR-151 DNIR-152 DNIR-153 DNIR-154 DNIR-155 DNIR-155 DNIR-157 DNIR-157 DNIR-159 DNIR-160 DNIR-161 DNIR-162 DNIR-163 DNIR-164	The University of Queensland Central Adelaide Local Health Network Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science CSIRO Monash University Progen Industries Limited The University of Western Australia The University of Queensland Western Sydney Local Health District Australian National University The University of Queensland Queensland University of Technology Queensland University of Technology Queensland University of Technology Queensland University of Technology CSIRO	Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Celts Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interteukin 2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase. Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli MPT64 Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range Factors Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production Expression of Adhesins From Bacterial Pathogens in Non-Pathogenic Lactic Acid Bacteria Investigation of Host Range Determinants in Papaya Ringspot Virus The Development of Glycine Mosaic Comovirus (GMV) as a Vactor for Heterogous Gene Expression in Plants Small RNA viruses of insects Isolation and Characterisation of Venom Peptide Genes	and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication. The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fow/pox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures. The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase. The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the degradation of pesticide residuces/toxinos for their insecticidal properties. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the YB1 gene. The YB1 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the YB1 gene. The YB1 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study gene mediated cell death in ovarian cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing the YB1 gene. The YB1 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study g	Surrendered Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-151 Expired Expired Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Expired Expired Expired Expired	16-Apr-2003 16-Apr-2003 23-Apr-2003 24-Apr-2003 28-Apr-2003 1-May-2003 1-May-2003 7-May-2003 8-May-2003 8-May-2003 9-May-2003	18-Oct-2007 4-Jul-2016 30-Apr-2013 30-Apr-2008 30-Apr-2006 19-Jul-2017 8-Apr-2008 31-May-2013 6-Dec-2024 22-Jan-2009 31-Oct-2008 30-Jun-2006 31-May-2013

			The applicant intends to import grain from the USA for processing as			
DNIR-168	Hunter Grain Pty Ltd	Yellow Corn Import	stockfeed. Since there are commercial crops of GM corn in the USA, the shipment may contain GM corn.	Expired	2-Jan-2003	30-Apr-2003
	,		The applicant intends to import soybeans from the USA for expelling and solvent extraction to produce soybean meal to be used for stockfeed purposes and soybean oil to be used for human consumption as margarines and cooking oils (approved by FSANZ in 2000). Since there			
DNIR-169	Hunter Grain Pty Ltd	Importation of soybeans for processing into soy oil and stockfeed	are commercial crops of GM soybeans in the USA, the shipment may contain GM soybeans.	Expired	3-Jan-2003	30-Sep-2003
DI 100		A randomized Phase II, double blind, controlled trial to evaluate the safety and efficacy of autologous CD34+ hematopoietic			0 Juli 2000	55 5cp 2005
DNIR-170	Johnson & Johnson Research Pty Ltd		The proposed dealing is to modify progenitor haematopoietic cells taken from HIV-1 infected patients to carry either a retroviral vector containing an anti-HIV-1 ribozyme or only the retroviral vector.	Surrendered	13-May-2003	19-Jan-2007
DINIR-170	Johnson & Johnson Research 11 ty Eta	padents with the Linection	The aim of this dealing is to analyse gene functions of EHV-1 and EHV-4 which are genetically closely related but have different cell culture host	Juliendered	13-14ay-2003	15-3411-2007
DNIR-171	Macquarie University	Comparative Genomics of Equine Herpesviruses	ranges and disease outcomes. The aim of this dealing is to produce a recombinant Myxoma/ Kunjin	Expired	2-May-2003	31-Jan-2007
			virus that expresses genes encoding reproductive proteins. This recombinant virus will be tested as an immuno-contraceptive delivery			
DNIR-172	CSIRO	Myxoma Virus/ Kunjin Replicon Vaccine System	system in rabbits. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop transgenic grapevines that are resistant to root pests by incorporating the genes for cyanogenic	Surrendered	14-May-2003	26-Aug-2005
DNIR-173	The University of Adelaide	Molecular Breeding Of Grapevines for Resistance to Major Root Pests	glucoside biosynthesis into these plants or by altering the expression of plant genes involved in root pest feeding sites.	Expired	15-May-2003	30-Nov-2009
D 474	The University of Codes	Claring of Dunk Hanatitis B.Visus	The aim of this dealing is to clone naturally occurring variants of DHBV and to assess the infectivity of these variants in cell cultures and	Francisco	00.140000	00 1 0007
DNIR-174	The University of Sydney	Clinical Trial of Fouriers Visual Visual Trial of Fouriers Visual	ducklings. The aim of this dealing is to express HIV antigens and interferon-gamma	Expired	23-May-2003	30-Jun-2007
DNIR-175	Virax Holdings Limited	Clinical Trial of Fowlpox Virus Vaccines Expressing HIV-1 Antigens and Human Interferon-gamma	in fowlpox virus and to use this virus to elicit an immune response to these antigens in HIV infected individuals. The aim of this dealing is to characterise the haemolysin produced by	Expired	10-Jun-2003	31-Oct-2013
DNIR-176	The University of Western Australia	Characterisation of Haemolysin produced in Vibrio alginolyticus	Vibrio alginolyticus and determine its relationship to other previously reported haemolysins.	Expired	10-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to use human cells transformed with genes that may alter their growth properties to study how normal cells become			
DNIR-177	Children's Medical Research Institute	Immortalisation of human cells	cancer cells. The aim of this dealing is to study immortalised human cells that have a	Surrendered	10-Jun-2003	15-Feb-2008
DNIR-178	The Children's Hospital Westmead	Functional and Mollecular Analysis of Defects of the Mitochondiral Electron Transport Chain	metabolic defect of the mitochondrial energy production pathways to determine on which chromosome the disease causing gene is located.	Expired	6-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2006
			The aim of this dealing is to introduce genes into CD34+ haemopoietic stem cells to treat patients with X-linked Severe Combined			
DNIR-179	The Children's Hospital Westmead	Ex-Vivo Retroviral Transduction of CD34+ Selected Haemopoietic Stem Cells for Clinical Gene Therapy Trials	Immunodeficiency and to provide resistance to alkylating drugs used in cancer therapy.	Expired	10-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2013
D1110 400	The University of Overandand	Functional Analysis of Cloned Avirulence/Pathogenesis Genes	The aim of this dealing is to determine the function of cloned genes encoding putative avirulence and pathogenesis determinants in	Expired	00.1	00.1
DNIR-180	The University of Queensland	From Plant Pathogenic Microbes Transposition and Marker Exchange Mutagenesis of Leifsonia	pathogenic fungi and oomycetes. The aim of these dealings is to identify the genes from Leifsonia xyli involved in the interaction of this pathogen with sugarcane, in order to	Expired	30-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2014
DNIR-181	Sugar Research Australia Limited	xyli Subspecies to Study Pathogenesis on Sugarcane	identify targets for antimicrobial compounds or antibodies. The aim of this dealing is to produce a virus-based vector containing	Surrendered	11-Jun-2003	5-Dec-2012
DNIR-182	Sugar Research Australia Limited	Development of a Virus Based Assay system to Elucidate Gene Function in Sugarcane	sugarcane virus gene sequences that will be used in further studies to elucidate the function of sugarcane genes.	Surrendered	11-Jun-2003	17-Dec-2007
DAUD 400	La Tanka Hairasaik.	Nucleotide Sequences of The Coat Protein of Johnsongrass	The aim of this dealing is to identify the critical changes in the amino acids of the JGMV coat protein that allowed the recent evolution of a	Francisco	F Iv. 2002	24 Dec 2004
DNIR-183	La Trobe University	Mosaic Virus (JMV) Determining Host Specificity	Krish sorghum-infecting strain of JGMV. The aim of this dealing is to introduce genes that are involved in tumour formation and suppression into cultured cells and mice to mimic and/or	Expired	5-Jun-2003	31-Dec-2004
DNIR-184	Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Ltd	Induction of Tumour Formation and Tumour Regression by Adenoviral -Mediated Gene Transfer	reverse the sporadic genetic alterations that occur in adults with colorectal cancer.	Expired	13-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2008
		Use of Virus Vectors For Gene Silencing in Plants (Virus Induced	The aim of this dealing is to infect plants of interest with viruses containing RNA sequences that will silence specific genes in the plants			
DNIR-185	CSIRO	Gene Silencing)	in order to identify agronomically important genes. This dealing aims to understand the regulation and role of the various	Expired	16-Jun-2003	30-Apr-2014
DNIR-186	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Molecular Virology of HIV-1 and SIV	SIV, HIV-1 and HIV-2 genes in virus production and pathogenesis by comparative analysis of generated mutant variants of these viruses.	Licence issued	13-Jun-2003	31-Jan-2028
			The aim of this dealing is to understand the role of various Moloney murine leukaemia virus, Mason-Pfizer monkey virus, human foamy virus			
DNIR-187	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Viral Assembly of MoMLV, M-PMV, HFV and ASLV	or avian sarcoma/leukosis virus genes by transfecting mammalian cells with mutated or wild type clones of these retroviruses.	Licence issued	16-Jun-2003	31-Jan-2028
	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research		The aim of this dealing is to examine the ability of HIV-1 strains to induce			
DNIR-188	and Public Health	Pathogenesis of macrophage-tropic HIV-1	cell killing by transfecting mammalian cell lines with HIV-1 DNA. The aim of this dealing is to develop a model for leukemia (or	Expired	16-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2006
DNIR-189	Johnson & Johnson Research Pty Ltd	In vitro Murine and Human Cell Transformation or Mouse Reconsitution for a Gene Terapy approach to Accute Myeloid leukaemia	lymphoma) development by oncogene activation and to use the model to assess the effects of tumour suppressor genes in arresting leukemia (or lymphoma) development.	Surrendered	17-Jun-2003	26-Jun-2008
DIVIN 100	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research		The aim of this dealing is to examine cellular immunity to HIV and HCV by expressing part of the HIV or HCV genome in vaccinia virus and		17 7411 2000	20 7411 2000
DNIR-190	and Public Health	Cellular immunity to HIV and HCV	infecting human cells with this virus. The aim of this dealing is to assess the tolerance of mice to pancreatic	Expired	16-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2012
		Signalling pathways for the induction and maintenance of tolerance to islet allografts and xenografts and for the re-	is let transplants following the delivery of immunoregulatory genes to the donor tissue or pre-treatment of the mice with cells expressing the same $$			
DNIR-191	Australian National University	establishment of tolerance to islet beta cells in NOD mice	genes. The aim of this dealing is to develop an ongoing library of vaccine vectors.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-192	Australian National University	Immunoregulatory gene studies and vaccine vector library development	for use in vaccine development and the study of immunoregulatory molecules. The aim of this dealing is to use vaccinia viruses containing	Licence issued	18-Jun-2003	30-Sep-2028
			The aim of this dealing is to use vaccinia viruses containing papillomavirus genes to study the processes governing immune activation or tolerance to DNA tumour viruses and to improve the quality			
DNIR-193	The University of Queensland	Studies on the immune response to recombinant vaccinia virus	of immune responses against human papillomavirus proteins. The aim of this dealing is to evaluate if treatment can augment or sustain	Expired	16-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2012
DNIR-194	Monash University	Evaluation of cellular immunological function with recombinant virus	the cellular anti-HIV response of HIV positive patients and help further define the mechanisms involved.	Surrendered	5-Jun-2003	25-Nov-2008
DNIR-195	Flinders University	Intracellular calcium signalling and liver disease	The aim of this dealing is to introduce genes involved in calcium channels into primary rat hepatocyte tissue culture cells.	Withdrawn		
DNIP 400	Flindare University	Transplantation of corporal and limbal above and all according	The aim of this dealing is to infect the eye of rats or sheep with an adenovirus carrying genes encoding specific proteins that may prevent	Withdrawe		
DNIR-196	Flinders University	Transplantation of corneal and limbal stem cell allografts	corneal and limbal stem cell graft rejection. The aim of this dealing is to produce recombinant insect DNA viruses to	Withdrawn		
DNIR-197	CSIRO	DNA Viruses of Invertebrates	improve understanding of their properties and characteristics and to assess their suitability as biological control agents for insect pests.	Expired	20-Jun-2003	31-May-2013
				,		, 2010
DNIR-198	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	The expression of leukocyte antigens	The aim of this dealing is study the role of a variety of leukocyte antigens, especially cell surface antigens in leukocyte function.	Expired	18-Jun-2003	31-Dec-2008
DNIR-198	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research			Expired	18-Jun-2003	31-Dec-2008
DNIR-198	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research	The expression of leukocyte antigens Tracking soil micro-organisms using marker genes	especially cell surface antigens in leukocyte function. The aim of this dealing is to study the ecology of soil microbes that have been selected for their beneficial effects on crop plant growth using marker genes to monitor their activities. The aim of this dealing is to disrupt genes encoding candidate vaccine	Expired Withdrawn	18-Jun-2003	31-Dec-2008
	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	The expression of leukocyte antigens	especially cell surface antigens in leukocyte function. The aim of this dealing is to study the ecology of soil microbes that have been selected for their beneficial effects on crop plant growth using marker genes to monitor their activities. The aim of this dealing is to disrupt genes encoding candidate vaccine antigens and related proteins in bacterial respiratory pathogens to gain a better understanding of their function.		18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	31-Dec-2008 30-Jun-2008
DNIR-199	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health CSIRO	The expression of leukocyte antigens Tracking soil micro-organisms using marker genes Mutagenesis of vaccine antigen genes and related proteins in	especially cell surface antigens in leukocyte function. The aim of this dealing is to study the ecology of soil microbes that have been selected for their beneficial effects on crop plant growth using marker genes to monitor their activities. The aim of this dealing is to disrupt genes encoding candidate vaccine antigens and related proteins in bacterial respiratory pathogens to gain	Withdrawn		

			The aim of this project is to examine the action of candidate genes on the			
DNIR-202	The University of Melbourne	Gene Regulation in Osteoclastogenesis	process of osteoclast generation from precursor cells by infecting these cells with adenoviruses/retroviruses containing the candidate genes.	Surrendered	20-Jun-2003	21-Aug-2007
	The University of Metbourne		The aim of this dealing is to determine how minor changes to the HSV viral protein gB will alter the response of cytotoxic T lymphocytes by	Surrendered		
DNIR-203	The University of Melbourne	Construction and use of Herpes simplex virus mutants	infecting mice with HSV-1 gB mutants. The aim of this dealing is to study the RNA elements that modulate the	Surrendered	19-Jun-2003	22-Sep-2011
DNIR-204	The University of Melbourne	Molecular Biology of retroviral Replication, Pathogenesis and Productive Infection	expression of HIV proteins and to develop drugs that target these elements.	Expired	20-Jun-2003	20-Aug-2017
			The aim of this dealing is to develop a safe and effective vaccine against			
DNIR-205	The University of Melbourne	Nucleic Acid (DNA and RNA) and Viral Vectored Vaccines for HIV	HIV by injecting animals with DNA plasmids, a recombinant fowlpoxvirus or a recombinant sindbis virus containing HIV or SIV genes.	Surrendered	20-Jun-2003	30-Nov-2012
			The aim of this dealing is to modify a growth hormone gene and insert it into the genome of sheep to determine its effects on wool, meat and milk			
DNIR-206	CSIRO	production in sheep	production.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-207	The University of New England	Molecular Aspects of Plant -Pathogen Interactions - Thielaviopsis	The aim of this dealing is to identify genes in T. basicola (a pathogen causing black root disease in plants) which may be involved in virulence.	Expired	1-Jul-2003	31-Dec-2008
	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express	,		
DNIR-208	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	C Proteins	HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar	Licence issued	20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030
		Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for	gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect			
DNIR-209	The University of Western Australia	Chickpeas	pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can	Withdrawn		
DNIR-210	The University of Western Australia	Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models	induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression.	Licence issued	20-Jun-2003	31-May-2027
			The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related			
DNIR-211	The University of Sydney	Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16	viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model.	Expired	18-Jun-2003	20-Feb-2018
DNIR-212	The University of Adelaide	Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis	The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis.	Surrendered	20-Jun-2003	20-Sep-2004
			The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international			
DNIR-213	Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd	Porcine growth hormone	markets under the tradename Reporcinâ.	Surrendered	15-Aug-2003	7-Jan-2008
			The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine			
DNIR-214	CSIRO	Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to	development. The aim is to develop gene therapy strategies using replication defective	Expired	20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2011
DNIR-215	The University of Queensland	radiotherapy	viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours.	Surrendered	19-Mar-2003	9-Jul-2015
DNIR-216	The University of Melbourne	Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens	The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzianum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome.	Expired	28-Jul-2003	31-Mar-2004
			The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia			
DNID 047	The Heimerik of Mankaus Amakalia	Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous	coli. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated.	Surrendered	1 4 2002	4-Jan-2007
DNIR-217	The University of Western Australia	organisms (jellyfish)	The aim of this dealing is to develop recombinant CHVs that express	Surrendered	1-Aug-2003	4-Jan-2007
			heterologous antigens derived from genomic, viral, protozoan or bacterial genes. These viruses will be used as experimental vaccines to			
DNIR-218	CSIRO	Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus	immunise foxes, dogs and ferrets against infectious diseases and/or to reduce their fertility.	Surrendered	4-Aug-2003	26-Aug-2005
	Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell		The aim of this dealing is to express mycobacterium tuberculosis antigens in the vaccine strain Mycobacterium bovis BCG to develop a			
DNIR-219	Biology	Recombinant mycobacteria as new anti-tuberculosis vaccines	potential tuberculosis vaccine. The aim of this dealing is to understand how streptococcal gene	Surrendered	4-Aug-2003	21-Dec-2007
		Cloning of Streptococcal DNA to and from Streptococcal	products contribute to the pathogenesis of streptococcal infections by inserting the genes of interest into strains of streptococci that do not			
DNIR-220	Menzies School of Health Research	species	normally harbour these genes. The aim of this dealing is to understand how group A streptococcal	Surrendered	6-Aug-2003	3-Jun-2008
			(GAS) gene products contribute to the pathogenesis of streptococcal			
DNIR-221	QIMR Berghofer	Cloning of DNA Between Group A Streptococcal Strains	infections by inserting the genes of interest into GAS strains that do not normally harbour these genes.	Expired	6-Aug-2003	31-May-2021
		Expression of Virus Encoded Antigens Using Vaccinia Expression				
DNIR-222	QIMR Berghofer	System	Cytomegalovirus (CMV) or Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) proteins. The aim of this dealing is to identify genes involved in endothelial cell	Licence issued	6-Aug-2003	31-May-2028
DNIR-223	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Identification of novel molecular targets in angiogenesis	function by overexpressing genes of interest in human endothelial cells and mice using viral vectors.	Surrendered	8-Jul-2003	20-Jan-2012
	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research		The aim of this dealing is to investigate the role of various hepatitis genes and gene products in the gene expression, replication, virus			
DNIR-224	and Public Health	Molecular virology of hepatitis A, B and E viruses	particle assembly and pathogenesis of hepatitis A, B and E. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the role of various genes in	Expired	14-Jul-2003	24-Dec-2019
		Mouse models of colorectal cancer using a TVA-based retroviral	colorectal cancer by transferring candidate oncogenes and a tumour suppressor gene directly into the intestinal epithelium of mice using an			
DNIR-225	Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Ltd	gene transfer system	avian retrovirus.	Surrendered	13-Aug-2003	29-Nov-2012
DNIR-226	Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions	Molecular Breeding Of Grapevines for Resistance to Major Root Pests	The aim of the proposed dealings is to challenge transgenic grapevines with root pests and monitor their response.	Expired	15-May-2003	30-Jun-2005
			The aim of this dealing is to introduce genes encoding brown snake venom proteins into bacterial and/or eukaryotic hosts to produce			
DNIR-227	The University of Western Australia	Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (Brownsnake)	milligram quantities of these proteins for biophysical and functional studies.	Integrated into DNIR-217		
		The development of tobacco mosaic virus (TMV) as a vector for	The researchers intend to use TMV to deliver heterologous genes to plants with the purpose of expressing high levels of these genes in the			
DNIR-228	Queensland University of Technology	heterologous gene expression	plants.	Withdrawn		
		Development of a tobacco rattle virus-based RNA amplification	The researchers intend to use non-infectious RNA components of Tobacco rattle virus to deliver heterologous genes to tobacco plants with			
DNIR-229	Queensland University of Technology	system in tobacco	the purpose of enhancing the expression of these genes in the plants. The aim of this dealing is to clone and characterise STEC genes involved	Withdrawn		
DNIR-230	The University of Adelaide	Pathogenesis, prevention and treatment of Shiga toxigenic Escherichia coli (STEC) infections	in the pathogenesis of disease in order to identify novel drug targets and develop vaccines against STEC infection.	Licence issued	26-Jun-2003	31-May-2029
DIMIN-230	Onliversity of Australiae	Essentiuma con (STEO) iniections	The aim of this dealing is to clone and characterise Streptococcus	Electrice (Soudu	20-2011-2003	31-1-1ay-2029
	T. 11.		pneumoniae genes involved in the pathogenesis of pneumococcal disease in order to identify novel drug targets and develop vaccines	Integrated into		
DNIR-231	The University of Adelaide	Pathogenesis and prevention of pneumococcal disease	against pneumococcal disease. The aim of this dealing is to develop a safe and effective vaccine against	DNIR-230		
			HIV using a mouse model using DNA vaccines and recombinant fowlpoxvirus vaccines to induce both mucosal and systemic HIV-			
DNIR-232	The University of Newcastle	HIV vaccine design and development teams	specific immune responses.	Surrendered	7-Jul-2003	3-May-2004
			The aim of this dealing is to identify the role of the bovine immunodeficiency virus (BIV) genes vif and tmx in viral replication and			
DNIR-233	Murdoch University	Mutation of an infectious clone of BIV R29	pathology and to assess the ability of homologous genes from the related Jembrana disease virus (JDV) to act as functional homologues.	Expired	28-Aug-2003	31-Aug-2008
	,		The aim of this dealing is to identify the role of the bovine		<u> </u>	0
			immunodeficiency virus (BIV) genes vif and tmx in viral replication and pathology and to assess the ability of homologous genes from the	Integrated into		
DNIR-234	Muselouk Heimerik.	Tonormal amountation of tife deleted DN/ tribb bening leading to		DNIR-233		
D14111 20-4	Murdoch University	Transomplementation of vif deleted BIV with bovine lentivirus	related Jembrana disease virus (JDV) to act as functional homologues.	DINIR-233		

			The aim of this dealing is to identify the role of the bovine			
			immunodeficiency virus (BIV) genes vif and tmx in viral replication and pathology and to assess the ability of homologous genes from the	Integrated into		
DNIR-235	Murdoch University	Use of an infectious clone of BIV R29	related Jembrana disease virus (JDV) to act as functional homologues.	DNIR-233		
DAUD 000	Women's and Children's Health Network	Functional analysis of genes involved in haemopoiesis by	This project aims to investigate the function of various genes involved in	Francisco	9-Jul-2003	31-Jul-2008
DNIR-236	Incorporated	retroviral expression in human cells and cell lines	normal and abnormal growth of human blood cells. DNA from bovine pestivirus will be inserted into the genome of bovine	Expired	9-Jul-2003	31-Jul-2008
			herpesvirus 1 and cattle will be inoculated with the modified virus in			
DNIR-237	Department of Primary Industries	Vaccination of cattle with recombinant bovine herpesvirus 1	order to elicit protective immune responses to both viruses. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations	Withdrawn		
		Mutational Analysis of the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading			
DNIR-238	Murdoch University	type 1	frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)- 1 and PCV-2.	Expired	16-Sep-2003	31-Aug-2007
		Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of	The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading	Integrated into		
DNIR-239	Murdoch University	Procine circovirus type 1	frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)- 1 and PCV-2.	DNIR-238		
		Mutational Analysis of the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus	The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading	Integrated into		
DNIR-240	Murdoch University	type 2	frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)- 1 and PCV-2.	DNIR-238		
			The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations			
DNIR-241	Murdoch University	Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2.	Integrated into DNIR-238		
	·	·	The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using			
		Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in	replication defective lentiviruses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and			
DNIR-242	The University of Queensland	acute and chronic renal failure	mice.	Surrendered	7-Jul-2003	28-Jul-2016
			The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PrP) and use these cells			
DNIR-243	The University of Melbourne	Investigating the biological requirements for prion formation	to study PrP function and metabolism.	Expired	12-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2007
			The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in			
DNIR-244	CSIRO	Development of daughterless carp technology (Zebrafish)	zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population.	Withdrawn		
Dittill 244	555	Development of designations carp testimology (Eustralism)	The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DNIB 245	CSIRO	Development of daughterious care tooki	zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of	Withdraw		
DNIR-245	Unico	Development of daughterless carp technology (Mosquitofish)	controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in	Withdrawn		
			zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of			
DNIR-246	CSIRO	Development of daughterless carp technology (Medaka)	controlling their population. The researchers intend to undertake large-scale production of	Withdrawn		
		GMP Manufacturing of recombinant fowlpox viruses vectored	recombinant fowlpox virus vector-based vaccines from tissue cultured			
DNIR-247	Virax Holdings Limited	vaccines	avian cells.	Expired	30-Sep-2003	30-Sep-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to produce four types of recombinant pili antigens to be used in the manufacture of a vaccine against neonatal			
DNIR-248	Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd	Production of Neovac antigens	scours in pigs.	Expired	30-Sep-2003	30-Sep-2012
			The aim of this dealing is to introduce mutations into cloned genomes of			
		Studies of avian hepatitis B viruses - virulence, replication and	avian hepatitis B virus isolates and then compare the replication and			
DNIR-249	The University of Adelaide	pathogenesis	pathogenesis of the wild type and mutant strains in vitro and in vivo.	Expired	1-Jul-2003	30-Jun-2013
			The aim of this dealing is to transfect cultured liver cells containing a non- infectious hepatitis C virus (HCV) replicon with hepatitis B virus (HBV)			
			and investigate the effect of HBV replication on HCV replication, cell			
DNIR-250	The University of Adelaide	Cellular interactions between HBV and HCV	growth, cell viability and cellular gene expression.	Expired	2-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2013
			The aim of this dealing is to isolate and characterise genes that may have a role in conferring virulence and pathogenesis in Dichelobacter			
DNIR-251	Monash University	Function of Dichelobacter nodosus genes	nodosus the causative agent of footrot in sheep, cattle and goats.	Surrendered	23-Jun-2003	24-Jun-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to produce recombinant forms of Australian paralysis tick (Ixodes holocyclus) salivary proteins for the development			
DNIR-252	University of Technology Sydney	Paralysis Tick Vaccine Development	of a veterinary vaccine.	Expired	9-Jul-2003	30-Nov-2011
DNIR-253	Children and Described Condensed incident	IIIV biology	The aim is to understand the biology of the human immune deficiency	Funitaria	24 0-+ 2002	21 0-4 2017
DNIK-253	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited	HIV biology	virus as the basis for better drug and vaccine development. The aim of this dealing is to determine whether induction of different	Expired	21-Oct-2003	31-Oct-2017
		Evaluation on the effects of apoptosis and necrosis on tumour	types of cell death mechanisms in tumours can increase the immune			
DNIR-254	The University of Western Australia	antigen presentation and anti-tumour response	response to these tumours.	Surrendered	3-Oct-2003	4-Apr-2007
			The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise virulence genes in			
DAUD OFF	0.75%	Studies on the virulence and physiology of Burkholderia	the pathogen B. pseudomallei, including those involved in adherence to	F14	0.40000	00.0
DNIR-255	Griffith University	psudomallei	epithelial cells, and to develop diagnostic and preventative strategies. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the role of specific, defined toxin	Expired	8-Aug-2003	30-Sep-2015
DNIR-256	CSIRO	Genetics of Clostridium perfringens pathogenesis	proteins in the pathogenesis of C. perfringens.	Expired	0.11	30-Jun-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to use benign bacterial strains isolated from		6-Nov-2003	00 7411 2000
					6-N0V-2003	00 7411 2000
		Live bacterial vectors for delivery of recombinant proteins to the	the chicken gut to deliver therapeutic proteins such as cytokines, bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the		6-N0V-2003	50 Juli 2505
DNIR-257	CSIRO	Live bacterial vectors for delivery of recombinant proteins to the chicken gut	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut.	Withdrawn	6-NoV-2003	50 Juli 2000
DNIR-257	CSIRO		bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses	Withdrawn	6-NOV-2003	30 7411 2000
		chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate			
DNIR-257 DNIR-258	CSIRO Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T ymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro.	Withdrawn	5-Aug-2003	31-Jul-2008
		chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate			
DNIR-258	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or article presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying	Surrendered	5-Aug-2003	31-Jul-2008
DNIR-258	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants.	Surrendered	5-Aug-2003	31-Jul-2008
DNIR-258 DNIR-259	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken git. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or article presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune	Surrendered Surrendered	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005
DNIR-258	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte CTJ, activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C Virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies.	Surrendered	5-Aug-2003	31-Jul-2008
DNIR-258 DNIR-259	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken git. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or article presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune	Surrendered Surrendered	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CT), activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery.	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatits Cvirus (HcV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will reable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery.	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CT), activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to generate cells and mouse tissues modified to express or down-regulate genes involved in the pRB/E2F and Scrib/Dig/tgl pathways and study their role in tumour development.	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260 DNIR-261	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital EnGeneiC Limited	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis Cvirus (HcV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will reable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to generate cells and mouse tissues modified to express or down-regulate genes involved in the pRB/EZE and Scrib/Dlg/Lgl pathways and study their role in tumour development. The aim of this dealing is to develop a recombinant cytotoxic agent	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260 DNIR-261	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital EnGeneiC Limited	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CT), activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to generate cells and mouse tissues modified to express or down-regulate genes involved in the pRB/E2F and Scrib/Dig/tgl pathways and study their role in tumour development.	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260 DNIR-261 DNIR-262	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital EnGenelC Limited Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector Molecular analysis of cell cycle and polarity in development and tumourigenesis	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte CTJ, activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to generate cells and mouse tissues modified to express or down-regulate genes involved in the pRBVEZF and Scrit/DIQ/tgt pathways and study their role in tumour development. The aim of this dealing is to develop a recombinant cytotoxic agent (which is not a GMO) that can be tested as a therapeutic agent for cancer.	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired Withdrawn	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003 31-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013 30-Apr-2017
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260 DNIR-261 DNIR-262	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital EnGenelC Limited Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector Molecular analysis of cell cycle and polarity in development and turnourigenesis	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CT), activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to generate cells and mouse tissues modified to express or down-regulate genes involved in the pRB/E2F and Scrib/Dig/tgl pathways and study their role in tumour development. The aim of this dealing is to develop a recombinant cytotoxic agent (which is not a GMO) that can be tested as a therapeutic agent for cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use mice and rats with experimentally induced liver injury to identify cellular proteins that mediate important	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired Withdrawn	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003 31-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013 30-Apr-2017
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260 DNIR-261 DNIR-262	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital EnGenelC Limited Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector Molecular analysis of cell cycle and polarity in development and tumourigenesis	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte CTJ, activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to generate cells and mouse tissues modified to express or down-regulate genes involved in the pRBVEZF and Scrit/DIQ/tgt pathways and study their role in tumour development. The aim of this dealing is to develop a recombinant cytotoxic agent (which is not a GMO) that can be tested as a therapeutic agent for cancer.	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired Withdrawn	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003 31-Oct-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013 30-Apr-2017
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DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260 DNIR-261 DNIR-262 DNIR-263 DNIR-263 DNIR-264 DNIR-265	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital EnGenelC Limited Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre University of Technology Sydney Western Sydney Local Health District University of New South Wales Melbourne Health	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector Molecular analysis of cell cycle and polarity in development and tumourigenesis Development of recombinant immunotoxins Liver cell biology and liver injury, metabolic liver disease and mitochondrial dysfunction in drug-induced liver disease Transformation of human cells by human Papillomavirus transforming genes Construction of influenza viruses by reverse genetics for diagnostic and research purposes. Chimeric Dengue vaccines	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CT), activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel trug delivery sector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to develop a recombinant cytotoxic agent (which is not a CMO) that can be tested as a therapeutic agent for cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use mice and rats with experimentally induced liver injury to identify cellular proteins that mediate important liver injury resulting from medical conditions or after exposure to alcohol and drug toxis. The aim of this dealing is to use mice and rats with experimentally induced liver injury to identify cellular proteins that mediate important liver injury resulting from medical conditions or after exposure to alcohol and drug toxis. The aim of this dealing is to temploy a technique known as reverse genetics to produce Influenza viruses syntheticulty in order to derive potential Influenza virus vaccine candidates in a more rapid and reproducible manner. The aim of this dealing is to elicit an immune response against muttiple Dengue virus or a plasmid containing Dengue virus or a plasmid containing Dengue virus ereorbinant Dengue virus or a plasmid containing Deng	Surrendered Surrendered Expired Withdrawn Expired Surrendered Surrendered Withdrawn	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003 31-Oct-2003 9-Sep-2003 27-Nov-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013 30-Apr-2017 31-Jan-2008 30-Sep-2008
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DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260 DNIR-261 DNIR-262 DNIR-263 DNIR-264 DNIR-265 DNIR-266 DNIR-267	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital EnGenelC Limited Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre University of Technology Sydney Western Sydney Local Health District University of New South Wales Melbourne Health Queensland University of Technology	Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector Molecular analysis of cell cycle and polarity in development and tumourigenesis Development of recombinant immunotoxins Liver cell biology and liver injury, metabolic liver disease and mitochondrial dysfunction in drug-induced liver disease Transformation of human cells by human Papillomavirus transforming genes Construction of influenza viruses by reverse genetics for diagnostic and research purposes. Chimeric Dengue vaccines The development of a novel resistance strategy against ssDNA plant viruses	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CT), activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to develop a new the pRB/EZF and Scrib/DQLgl pathways and study their role in tumour development. The aim of this dealing is to develop a recombinant cytotoxic agent (which is not a GMO) that can be tested as a therapeutic agent for cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use mice and rats with experimentally induced liver injury to identify cellular proteins that mediate important liver injury resulting from medical conditions or after exposure to alcohol and drug toxins. The aim of this dealing is to use mice and rats with experimentally induced liver injury to identify cellular proteins that mediate important liver injury resulting from medical conditions or after exposure to alcohol and drug toxins. The aim of this dealing is to descover the functions of human apallomawrius Ed and E7 proteins by introducing the genes encoding these proteins into normal and/or immortalised human cells. The aim of this dealing is to develop resistance to single stranded DNA viruses in several plant species by introducing a	Surrendered Surrendered Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 30-Oct-2003 31-Oct-2003 9-Sep-2003 27-Nov-2003 27-Nov-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013 30-Apr-2017 31-Jan-2008 30-Sep-2008 14-Oct-2013 16-May-2007
DNIR-258 DNIR-259 DNIR-260 DNIR-261 DNIR-262 DNIR-263 DNIR-264 DNIR-265 DNIR-265	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour Department of Primary Industries Royal Perth Hospital EnGenelC Limited Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre University of Technology Sydney Western Sydney Local Health District University of New South Wales Melbourne Health	chicken gut Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins Novel Gene Delivery Vector Molecular analysis of cell cycle and polarity in development and tumourigenesis Development of recombinant immunotoxins Liver cell biology and liver injury, metabolic liver disease and mitochondrial dysfunction in drug-induced liver disease Transformation of human cells by human Papillomavirus transforming genes Construction of influenza viruses by reverse genetics for diagnostic and research purposes. Chimeric Dengue vaccines	bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut. This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T lymphocyte CTJ, activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis Civrus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies. The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery. The aim of this dealing is to generate cells and mouse tissues modified to express or down-regulate genes involved in the pRBVEZF and Scrit/DIQ/tgt pathways and study their role in tumour development. The aim of this dealing is to develop a combinant cytotoxic agent (which is not a GMO) that can be tested as a therapeutic agent for cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use mice and rats with experimentally induced liver injury to identify cellular proteins that mediate important liver injury resulting from medical conditions or after exposure to alcohol and drug toxins. The aim of this dealing is to develop a tenchile acknown as reverse genetics to produce Influenza viruses synthetically in order to derive potential Influenza virus vaccine candidates in a more rapid and reproducible manner. The aim of this dealing is to elevit an immune response against multiple potential Influenza virus vaccine candidates in a more rapid and reproducible manner. The aim of this dealing is to develop resistance to single stranded DNA viruses in several plant species by introducing a gene to these plants that will trigger the death of infected cells when exposed to a parti	Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired Withdrawn Expired Surrendered Withdrawn Surrendered	5-Aug-2003 30-Oct-2003 31-Oct-2003 31-Oct-2003 9-Sep-2003 27-Nov-2003	31-Jul-2008 22-Feb-2005 3-Sep-2013 30-Apr-2017 31-Jan-2008 30-Sep-2008

DNIR-270	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Retroviral and adenoviral mediated gene transfer into murine mammary cells and breast cancer cell lines	The aim of this dealing is to study the role of specific genes in cell growth, mammary gland development and oncogenesis.	Surrendered	18-Dec-2003	28-Sep-2007
DINIT-270	nesearch	Investigations on parasite virulence using cross	The goal of this project is to use a genetic approach to investigate the regions of the parasitic proteins GRA2 and GRA6 involved in Toxoplasma	Surrendered	10-200-2003	20-3cp-2007
DNIR-271	University of Technology Sydney	complementation	gondii and Neospora caninum virulence.	Expired	10-Dec-2003	31-Dec-2008
DNIR-272	The University of Queensland	Delivery of replication defective lentiviruses into mice	The aim of this dealing is to develop novel anticancer treatments against both skin cancers and cancers caused by viruses, using a mouse model.	Surrendered	10-Dec-2003	8-Oct-2008
DAILD 272	Western Sudney Local Health District	Penyaggian of hanatic drug matabalism by solid tumours	The aim of this dealing is to investigate how the inflammatory factors released by tumours into the blood reduce hepatic levels of enzymes	Surrendered	0 Dog 2002	12 Jun 2007
DNIR-273	Western Sydney Local Health District Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious	Repression of hepatic drug metabolism by solid tumours Experimental Infection of Culex annulirostris, Ochlerotatus vigilax and Culex gelidus with Japanese encephalitis virus	involved in drug metabolism. The aim of this dealing is to assess the potential of the ChimeriVax**-JE	Surrendered	9-Dec-2003	13-Jun-2007
DNIR-274	Disease Institute	vaccine candidate ChimeriVax™-JE	vaccine to infect and replicate in Australian mosquitoes. The aim of this dealing is to screen for novel compounds which disrupt	Surrendered	29-Jan-2004	12-Feb-2007
DNIR-275	Biotron Limited	compounds	viral replication using whole recombinant viruses. The aim of this dealing is to overexpress or inhibit the expression of	Surrendered	22-Jan-2004	11-Mar-2011
		Functional analysis of DNA damage responsive genes by	genes encoding proteins involved in DNA damage repair. This will allow the proponents to determine the function and importance of these genes			
DNIR-276	QIMR Berghofer	retroviral transfections	in keeping the genome intact and preventing cancer. The applicant intends to import soybeans from the USA, Argentina, and	Surrendered	18-Dec-2003	17-Oct-2007
			Brazil for processing as oil and stockfeed. Since there are commercial crops of GM soybeans in these countries, the shipment may contain GM			
DNIR-277	Cargill Australia Limited	Importation and Processing Soybeans	soybeans. The purpose of this dealing is to investigate specific genes involved in	Expired	19-Dec-2003	31-Jul-2023
DNIR-278	The University of Newcastle	Analysis of oncogenes and their protein products, and investigation of drug resistance mechanisms.	the onset of cancers and characterise various mechanisms of cancer cell drug resistance to conventional and new cancer therapies.	Surrendered	23-Dec-2003	17-Dec-2008
		Expression of virus encoded antigens using vaccinia/fowlpox	The aim of this dealing is to study cell lines infected with vaccinia and fowlpox viruses containing genes encoding Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) and			
DNIR-279	QIMR Berghofer	expression system	cytomegalovirus antigens. The aim of this dealing is to produce large-scale amounts of	Withdrawn		
DNIR-280	University of New South Wales	(CHO) cells	recombinant proteins of commercial value in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells. The aim of this dealing is to use subterranean clover mottle virus as a	Surrendered	10-Mar-2004	21-Dec-2007
DNIR-281	Murdoch University	Development of a subterranean clover mottle virus as a gene- silencing vector	vector for silencing plant genes in vivo and in vitro.	Expired	27-Feb-2004	31-Oct-2008
		Modification of the HIV-1 genome in order to visualize the HIV-1 preintegration complex (PIC) and HIV-1 component subcellular	The aim of this dealing is to elucidate the mechanism used by HIV-1 to gain access to the nucleus of infected cells by investigating a			
DNIR-282	Monash University	trafficking	nucleoprotein (PIC) that mediates entry of HIV-1 DNA into the nucleus. The aim of this dealing is to determine if taro plant disease can be	Withdrawn		
DNIR-283	Queensland University of Technology	Generation of an infectious clone of taro bacilliform virus (TaBV)	caused by infection with TaBV alone by infecting taro plant with	Expired	2-Feb-2004	30-Jun-2007
		Cloning and characterisation of Campylobacter spp pathogenicity genes in E.coli and construction of a vector	The aim of this dealing is to develop a system for the expression of Campylobacter spp. genes functional in both Campylobacter spp. and			
DNIR-284	Griffith University	dedicated to cloning and expression of Campylobacter spp. Dna functional in E.coli and Campylobacter spp	E. coli and to characterise genes from C. jejuni that encode potential pathogenicity determinants.	Surrendered	10-Mar-2004	2-Dec-2008
	Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell	Gene transfer into cells of human, non-human primate or rodent	The proponents intend to transfer genes of interest into human or animal cells using lentiviral-based gene delivery systems with the aim of			
DNIR-285	Biology	origin using replication-incompetent lentiviral vectors	applying these techniques to gene therapy. The aim of this dealing is to understand how certain oncogenes actively	Withdrawn		
DNIR-286	The University of Queensland	Retroviral expression of known and potential growth-regulatory genes in human and murine cell lines	cause or contribute to cancer and to identify new oncogenes involved in leukaemia and breast cancer.	Surrendered	22-Apr-2004	18-Oct-2007
			The aim of this research is to describe the localisation of the Dengue virus non-structural protein 5 (NS5) during infection of cultured			
DNIR-287	Monash University	Subcellular trafficking of the Dengue virus NS5 protein	mammalian and insect cells. The aim of this dealing is to study the formation and release of	Expired	28-May-2004	31-May-2009
DNIR-288	Avexa Limited	Cell Lines Expressing Hepatitis B Virus Asexual Genetic Exchange in Rhynchosporium secalis, the	lamivudine resistant and normal Hepatitis B virus in liver cells. The aim of this dealing is to investigate whether genes can be exchanged	Expired	24-May-2004	30-Jun-2009
DNIR-289	Flinders University	causal agent of barley scald	between isolates of R. secalis in the absence of a sexual cycle.	Surrendered	25-May-2004	8-May-2007
DNIR-290	Australian National University	Temporary storage of Ross River virus mutants	The proponents intend to store Ross River virus mutants for future use. The aim of this dealing is to determine the role of different gene regions	Expired	20-Jul-2004	31-Jul-2009
		Analysis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) genes involved in antiviral	of CMV in infection and growth of the virus and inhibition of growth by antiviral drugs, focussing on the DNA polymerase and protein kinase			
DNIR-291	South Eastern Sydney Local Health District	susceptibility, replication and cell tropism.	mutations. The proponents intend to deliver immune response modulating genes	Licence issued	26-May-2004	18-Sep-2025
DNIR-292	QIMR Berghofer	Kunjin replicon virus like particles for delivery of cytokines into mice	into mice using Kunjin replicons with the aim of effecting tumour regression and preventing transplant rejection.	Expired	30-Jul-2004	31-Jul-2014
		Viral delivery of genes or siRNA involved in adipogenesis or	The aim of this dealing is to examine the effect of increasing or reducing the expression of factors involved in the body's response to insulin and			
DNIR-293	The University of Queensland	insulin signaling to cells	in human fat tissue development in mammalian cells. The aim of this dealing is to produce RD rhabdasomyosarcoma cells	Surrendered	30-Jul-2004	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-294	CSIRO	Expression of alpha mannosidase in human RD rhabdasomyosarcoma cells Somatic cell genetic studies of mitochondrial respiratory chain	expressing alpha mannosidase that can be encapsulated and used in guinea pig trials of an experimental enzyme replacement therapy.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-295	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	disorders	The aim of this dealing is to determine the genetic basis of human diseases caused by mitochondrial energy generation disorders. The aim of this dealing is to characterise molecules implicated in the	Expired	30-Jul-2004	31-Oct-2011
DNIR-296	University of Technology Sydney	Characterisation of vaccine, drug and diagnostic targets in apicomplexan parasites	survival and infection of apicomplexan parasites and to determine their suitability as targets for drug and vaccine development.	Withdrawn		
DIVIN-230	Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious		The aim of this dealing is to develop an in vitro assay for evaluating the effectiveness of new drugs and vaccines against the liver stage of	Widialawii		
DNIR-297	Disease Institute	Plasmodium vivax. P. falciparum, P. yoelii, and P. cynomolgi. A Phase I/IIa, two centre, open-label, dose escalation study to	malarial parasites. The aim of this dealing is to assess the safety, tolerability and efficacy of	Expired	30-Aug-2004	30-Jun-2009
DNIR-298	CSIRO	assess the safety, tolerability and efficacy of FP253 in combination with fludarabine phosphate.	a candidate cancer therapeutic in a Phase I/IIa clinical trial in prostate cancer patients.	Expired	23-Sep-2004	28-Feb-2015
DNIR-299	Monash University	Characterisation of replication competent hepatitis B viruses	The aim of this dealing is to characterise HBV viral DNA sequences present in blood samples from different animal species.	Expired	22-Sep-2004	30-Sep-2014
			The aim of this dealing is to examine the roles of the cell surface proteins CD44 and VLA-4 in the interaction of leukemic cells with the bone			
DNIR-300	Western Sydney Local Health District	Expression of CD44 variants in ALL cells	marrow.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-301	Intervet Australia Pty Ltd	Fermentation, processing and inactivation of M.haemolytica cultures	The aim of this dealing to produce large-scale quantities of recombinant M. haemolytica for use in an inactivated veterinary vaccine.	Licence issued	28-Jun-2004	30-Jun-2027
DNIR-302	Avexa Limited	Generation of stable cell lines expressing Hepatitis B Virus using the ViraPower lentiviral expression system. Production of recombinant Vaccinia viruses for viral disease:	The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant liver cells that express hepatitis B virus. The purpose of the dealing is to study the immunoscenicity of HIV and	Surrendered	3-Sep-2004	29-Aug-2011
DNIR-303	Westmead Institute for Medical Research	immunogenicity studies and vaccine development	The purpose of the dealing is to study the immunogenicity of HIV and Herpes simplex virus proteins in vitro The proponents intend to store recombinant mouse and human cell lines	Expired	3-Sep-2004	30-Sep-2024
DNIR-304				Withdrawn		
	Western Sydney Local Health District	Storage of GMOs	for future use. The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in	widiulawii		
DNIR-305	Western Sydney Local Health District Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre		The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in colon cancer metastasis by modulating the expression of these proteins	Surrendered	5-Oct-2004	12-Jun-2007
DNIR-305		Storage of GMOs Wnt/FZD in human cancer	The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in		5-Oct-2004	12-Jun-2007
DNIR-305 DNIR-306			The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in colon cancer metastasis by modulating the expression of these proteins in colon cancer cell times in with colon. The aim of this dealing is to investigate specific immune responses		5-Oct-2004 3-Sep-2004	12-Jun-2007 20-Aug-2012
	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre University of New South Wales	Wnt/FZD in human cancer	The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in colon cancer metastasis by modulating the expression of these proteins in colon cancer cell lines in vitvo. The aim of this dealing is to investigate specific immune responses against hepatitis C virus that allow some individuals to clear infection, others to become chronically infected and others to have a rapid disease progression. The proponents intend to study the fusion and entry of human	Surrendered		
	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Wnt/FZD in human cancer Study of human immunity against Hepatitis C virus Molecular studies of HIV and HCV replication	The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in colon cancer metastasis by modulating the expression of these proteins in colon cancer cell lines in vitvo. The aim of this dealing is to investigate specific immune responses against hepatitis C virus that allow some individuals to clear infection, others to become chronically infected and others to have a rapid disease progression. The proponents intend to study the fusion and entry of human immunodeficiency virus and hepatitis C virus into human cell lines in vitro in order to develop antivirals and vaccines targeting this process.	Surrendered		
DNIR-306	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre University of New South Wales Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research	Wnt/FZD in human cancer Study of human immunity against Hepatitis C virus	The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in colon cancer metastasis by modulating the expression of these proteins in colon cancer cell lines in vitvo. The aim of this dealing is to investigate specific immune responses against hepatitis C virus that allow some individuals to clear infection, others to become chronically infected and others to have a rapid disease progression. The proponents intend to study the fusion and entry of human immunodeficiency virus and hepatitis C virus into human cell lines in	Surrendered Surrendered	3-Sep-2004	20-Aug-2012
DNIR-306 DNIR-307	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre University of New South Wales Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Wnt/FZD in human cancer Study of human immunity against Hepatitis C virus Molecular studies of HIV and HCV replication Storage and maintenance of bacterial strains and plasmids for	The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in colon cancer metastasis by modulating the expression of these proteins in colon cancer cell lines in vitv. The aim of this dealing is to investigate specific immune responses against hepatitis C virus that allow some individuals to clear infection, others to become chronically infected and others to have a rapid disease progression. The proponents intend to study the fusion and entry of human immunodeficiency virus and hepatitis C virus into human cell lines in vitro in order to develop antivirals and vaccines targeting this process. The aim of this dealing is to store and maintain an array of bacterial	Surrendered Surrendered Licence issued	3-Sep-2004 5-Nov-2004	20-Aug-2012 30-Nov-2029

			The aim of this dealing is to investigate the role of various proteins involved in apoptosis and cell survival in multiple myeloma cells and to			
DNIR-310	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Mechanisms of cell survival and apoptosis in multiple myeloma	identify potential targets for therapy. The aim of this dealing is to evaluate the cross protective efficacy of the	Surrendered	9-Nov-2004	30-Jun-2008
DNIR-311	Department of Regional NSW	DNA adenine methylase salmonella vaccines	DNA adenine methylase deficient Salomonella typhimurium vaccine strain in calves.	Withdrawn		
DIVINOIT	Department of Regional Novi	Distribution in Carylade Station Call Tabellies		mulaiami		
DNIR-312	The University of New England	Interactions between beneficial bacteria and wheat	The aim of this dealing is to investigate the interactions between wheat and beneficial bacteria that suppress fungal diseases of wheat.	Withdrawn		
			The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of breast tumour suppressor genes and their interacting proteins in human breast cell			
DNIR-313	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Study of breast cancer tumour suppressor genes Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth, cell	lines in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to use viral vectors to introduce genes into	Surrendered	18-Nov-2004	30-Jun-2008
DNIR-314	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	proliferation and cell death.	cultured cells and animals to determine their role in cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use viral vectors to introduce genes	Expired	19-Nov-2004	30-Nov-2019
DNIR-315	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Expression and function of HIN 200 proteins.	encoding HIN-200 proteins into mice and cultured cells to determine their role in cellular differentiation.	Surrendered	26-Nov-2004	26-Oct-2007
			The storage of genetically modified Salmonella enterica Serovar			
DNIR-316	The University of Adelaide	Storage (Salmonella GMOs)	Typhimurium.	Surrendered	29-Nov-2004	3-Jul-2008
DNIR-317	Progen Industries Limited	Deltavasc	The aim is to generate large amounts of plasmid that will be formulated into a drug product for a US based Biotechnology company.	Expired	22-Sep-2004	28-Feb-2006
DNIR-318	Flinders University	Analysis of the M-flax rust resistance gene in transgenic flax and tobacco.	The aim is to use transgenic plants to study the control of expression and function of disease resistance proteins.	Withdrawn		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Randomised, double blind, placebo controlled phase II dose- ranging study of the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of	The aims of this study are to assess the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of a new formulation of lyophilised ChimeriVax**-JE,			
DNIR-319	IDT Australia Limited	live attenuated ChimeriVax™-JE vaccine (lyophilised).	given at three dose levels, compared with the placebo.	Surrendered	5-Nov-2004	17-Oct-2006
		Randomised, double blind, placebo controlled phase II dose- ranging study of the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of	The aims of this study are to assess the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of a new formulation of lyophilised ChimeriVax™-JE,			
DNIR-320	Melbourne Health	live attenuated ChimeriVax™-JE vaccine (lyophilised).	given at three dose levels, compared with a placebo. Storage of GM cell lines that would require a licence if dealt with. The	Surrendered	5-Nov-2004	17-Oct-2006
DNIR-321	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Storage of GM Cell Lines that would require a licence if dealings with those GMOs were undertaken.	GMOs will be stored in certified facilities or in other restricted access areas (such as a locked freezer or liquid nitrogen store).	Surrendered	3-Dec-2004	28-Sep-2007
		Pilot scale fermentation and processing of merozoite surface proteins (MSP) expressed in recombinant Escherichia coli	The aim is to use genetically modified bacteria to express proteins			20 204 200
DNIR-322	CSL Limited	(E.coli)	normally made by the malaria parasite to test as anti-malarial vaccines.	Expired	4-Jan-2005	31-Jul-2008
DNIR-323	Griffith University	Development of novel gene transfer vectors for gene therapy.	The aims are to develop new mechanisms and vectors for gene therapy of respiratory diseases and cancers.	Expired	7-Jan-2005	31-Aug-2013
		Complementation of mutations to genes that play a role in	This work will examine the processes important to adherance, colonisation, survival and pathogenesis employed by bacteria that			
DNIR-324	The University of Queensland	virulence in intestinal and extraintestinal bacteria.	cause enteric and urinary tract infections in humans. This project explores the molecular basis for albicidin antibiotic	Surrendered	7-Jan-2005	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-325 DNIR-326	The University of Queensland	Genetic analysis of X. albilineans.	biosynthesis and resistance in Xanthomonas albilineans. Storage of GMOs related to licenced dealings	Surrendered Withdrawn	7-Jan-2005	18-Oct-2007
DIVIN-320	St Vincent's Hospital (Melbourne)	Storage of GMOs that are a licensed dealing.		Williami		
DNIR-327	Mater Research Ltd	Retroviral expression of genes and small inhibitory RNA.	This study aims to use retroviral vectors to generate stable and transient expression of human and rodent genes in human and rodent cell lines.	Expired	7-Jan-2005	31-Jan-2010
DNIR-328	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Immunotherapy for hepatitis C virus infection.	The aim is to treat HCV-infected individuals who have failed conventional interferon-based therapy, with activated dendritic cells.	Expired	27-Jan-2005	31-Jan-2015
DNIR-329	The University of Melbourne	Identification of virulence determinants of Leptosphaeria maculans and sclerotinia sclerotiorum.	The aims are to identify the genes that allow L. maculans and S. sclerotiorum, two fungal pathogens, to cause disease in canola.	Surrendered	25-Jan-2005	21-Aug-2007
			The purpose of this dealing is to construct attenuated Salmonella strains for use as potential Salmonella vaccines and to study the			
			immunobiology of Salmonella infection and the efficacy of the			
DNIR-330	The University of Melbourne	Novel approaches to vaccination against bacterial diseases.	attenuated Salmonella strains as vaccine delivery vehicles for foreign antigens.	Surrendered	22-Jul-2005	23-Aug-2007
		Investigation of the virulence of Klebsiella pneumoniae:	The aims are to investigate the properties of the bacterium K. pneumoniae which allow it to cause pneumonia, urinary tract			
DNIR-331	The University of Melbourne	development of a vaccine and immunotherapeutics.	infections and sepsis.	Surrendered	24-Jan-2005	21-Aug-2007
		Identification of virulence-associated determinants and	This dealing aims to identify novel virulence-associated determinants in several bacterial pathogens of humans and to investigate whether these			
DNIR-332	The University of Melbourne	protective antigens in bacterial pathogens. Manipulation of Influenza A viruses using reverse genetics to	factors can be used as targets for therapeutic or prophylactic vaccines. The aims are to use reverse genetics on Influenza A virus to determine	Surrendered	27-Jan-2005	28-Aug-2007
DAUID 000		study both cellular, humoral and molecular characteristics of	the cellular, humoral and molecular characteristics of anti-viral	0	00 1 0005	
DNIR-333	The University of Melbourne	viral immunity.	immunity. The aim of this dealing is to store or dispose of pre-existing GMOs	Surrendered	28-Jan-2005	23-Aug-2007
DNIR-334	University of New South Wales	Storage of GMOs that are a licensed dealing.	generated by several GMAC dealings. The aims are to study the role of quorum sensing, quorum sensing genes	Surrendered	27-Jan-2005	21-Dec-2007
DNIR-335	University of New South Wales	The role of quorum sensing in biofilm formation, virulence factor expression and environmental adaptation.	and quorum sensing controlled factors in the processes of biofilm formation, environmental adaptation and infection	Surrendered	27-Jan-2005	21-Dec-2007
DNIR-336	University of Technology Sydney	Use of wild type, gene knock-out, and transgenic mice, and recombinant viruses to study cytokine biology.	The aims are to investigate the roles of immune cell activating proteins in the immune response to virus infection.	Expired	28-Jan-2005	31-Jan-2020
		Pilot scale fermentation and processing of hepatitis C polyprotein expressed in recombinant saccharomyces	The aims are to produce pilot-scale quantities of Hepatitis C virus			
DNIR-337	CSL Limited	cerevisiae.	polyprotein from S. cerevisiae for purification and vaccine formulation.	Surrendered	25-Jan-2005	8-Oct-2009
		Use of transgenic and gene knock-out mice and recombinant viruses to study tumour necrosis factor (TNF)-family molecule	The aims are to investigate the role of TNF-related apoptosis inducing			
DNIR-338	Western Sydney Local Health District	biology.	ligand (TRAIL) in the immune system. This study aims to identify the genes responsible for virulence in avian	Withdrawn		
DNIR-339	The University of Melbourne	Virulence genes of avian pathogenic Escherichia coli.	pathogenic Escherichia coli and to examine the efficacy of mutants with these genes deleted or disrupted as vaccine candidates	Surrendered	8-Feb-2005	21-Aug-2007
		(1) Regulation of secretion of the fungal virulence determinant, phospholipase B. (2) Fungal phospholipases: exploring a new	The aims are to determine the mechanisms regulating cryptococcal Phospholipase B (PLB) synthesis and secretion and to develop new			
DNIR-340	Western Sydney Local Health District Women's and Children's Health Network	target for drug discovery. Functional analysis of genes involved in haemopoiesis by	antifungals based on the inhibition of PLB. This project aims to investigate the function of various genes with regard	Withdrawn		
DNIR-341	Incorporated	retroviral expression in human cells and cell lines.	to the normal and abnormal growth of human blood cells.	Surrendered	24-Feb-2005	7-Nov-2008
DNIR-342	The Children's Hospital Westmead	Use of wild type, gene knock-out, and transgenic mice, and recombinant viruses to study cytokine biology.	The aims are to investigate the roles of immune cell activating proteins in the immune response to virus infection.	Surrendered	28-Jan-2005	22-Sep-2009
DNIR-343	Macquarie University	Production of TMV-GFP viral vector.	The aim of this project is to produce assembled TMV-GFP viral vector from RNA transcript in young plants.	Withdrawn		
		Studying the regulation of gene transcription using amphotropic	The aims of this project are to use replication defective amphotropic retroviruses to transfer genes into mammalian cell lines and primary			
DNIR-344	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	retroviruses.	cells. The purpose of the dealings is to investigate the function of potential	Surrendered	30-Mar-2005	21-Sep-2007
DNIR-345	The University of Sydney	Function of Dichelobacter nodosus genes and production of recombinant antigens.	virulence genes in Dichelobacter nododus, the causative agent of footrot and, to produce recombinant antigens.	Expired	6-Apr-2005	30-Apr-2015
DNIK-345	The oniversity of Syulley	recombinant antigens.	The aim of this dealing is to study cellular immunity of human peripheral	Expired	6-Apr-2005	30-Apr-2015
			blood mononuclear cells to Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and Hepatitis C virus (HCV) by expressing HIV and HCV antigens using			
			Vaccinia virus (VV) recombinant vectors and conducting in vitro assays that measure cytotoxic T cell activity, lymphoproliferative activity and			
DNIR-346	South Eastern Sydney Local Health District	Cellular Antiviral Immunity (including HIV and HCV)	cytokine production. The purpose of this dealing is to store GMOs that were previously	Surrendered	4-May-2005	25-May-2009
DNIR-347	University of Wollongong	Storage of GMOs that are GMAC, NLRD and DNIR dealings	covered under GMAC, NLRDs and DNIRs. The purpose of this dealing is to produce large-scale quantities of	Expired	5-May-2005	30-Nov-2010
DNIP 242	CCIRO	Production of anti-CD59 Fab fragments using recombinant E.	recombinant Escherichia coli expressing anti-CD59 antibody fragments	Curronder	14 4 0005	15 M 0010
DNIR-348	CSIRO	coli	and to purify the recombinant protein. The purpose of this dealing is to understand the role of genes of interest	Surrendered	14-Apr-2005	15-Mar-2010
DNIR-349	The University of Queensland	Investigation into the role of novel genes at the level of the cell and animal	in disease specifically inflammation, tissue regeneration and congenital abnormalities.	Expired	12-May-2005	31-May-2010
		Development of Chimeric and Humanized forms of a mouse	The aims of this dealing are to produce large-scale quantities of chimeric and humanised forms of the murine monoclonal antibody			
DNIR-350	University of Technology Sydney	monoclonal antibody	mKap. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the cell wall metabolism of	Expired	27-May-2005	31-May-2007
DNIR-351	The University of Melbourne	Cell wall metabolism in mycobacteria	Mycobacterium tuberculosis, the causative agent of tuberculosis.	Surrendered	27-Jun-2005	11-Sep-2014

The aim of this dealing is to investigate the role of various proteins

		Preparation of influenza vaccines of genetically modified,				
DNIR-352	Segirus Pty Ltd		The aim of the dealing is to prepare batches of inactivated human influenza vaccine from strains of attenuated avian influenza	Licence issued	6-Apr-2005	31-Mar-2030
DIVINOUS	odinas i i jed	(11141)] buong-bunu	To use an artificial infection system for PRSV-P and W using cloned	Literior issued	0-Apr-2003	31-1-lai-2030
		Investigation of Host Range Determinants in Papaya Ringspot	components to identify amino acids involved in host range through generation of recombinants representing mixtures of different regions of			
DNIR-353	Queensland University of Technology	Virus Analysis of telometric structure and function in human marker	the two genomes and in vitro mutagenesis This project aims to determine the structure and function of the ends	Withdrawn		
DNIR-354	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	chromosomes.	(telomeres) of human cytogenetic marker chromosomes The purpose of this dealing is to examine the function of potential	Withdrawn		
			virulence genes in Dichelobacter nodosus, the causative agent of			
DNIR-355	Department of Regional NSW	Function of Dichelobacter nodosus genes.	footrot, through in vivo testing on sheep (Ovis aries). The aims of this research are to clone and express venom proteins from	Expired	3-Jun-2005	30-Jun-2010
DNIR-356	QIMR Berghofer	Expression and characterization of novel genes from Australian snakes.	Australian elapid snakes in relation to the treatment of envenomation victims or as therapeutic agents.	Expired	16-Aug-2005	31-Aug-2015
		Investigation into the role of genes in neural development and	The aims of this research are to use replication defective lentiviral vectors as a tool to investigate the function of genes that are involved in			
DNIR-357	The University of Queensland	repair.	neural development and repair.	Expired	22-Aug-2005	31-Aug-2015
		Immunocontraceptive effects of recombinant murine cytomegaloviruses expressing mouse zona pellucida subunit 3	The purpose of this dealing is to test the efficacy and safety of recombinant Murine cytomegalovirus expressing immunocontraceptive			
DNIR-358	CSIRO	protein.	proteins.	Expired	30-Jun-2005	30-Nov-2013
DAUD OSO	CSIRO		The purpose of this dealing is to store GM cell lines that are no longer	F14	00 1 0005	00.110040
DNIR-359	CSIRO	Storage of GMOs that are licensed dealings.	being worked on but for which the researchers wish to maintain stocks. The aims of this research are to investigate the role of flaviviral genes	Expired	30-Jun-2005	30-Nov-2013
DNIR-360	The University of Queensland	Identification of virulence determinants in encephalitic flaviviruses	and untranslated genomic regions in the virulence and pathogenicity of encephalitic flaviviruses.	Surrendered	7-Oct-2005	15-Jun-2010
			The aim of this research is to utilise replication defective viral vectors for the delivery of tumour-suppressor genes and oncogenes in order to			
		Viral mediated approaches to examine cell proliferation,	study the proliferation, differentiation, transformation and death of			
DNIR-361	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	differentiation transformation and death.	mammalian cultured cells. The aim of this project is to study those genes that appear, under	Withdrawn		
			laboratory conditions, to be essential for biofilm development and grazing resistance under real life conditions in the marine environment			
		The role of quorum sensing and biofilm related genes in	where the bacteria are exposed to natural variations in nutrients, light,			
DNIR-362 DNIR-363	University of New South Wales Flinders University	environmental adaptation by marine Vibrio spp. Storage of GMO's associated with the DNIR project.	and temperatures.	Withdrawn Withdrawn		
		Generation and characterisation of poxvirus Tumour Necrosis	The aims of this research are to investigate how poxvirus tumour			
DNIR-364	University of Technology Sydney	Factor Receptor (TNF-R) homologues orfs in subversion of cellular TNF-R signalling.	necrosis factor receptor-like proteins are able to inhibit the death of infected cells.	Surrendered	25-Oct-2005	12-Dec-2024
		Infusion of Ad5F35pp65-stimulated, donor-derived cytotoxic T lymphocytes for the prevention of CMV reactivation and	The aim of this dealing is to conduct a clinical trial in patients undergoing blood or bone marrow transplantation. The trial will involve			
DNIR-365	Western Sydney Local Health District	infection following allogeneic stem cell transplantation.	the use of a recombinant adenovirus as an antigen source	Withdrawn		
			The aims of this dealing are to conduct two phase III clinical trials of ChimeriVax™-JE a live, attenuated, genetically modified vaccine against			
DNIR-366	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Phase III clinical trials of ChimeriVax™-JE	Japanese encephalitis (JE). The purpose of this dealing is to clone and express the cholera toxin of	Expired	26-Sep-2005	30-Jun-2009
		Malandar abanasania sina afaha binganania and astina af	Vibrio cholerae and related enterotoxins of Escherichia coli, and to			
DNIR-367	Australian National University	Molecular characterisation of the biogenesis and action of cholera toxin and related enterotoxins	analyse their interactions with mammalian cells, for potential use in therapeutics.	Expired	30-Nov-2005	30-Nov-2010
		Measurement of cell entry mediated by HIV-1 particles	The aims of this dealing are to investigate the entry into human liver cells in vitro of HIV-1 particles pseudotyped with Hepatitis C virus (HCV)			
DNIR-368	Monash University	pseudotyped with hepatitis C virus (HCV) envelope proteins. A Multicentre, Double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled	envelope proteins	Surrendered	6-Dec-2005	25-Aug-2016
		phase II proof-of-concept study to evaluate the safety and	The aims of the dealing are to test the safety, efficacy and tolerability of			
			a recombinant adenovirus vaccine containing genes from HIV-1 to act as a prophylactic vaccine to prevent HIV-1 infection of HIV-1 seronegative			
DNIR-369	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited	at high risk of HIV-1 infection	individuals. The aims of the dealing are to test the safety, efficacy and tolerability of	Expired	6-Feb-2006	31-Jan-2011
		A randomised study of theraputic immunization and treatment	a recombinant adenovirus containing genes from HIV-1 as a therapeutic			
		interruption among subjects who began potent antiretroviral therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV	vaccine to suppress viral replication and lower the viral load in patients who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who	Integrated into		
DNIR-370	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection	vaccine to suppress viral replication and lower the viral load in patients who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy.	Integrated into DNIR-369		
DNIR-370 DNIR-371	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell lines	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by			
		therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy.	DNIR-369	9-Feb-2006	28-Feb-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV indection Generation of assay cell lines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired	9-Feb-2006	28-Feb-2011
DNIR-371	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell lines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Detta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale	DNIR-369 Withdrawn	9-Feb-2006	28-Feb-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV indection Generation of assay cell lines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus.	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired	9-Feb-2006 20-Feb-2006	28-Feb-2011 31-May-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell lines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn		
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell lines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Detta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells.	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis detta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn		
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell lines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn		
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell lines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Detta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired		
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell lines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Detta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-related liver disease. This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes.	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired		
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374 DNIR-375	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited The University of Adelaide	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell tines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein expression in cultured cells and livers of mice	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-dealed liver disease. This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. The aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	20-Feb-2006	31-May-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited The University of Adelaide	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell tines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein expression in cultured cells and livers of mice	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis detta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-telated liver disease This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. The aim of the proposed dealing is to identify genes that are	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	20-Feb-2006	31-May-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited The University of Adelaide	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell tines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein expression in cultured cells and livers of mice	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-infected to liver disease. This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them The aim of the	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	20-Feb-2006	31-May-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited The University of Adelaide	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell tines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein expression in cultured cells and livers of mice	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-telated liver disease This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. The aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify and the proposed dealings is to identify and the program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, and the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in keratinocytes.	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	20-Feb-2006	31-May-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited The University of Adelaide	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell tines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein expression in cultured cells and livers of mice	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis B deta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-related liver disease This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. The aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. Cetermine whether they are aberranty expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carriinogenic consequences of aberranty expressing themThe aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberranty expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carriinogenic consequences of aberranty expressing themThe aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	20-Feb-2006	31-May-2011
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DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374 DNIR-375 DNIR-376 DNIR-376 DNIR-376 DNIR-380 DNIR-381 DNIR-381 DNIR-382 DNIR-383	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited The University of Adetaide The University of Sydney University of Tasmania University of Tasmania University of Tasmania University of Melbourne The University of Melbourne The University of Melbourne Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Royal Perth Hospital	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell tines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein expression in cultured cells and livers of mice RCAS gene transmission to TVA transgenic mice and cells Storage of GMOs that are licenced dealing Engineering anaerobic bacteria for multimodal cancer therapy Biological requirements for prion formation Mutations in humans prion diseases Analysis of HIV vaccination strategies Analysis of molecular signalling for growth of blood vessels and lymphatic vessels using adenoviral gene transfer Construction of recombinant plasmids carrying HCV viral genome inserts.	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-related liver disease This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. The aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neak region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neak region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them the intention process. The aims of this study are to i	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-381 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	20-Feb-2006 10-Apr-2006 9-May-2006 16-May-2006	31-May-2011 30-Apr-2016 31-Oct-2011 31-May-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374 DNIR-375 DNIR-376 DNIR-376 DNIR-376 DNIR-378 DNIR-380 DNIR-380 DNIR-381 DNIR-382	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited The University of Adelaide The University of Sydney University of Tasmania University of Tasmania University of Tasmania Griffith University The University of Melbourne The University of Melbourne The University of Melbourne Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell tines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein expression in cultured cells and livers of mice RCAS gene transmission to TVA transgenic mice and cells Storage of GMO's that are licenced dealing Engineering anaerobic bacteria for multimodal cancer therapy Biological requirements for prion formation Mutations in humans prion diseases Analysis of HIV vaccination strategies Analysis of molecular signalling for growth of blood vessels and lymphatic vessels using adenoviral gene transfer Construction of recombinant plasmids carrying HCV viral genome inserts. Clinical trials of ChimeriVax*Tetravalent Dengue Vaccine	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-related liver disease This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. The aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing them the aim of the proposed dealings is to identify regions of the protein that modulate the infection process. The aims of this study are to investigate the potential of utilising anaerobic bacteria that express recombinant vaccinia and influenza viruse	DNIR-389 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-381 Withdrawn Expired	20-Feb-2006 10-Apr-2006 9-May-2006 16-May-2006	31-May-2011 30-Apr-2016 31-Oct-2011 31-May-2011
DNIR-371 DNIR-372 DNIR-373 DNIR-374 DNIR-375 DNIR-376 DNIR-376 DNIR-376 DNIR-380 DNIR-381 DNIR-381 DNIR-382 DNIR-383	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research Melbourne Health The Children's Hospital Westmead CSL Limited The University of Adetaide The University of Sydney University of Tasmania University of Tasmania University of Tasmania University of Melbourne The University of Melbourne The University of Melbourne Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Royal Perth Hospital	therapy within 16 days of diganosis of acute or recent HIV infection Generation of assay cell tines The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on Hepatitis Delta Virus assembly and release. Studies of human cell immortalisation using adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors Fermentation and Processing of a Recombinant Antibody Expressed in Recombinant Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. Adenoviruses as a delivery vector of exogenous protein expression in cultured cells and livers of mice RCAS gene transmission to TVA transgenic mice and cells Storage of GMOs that are licenced dealing Engineering anaerobic bacteria for multimodal cancer therapy Biological requirements for prion formation Mutations in humans prion diseases Analysis of HIV vaccination strategies Analysis of molecular signalling for growth of blood vessels and lymphatic vessels using adenoviral gene transfer Construction of recombinant plasmids carrying HCV viral genome inserts.	who have been diagnosed with acute or recent HIV-1 infection and who have been receiving antiretroviral therapy. The aims of this research are to study the effect of mutations encoded by the Hepatitis B virus envelope genes on the assembly and release of Hepatitis delta virus. The purpose of this dealing is to produce and purify pilot-scale quantities of recombinant, chimeric anti-cancer antibodies from Chinese Hamster Ovary cells The aim of the proposed dealing is to use an adenovirus gene-delivery and over-expression system to evaluate the role that several cellular gene products, previously identified through microarray analysis of HCV-infected tissue, play in the progression of HCV-feated liver disease. This study aims to identify human and mouse genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes. The aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressed in cancers of the skin and head and neck region and to assess the carcinogenic consequences of aberrantly expressing themThe aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in keratinocytes, determine whether they are aberrantly expressing themThe aim of the proposed dealings is to identify genes that are responsible for maintaining a normal differentiation program in the responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in the responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in the responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in the responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in the responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in the responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in the responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in the responsible for maintaining an ormal differentiation program in the respo	DNIR-369 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Surrendered Integrated into DNIR-381 Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	20-Feb-2006 10-Apr-2006 9-May-2006 16-May-2006	31-May-2011 30-Apr-2016 31-Oct-2011 31-May-2011

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			This project utilises virus-based gene delivery to examine the processes that control the function of the heart and circulation in health and			
DNIR-388	Baker Heart & Diabetes Institute	in vitro and in vivo	disease. The aim of the proposed dealings is to study the pathogenesis of Ross	Expired	1-Sep-2006	31-Aug-2012
DNIR-389	Griffith University	Mechanisms of Ross River viral disease Identification of virulence determinants of Venturia	River virus-induced polyarthritis in a mouse model.	Licence issued	1-Sep-2006	19-Dec-2026
DNIR-390	La Trobe University	inaequalis,Botrytis cinerea and Sclerotinia sclerotiorum	The aim of this dealing is to produce four types of recombinant pili	Withdrawn		
DNIR-391	Bioproperties Pty Ltd	Production of Neovac antigens	antigens to be used in the manufacture of a vaccine against neonatal scours in pigs. The aims of this dealing are to identify and study the expression and	Expired	16-Oct-2006	31-Oct-2012
DNIR-392	The University of Western Australia	Plasmids in Neisseria sp	function of genes involved in pathogenicity/virulence of Neisseria meningitidis and N. gonorrhoeae.	Surrendered	2-Nov-2006	4-Oct-2011
DNIR-393	University of New South Wales	Evolution of Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) in Cell Culture	The purpose of this dealing is to generate full-length infectious clones of	Withdrawn		
	7	Generation of low-pathogenic enteroviral full-length infections clones	several low-pathogenic enteroviruses of the picornaviridae for characterisation of the virus genome(s) by in vitro studies.	Surrendered		
DNIR-394	The University of Newcastle	The use of lenti-viral vectors as delivery systems for the knock-	characterisation of the virus genome(s) by in viruo studies.	Surrendered	10-Nov-2006	30-Nov-2010
DNIR-395	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	down of proteins involved in gastric vagal afferent mechanosensitivity		Withdrawn		
			This dealing aims to analyse the function of various invertebrate viral genomes by mutagensis and subsequent analysis of virus function in			
DNIR-396	The University of Queensland	Analysis of invertebrate virus genomes	vitro and in vivo. The aim of the proposed dealings is to use reverse genetics to produce	Surrendered	21-Nov-2006	8-Jun-2016
		Development of improved attenuated H5 influenza virus for	an improved, attenuated H5 influenza vaccine strain with increased levels of surface haemagglutinin (HA) through modification of the HA			
DNIR-397	Seqirus Pty Ltd	production of killed influenza vaccine Large Scale Production of a Human/Chimeric IgG4 Antibody for	gene. The purpose of this dealing is to produce large scale quantities of a	Surrendered	28-Nov-2006	19-Dec-2014
DNIR-398	QIMR Berghofer	Clinical trials	chimeric IgG4 antibody via cell culture for clinical use	Expired	9-Nov-2006	30-Nov-2011
DNIR-399	La Trobe University	Mechanisms of cell death	The aim of the dealing is to import Canadian canola seed into	Withdrawn		
DNIR-400	Cargill Australia Limited	Canadian canola seed import for further processing at Newcastle	Newcastle, NSW, Australia for crushing in order to supply domestic oil and meal demands.	Expired	22-Sep-2006	30-Sep-2021
			The purpose of this dealing is to characterise antibiotic resistance- associated genetic loci such as resistance genes and mobile genetic			
DNIR-401	Westmead Institute for Medical Research	Transmissible genetic elements in bacteria	elements in bacteria.	Licence issued	23-Jan-2007	20-Jan-2027
		Single armed, multicentre, open label clinical study evaluating the safety and tolerability of NovaCaps in patients with	The aim of this dealing is to conduct a phase I clinical trial of an encapsulated cell therapy product (NovaCaps) that activates the			
DNIR-402 DNIR-403	Clinical Network Services (CNS) Pty Ltd Progen Industries Limited	inoperable pancreatic carcinoma Large scale production of Mannan Fusion Protein	prodrug ifosfamide in patients with inoperable pancreatic carcinoma.	Surrendered Withdrawn	16-Jan-2007	7-Nov-2008
		A Gene Therapy Strategy for Prion Disease using Lentiviral Vector	r			
DNIR-404	The University of Sydney	Delivery of Short Hairpin RNA (shRNA) Targeting the PrPc Gene	The aim of this dealing is to investigate mating and growth regulators in	Withdrawn		
DNIR-405	The University of Queensland	Overexpression and mutant complementation in Cryptococcus		Surrendered	5-Mar-2007	22-Jan-2009
DNID 400	Imusono Limitos	Construction and testing of porcine adenovirus (PAV) vectors	The aim of this dealing is to develop and conduct in vitro tests of	Surrandarad	F A 2007	05 Inn 0010
DNIR-406	Imugene Limited	expressing foreign DNA	potential vaccines and therapeutics for the poultry and pork industries	Surrendered	5-Apr-2007	25-Jan-2013
DNIR-407	Imugene Limited	Construction and testing of fowl adenovirus (FAV) vectors expressing foreign DNA	The aim of this dealing is to develop and conduct in vitro tests of potential vaccines and therapeutics for the poultry and pork industries	Surrendered	5-Apr-2007	25-Jan-2013
DNIR-408 DNIR-409	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science The University of New England	Binding and replication studies of Norovirus Is XprG a global regulator of fungal virulence?		Withdrawn Withdrawn		
DNIR-410	Women's and Children's Health Network Incorporated	New approaches to understanding bone fusion		Withdrawn		
DNIR-411	Murdoch University	Pathogenicity determinants of Septoria (Stagonospora) nodorum		Withdrawn		
DNIR-412	Queensland University of Technology	Population dynamics of arboviruses		Not Issued		
DNIR-413	The University of Melbourne	Analysis of malaria proteins and regulatory DNA sequences through disruption and complementation		Withdrawn		
		Characterisation of Cytomegalovirus chemokine receptor	The purpose of this dealing is to investigate the function of mouse and human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and			
DNIR-414	The University of Queensland	homologues		Surrendered	13-Jun-2007	3-Mar-2025
DNIR-414	The University of Queensland	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a	Surrendered	13-Jun-2007	3-Mar-2025
DNIR-414 DNIR-415	The University of Western Australia	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection	Surrendered Surrendered	13-Jun-2007 2-Jul-2007	3-Mar-2025 12-May-2015
	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAV.sFtt-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in			
DNIR-415	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne-	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAU.sRt-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD)	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in patients suffering exudative age related macular degeneration	Surrendered		
DNIR-415 DNIR-416 DNIR-417	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAV.sFlt-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD) Dissecting the mechanism of immunodominance hierarchy Studies of dengue type 2 virus replication	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in	Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn	2-Jul-2007	12-May-2015
DNIR-415 DNIR-416	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAV.sFlt-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD) Dissecting the mechanism of immunodominance hierarchy	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinicat trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in patients suffering exudative age related macular degeneration The purpose of this dealing is to use GM viruses to understand how novel	Surrendered Withdrawn		
DNIR-415 DNIR-416 DNIR-417	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAV-sRt-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD) Dissecting the mechanism of immunodominance hierarchy Studies of dengue type 2 virus replication Anti Viral Drugs	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in patients suffering exudative age related macular degeneration The purpose of this dealing is to use GM viruses to understand how novel anti-HIV drugs act against HIV-1 and confirm the target site of drug	Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn	2-Jul-2007	12-May-2015
DNIR-415 DNIR-416 DNIR-417 DNIR-418 DNIR-419	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch Macfartane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health Biotron Limited Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAV.sFlt-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD) Dissecting the mechanism of immunodominance hierarchy Studies of dengue type 2 virus replication Anti Viral Drugs Designing novel vaccination approaches to provide protection against vaccinia virus infection Determining the relative packaging efficiency of HIV-1 and HIV-1	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in patients suffering exudative age related macular degeneration The purpose of this dealing is to use GM viruses to understand how novel anti-HIV drugs act against HIV-1 and confirm the target site of drug activity The purpose of the dealing is to determine the relative packaging efficiencies of wild-type HIV-1 genomic RNA and the genomic RNA of	Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	2-Jul-2007 17-Sep-2007	12-May-2015 15-Feb-2015
DNIR-415 DNIR-416 DNIR-417 DNIR-418 DNIR-419 DNIR-420	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health Biotron Limited Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science Central Adelaide Local Health Network	homologues A phase IVII human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAV.sFIL-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD) Dissecting the mechanism of immunodominance hierarchy Studies of dengue type 2 virus replication Anti Viral Drugs Designing novel vaccination approaches to provide protection against vaccinia virus infection Determining the relative packaging efficiency of HIV-1 and HIV-1 derived vector genomes Recombinant, live attenuated Japanese encephalitis vaccine	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinicat trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in patients suffering exudative age related macular degeneration The purpose of this dealing is to use GM viruses to understand how novel anti-HIV drugs act against HIV-1 and confirm the target site of drug activity The purpose of the dealing is to determine the relative packaging	Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Surrendered	2-Jul-2007	12-May-2015
DNIR-415 DNIR-416 DNIR-417 DNIR-418 DNIR-419	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch Macfartane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health Biotron Limited Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAV. SFL-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD) Dissecting the mechanism of immunodominance hierarchy Studies of dengue type 2 virus replication Anti Viral Drugs Designing novel vaccination approaches to provide protection against vaccinia virus infection Determining the relative packaging efficiency of HIV-1 and HIV-1 derived vector genomes	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in patients suffering exudative age related macular degeneration The purpose of this dealing is to use GM viruses to understand how novel anti-HIV drugs act against HIV-1 and confirm the target site of drug activity The purpose of the dealing is to determine the relative packaging efficiencies of wild-type HIV-1 genomic RNA and the genomic RNA of attenuated HIV-1 derived gene vectors The aim of the project is to understand how hepatitis C virus causes	Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn	2-Jul-2007 17-Sep-2007	12-May-2015 15-Feb-2015
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DNIR-415 DNIR-416 DNIR-417 DNIR-417 DNIR-419 DNIR-420 DNIR-421	The University of Western Australia Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch Macfartane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Heatth Biotron Limited Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science Central Adelaide Local Health Network Sanofi Pasteur Pty Ltd	homologues A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of rAAV.sFlt-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD) Dissecting the mechanism of immunodominance hierarchy Studies of dengue type 2 virus replication Anti Viral Drugs Designing novel vaccination approaches to provide protection against vaccinia virus infection Determining the relative packaging efficiency of HIV-1 and HIV-1 derived vector genomes Recombinant, live attenuated Japanese encephalitis vaccine (ChimeriVax*-JE)	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in patients suffering exudative age related macular degeneration The purpose of this dealing is to use GM viruses to understand how novel anti-HIV drugs act against HIV-1 and confirm the target site of drug activity The purpose of the dealing is to determine the relative packaging efficiencies of wild-type HIV-1 genomic RNA and the genomic RNA of attenuated HIV-1 derived gene vectors The aim of the project is to understand how hepatitis C virus causes disease in infected people, including fatty liver, inflammation and scarring of the liver, liver failure and liver cancer The purpose of this dealing is to suity the replication of genetically modified floss Kiver virus trains in mosquitoes	Surrendered Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Withdrawn Surrendered Withdrawn	2-Jul-2007 17-Sep-2007 5-Oct-2007	12-May-2015 15-Feb-2015 22-Sep-2011
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		The effects of BCR-ABL and BCR-ABL mutants on transporter				
DNIR-436	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	expression and function Cleanroom manufacturing of a chemotherapeutic drug delivery	The purpose of this dealing is to produce large scale preparations of a	Withdrawn		
DNIR-437	QIMR Berghofer	technology for use in cancer therapy Phase 1 safety study in subjects with severe Hemophilia B (Factor IX Deficiency) using adeno-associated viral vector to	drug delivery vehicle for use in cancer therapy The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I clinical trial of a genetically modified, replication defective Adeno-associated viral vector	Surrendered	29-Apr-2008	25-May-2009
DNIR-438	Royal Prince Alfred Hospital	deliver the gene for Human Factor IX into the liver coupled with transient immunomodulation.	in patients suffering Hemophilia B in combination with immunosuppressive therapy. The aim of the proposed dealings is to investigate the regulation of	Surrendered	20-Jun-2008	7-Jan-2013
DNIR-439	The University of Queensland	Virus-mediated approaches to examine cardiovascular disease in vitro and in vivo	rodents using replication-defective viral vectors.	Licence issued	30-Jun-2008	31-Mar-2028
DNIR-440	The University of Queensland	Mechanisms of growth hormone signalling II	This project will investigate how growth hormone signals via the growth hormone receptor and other genes to control growth and metabolism, and its role in the development of cancer.	Licence issued	30-Jun-2008	30-Apr-2028
DNIR-441	OIMR Berghofer	Characterizing Host Immunity to Plasmodium	The aims of this dealing are to characterise Plasmodium antigens in vitro and in vivo, to assess their suitability in the development of a malaria vaccine	Expired	45 Ind 2000	24 1 2040
DNIK-441	Women's and Children's Health Network		The purpose of this dealing is to test lentiviral HIV-1 vector systems for		15-Jul-2008	31-Jul-2019
DNIR-442	Incorporated	Lentivirus Gene Transfer to Treat Cystic Fibrosis Airway Disease	The purpose of this dealing is to identify sequence changes in H5N1	Surrendered	21-Jul-2008	10-Nov-2016
DNIR-443	CSIRO	Avian Influenza: A Study of Molecular Pathogenesis	influenza viral genes that cause differences in the severity of disease symptoms in avian and mammalian hosts. This study aims to utilise adenoviral and adeno-associated viral vector	Expired	7-Aug-2008	31-Oct-2021
DNIR-444	The Bionics Institute of Australia	Gene transfer of neurotrophins for survival and reconnection of regenerating auditory nerves	gene therapy to determine whether locally expressed neurotrophins can promote nerve survival and nerve regeneration in the inner ear of animals	Expired	4-Apr-2008	30-Apr-2013
DNIR-445	CSIRO	Characterisation of pathogenicity determinants of Fusarium oxysporum		Withdrawn		
DNIK-445	Caino	Transduction of islets with Adenovirus and Adeno associated		Williamii		
DNIR-446	The Queen Elizabeth Hospital	virus expressing marker and/or therapeutic genes to improve islet survival and function following transplantation		Withdrawn		
DNIR-447	CSIRO	Characterisation of putative pathogenicity determinants in Fusarium species by gene knockout and complementation		Withdrawn		
DNIR-448	O'Brien Institute	Targeting NADPH oxidase in angiogenesis in vivo	The purpose of this dealing is to analyze the safety and efficacy of	Withdrawn		
DNIR-449	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Phase I study of autologous T lymphocytes with an anti LeY chimeric receptor gene for patients with Multiple Myeloma, AML or high-risk MDS	autologous administration of genetically modified T-lymphocytes expressing an anti-Lewis Y antibody for the treatment of cancer in patients enrolled in a Phase I clinical trial.	Expired	6-Nov-2008	31-Dec-2012
DNIR-450	Monash University	Polymyxin resistance in Gram-negative bacteria Expression of tysosomal enzymes and shRNA from a lentiviral	The purpose of this dealing is the development of gene therapies for the	Withdrawn		
DNIR-451	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	vector and gene therapy for MPS	treatment of lysosomal storage diseases using lentiviral vectors. The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral	Expired	11-Dec-2008	4-Apr-2014
DNIR-452	The University of Queensland	Genome wide overexpresion and knockdown of mRNA transcripts at the level of the cell	vectors encoding gene silencing constructs to study gene expression in mammalian cells in vitro	Surrendered	22-Dec-2008	20-Aug-2012
			The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral			
DNIR-453	The University of Queensland	Investigations into the role of novel genes at the level of the cell and animal	vectors in vitro and in vivo as a tool to investigate the function of genes involved in eukaryotic tissue, organ and organism development.	Surrendered	19-Apr-2009	11-Jan-2016
DNIR-454	University of New South Wales	Development of a pseudo-typed NoV to investigate NoV replication in cell culture	The purpose of this dealing is to develop a pseudo-typed murine Norovirus to investigate Norovirus replication in cell culture.	Expired	24-Feb-2009	13-Jun-2014
		Clinical Study MI-CP178 - A Phase 1/2a, Randomized, Double- Blind, Placebo-Controlled, Dose-Escalation Study to Evaluate the Safety, Tolerability, immunogenicity and Vaccine-like Viral Shedding of MED-ES4, a Live, Attenuated Intranasal Vaccine Against Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) and Parainfluenze Virus Type 3 (PIV3), in Healthy 6 to <24 Month-old Children and	, i			
DNIR-455	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	in 2 Month-old Infants	The purpose of this dealing is to test prime-boost anti-cancer vaccines	Withdrawn		
DNIR-456	The University of Western Australia The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	Development of a prime-boost anti-cancer vaccine Knockdown of gene expression in human and mouse cells using	using in vivo murine tumour models. The purpose of these dealings is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors encoding gene silencing constructs to study cellular behaviour in	Expired	19-Mar-2009	31-Mar-2019
DNIR-457	Research	lentiviral libraries	vitro.	Surrendered	20-Mar-2009	20-Aug-2012
DNIR-458	CSIRO	Pathogenicity of J paramyxovirus (JPV) and Beilong paramyxovirus (BeiPV)	The purpose of this dealing is to generate recombinant J Paramyxovirus and Beilong Paramyxovirus that including changes in viral genes or non-coding regions to determine their influence on pathogenicity	Expired	6-Apr-2009	30-Apr-2014
	Women's and Children's Health Network		The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors in vitro and in vivo as a tool to investigate the function of genes			
DNIR-459	Incorporated	Molecular mechanisms of bone growth Use of a short hairpin microRNAi (shRNA-mir) lentiviral based	involved in bone growth or repair. The purpose of these dealings is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors encoding gene silencing constructs to study cellular behaviour in	Expired	14-Apr-2009	30-Apr-2014
DNIR-460	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	library for small and large scale functional genomics screens Clinical trials to evaluate the efficacy and safety of treatment	vitro. The purpose of the dealings is to undertake the Australian arm of multi-	Expired	20-Mar-2009	31-Mar-2024
DNIR-461	Amgen Australia Pty Ltd	with GM human herpes virus 1 (talimogene laherparepvec)	national clinical trials in melanoma patients.	Expired	26-Jun-2009	31-Mar-2019
DNIR-462	University of Technology Sydney	Roles for TNF-family molecules in anti-viral immunity	The purpose of the dealings is to generate anaerobic bacteria that	Withdrawn		
DNIR-463	Griffith University	Engineering anaerobic bacteria for multimodal cancer therapy	express recombinant immunotoxins specific for solid tumours and to test the oncolytic activity of the GMO in vitro and in vivo.	Licence issued	30-Sep-2009	30-Sep-2025
DNIR-464	QIMR Berghofer	Investigation of malaria parasite proteins Investigation of polymerase (PB1) fidelity from different	The purpose of the dealing is to construct reassorted influenza viruses	Withdrawn		
DNIR-465 DNIR-466	South Eastern Sydney Local Health District Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	influenza strains Regulation of Tumor Suppression	by reverse genetics for research purposes.	Licence issued Withdrawn	6-Sep-2009	30-Sep-2027
		The role of LIMK1 and its interacting proteins in cancer	The purpose of this dealing is to identify novel proteins involved in cancer metastasis and explore the role of these and LIM kinases in	_		
DNIR-467	St Vincent's Institute of Medical Research	metastasis	tumour cell invasiveness. The aim of the proposed dealings is to investigate the function of	Surrendered	13-Oct-2009	13-Nov-2013
DNIR-468	QIMR Berghofer	Investigation of malaria parasite proteins	characterised and uncharacterised DNA sequences in the erythrocytic stage rodent and human malaria parasite Plasmodium.	Expired	30-Oct-2009	31-Oct-2019
DNIR-469	The University of Melbourne	Complementation of Mycobacterium spp and Streptomyces spp with genes required for the synthesis of mycolactones	The aim of the proposed dealing is to understand how mycobacteria produce mycolactones	Expired	26-Oct-2009	31-Oct-2024
			The purpose of this dealing is to understand: 1) how S. aureus strains develop low-level resistance to the antibiotic vancomycin; and 2) the			
DNIR-470	The University of Melbourne	Pathogenesis in Staphylococcus aureus	role of S. aureus protein toxins in disease. This study aims to utilise adeno-associated viral vector gene therapy to determine whether a locally expressed immunosuppressive genes can	Licence issued	13-Nov-2009	30-Nov-2029
DNIR-471	The University of Sydney	Adeno-associated virus expression of immunosuppressive genes in rodent livers	promote the acceptance of transplanted organs in animal transplant models. The size of this dealing are to investigate the role of flaviviral dense and	Expired	16-Oct-2009	30-Oct-2019
DAUG ::	T		The aims of this dealing are to investigate the role of flaviviral genes and untranslated genomic regions in the neurovirulence and/or			
DNIR-472	The University of Queensland	Vector competence studies on selected flavivirus mutants	pathogenicity of flaviviruses The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral	Licence issued	9-Nov-2009	30-Nov-2029
DNIR-473	The University of Melbourne	Cardiovascular reactivity to stress: role of redox signaling in the hypothalamus and brainstem	cardiovascular response to stress.	Surrendered	21-Dec-2009	25-Mar-2013
DNIR-474	The University of Melbourne	The Impact of influenza A virus PB1-F2 protein on host immunity and potential for therapeutic targeting	the protein PB1 F2 contributes to the virulence of Influenza A virus.	Expired	15-Jan-2010	31-Jan-2015
			The purpose of this dealing is to study the importance of the enzyme NADPH oxidase in the growth of blood vessels and tumours that depend			
DNIR-475	O'Brien Institute	Targeting NADPH Oxidase in angiogenesis Developing lentiviral vectors for gene therapy of Friedreich	on the blood vessel growth. The purpose of the dealing is to develop replication defective lentiviral	Surrendered	15-Feb-2010	15-Feb-2012
DNIR-476			vectors for gene therapy of Friedreich Ataxia.	Surrendered		6-May-2013
	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	ataxia	The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the efficacy of vaccines	Surrendered	2-Mar-2010	0-1-lay-2013
DNIR-477	Murdoch Children's Research Institute The University of Adelaide	ataxia Human immunodeficiency vaccine studies		Licence issued	2-Mar-2010 12-Apr-2010	30-Apr-2026

			The proposed dealings are to introduce an interferon gene into the genome of Murray Valley encephalitis virus or chimeric Murray Valley			
			encephalitis virus that has had two structural genes replaced with those of Dengue virus, with an aim to create interferon-adjuvanted flavivirus			
DNIR-478	University of Canberra	Interferon-adjuvanted flavivirus vaccine Modulation of brain activity for understanding cardiovascular	vaccines. The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors to deliver genes to brain regions of rodents to examine the role of	Expired	23-Mar-2010	31-Mar-2025
DNIR-479	The University of Melbourne	diseases	specific neurons in the regulation of cardiovascular function. This study aims to use retroviral vectors to investigate signalling	Surrendered	30-Mar-2010	16-Oct-2012
DNIR-480	The University of Queensland	In vivo modification of target cell populations to study signalling pathways	pathways involved in stem cell differentiation and the onset of metastasis in a whole animal context.	Expired	5-May-2010	31-May-2015
DNIR-481	CSL Limited	Rescue of Influenza B viruses by reverse genetics for research purposes		Withdrawn		
		· ·	The purpose of this dealing is to use Australian Leichmania as a tool to			
DNIR-482	The Kids Research Institute Australia	Comparative analysis of human and kangaroo Leishmania: defining human pathogenicity genes.	The purpose of this dealing is to use Australian Leishmania as a tool to identify genes involved in pathogenesis of human Leishmania species. This study aims to use genetically modified Fowlpox virus to investigate	Expired	28-May-2010	31-May-2019
DNIR-483	The University of Queensland	Manipulation of the immune system in mouse skin using immunoregulatory cytokines Rescue of Influenza A viruses by reverse genetics for research	the ability of immunomodulatory molecules to enhance the action of an anti-cancer vaccine.	Surrendered	1-Jun-2010	4-Jul-2014
DNIR-484	CSL Limited	purposes		Withdrawn		
			The purpose of the dealings is to generate and use a genetically modified			
DNIR-485	QIMR Berghofer	Mouse studies using EcoHIV	HIV that specifically infects rodents to analyse the role of specific host genes or drugs in regulating anti-viral immunity and virus replication.	Surrendered	15-Jul-2010	27-May-2025
			This study aims to test an in vitro model for HIV gene therapy, by challenging transgenic cells expressing potential anti-HIV genes with GM			
DNIR-486	Calimmune Australia Pty Ltd	Gene Therapy for HIV	HIV virions. The purpose of this dealing is to use lentiviral mediated short hairpin	Expired	20-Jul-2010	31-Jul-2015
DNIR-487	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	The use of short hairpin microRNAi lentiviral based constructs and libraries for functional analysis	RNAi sequences to identify genes and/or pathways involved in various diseases such as cancer and diabetes, as well as immunological and neurological disorders.	Licence issued	25-Aug-2010	31-Aug-2030
DIVIN-407	rially i cikins insulate of riedical nescarcii		The purpose of the dealings is to use reverse genetics to produce	Electrice issued	25-Aug-2010	31-Aug-2030
DNIR-488	CSIRO	Identification of determinants of virulence and vector competence factors in Bluetongue virus	genetically-modified Bluetongue virus to identify determinants of virulence and vector competence.	Expired	30-Aug-2010	31-Aug-2015
DNIR-489	St Vincent's Institute of Medical Research	The Role of micro-RNAs in Cancer Models	This study aims to use replication-defective lentiviral vectors to study genes and micro-RNAs involved in tumour invasion and metastasis.	Surrendered	1-Sep-2010	8-Jul-2012
		Identification of determinants of virulence and vector	The purpose of the dealings is to produce genetically modified insect- vectored animal Rhabdoviruses to identify determinants of virulence			
DNIR-490	CSIRO	competence factors in ephemeroviruses	and vector competence. This study aims to elucidate the mechanism of action of a virulence	Expired	22-Oct-2010	31-Oct-2015
		Cloning and over-expression of a metalloprotease implicated in	factor from the coral pathogen Vibrio coralliilyticus. The virulence factor, a metalloprotease, will be overexpressed in an attenuated vaccine strain			
DNIR-491	Australian Institute of Marine Science	the virulence of a coral pathogen vibrio corallilyticus	of V. cholerae. The purpose of the dealings is to use reverse genetics to produce	Expired	31-Oct-2010	31-Oct-2015
			genetically modified (GM) Taura syndrome virus to identify virulence			
DNIR-492	CSIRO	Construction of a Taura syndrome virus infectious clone	determinants. The aim of the dealing is to gain an understanding of the role of S.	Expired	28-Oct-2010	30-Nov-2016
DNIR-493	The University of Queensland	Molecular analysis of Streptococcus pyogenes	pyogenes gene products in streptococcal infection and disease. This the purpose of this study is to use replication-defective lentiviral	Expired	24-Nov-2010	30-Nov-2015
DNIR-494	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Regulation of tumour suppression	vectors to study regulation of the p53 tumour suppressor pathway.	Expired	29-Nov-2010	30-Nov-2015
DNIR-495	CSIRO	Generation of recombinant Rabbit Caliciviruses	The purpose of this project is to study the biology of rabbit caliciviruses by generating GM caliciviruses and developing GM cell lines.	Expired	22-Dec-2010	31-Dec-2020
DNIK-495	CSIRO	Generation of recombinant Rabbit Cauciviruses	This the purpose of this study is to generate and characterise, in vivo and	Expireu	22-Dec-2010	31-Dec-2020
			in vitro, genetically modified (GM) Hendra virus and Nipah virus. Viral genes and non-coding regions will be mutated, deleted or replaced in			
DNIR-496	CSIRO	Characterisation of the molecular determinants of host range and pathogenicity for Henipaviruses	order to determine their role in pathogenesis, host range and transmission.	Licence issued	5-Jan-2011	31-Jan-2026
		Expression and characterization of novel genes from Australian	This study aims to use clone and express venom proteins from 20 Australian elapid snakes that may useful in the treatment of			
DNIR-497	The University of Queensland	snakes	envenomation victims or as therapeutic agents. The aim of the proposed dealings is to elucidate the mode of action of	Expired	13-Jan-2011	31-Jan-2021
		Isolation and characterisation of genes involved in antifungal	the antifungal drug miltefosine in pathogenic yeasts, ie Cryptococcus			
DNIR-498	Western Sydney Local Health District The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	drug metabolism including drug resistance in pathogenic yeasts	neoformans and Candida species.	Surrendered	19-Jan-2011	12-Jun-2014
DNIR-499	Research Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research	Augmenting anti-viral immunity Xenotropic murine leukemia virus-related virus (XMRV) and		Withdrawn		
DNIR-500	and Public Health	prostate cancer A phase 1 study of autologous GD2 chimeric antigen receptor-		Withdrawn		
DNIR-501	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	expressing peripheral blood T cells in patients with metastatic melanoma	A clinical trial assessing the feasibility, safety and efficiacy of GM autologous T cells for the treatment of metastatic melanoma.	Surrendered	21-Jul-2011	10-Jan-2014
		Lentiviral gene overexpression and knock-down using short	autologous i ceus foi the deathert of metastate meanoria.		21-301-2011	10-3811-2014
DNIR-502	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	hairpin micro RNAi	This study aims to use replication-defective lentiviral vectors to generate	Withdrawn		
DNIR-503	The University of Melbourne	Functional analysis of Schistosoma ssp egg-secreted proteins using vector-based RNAi	GM Schistosoma spp to analyse the function of egg-secreted proteins at different stages of the Schistosoma life cycle.	Surrendered	10-Aug-2011	19-Dec-2013
DNIR-504	Virax Holdings Limited	Clinical study of the efficacy and safety of intra-tumoural injection of TG1042 in nodular basal cell carcinoma	This clinical trial aims to test the efficacy and safety of TG1042 for the treatment of nodular basal cell carcinoma	Expired	3-Aug-2011	4-Aug-2013
DNIR-505	The University of Adelaide	Lentiviral vectors to assess HIV vaccine efficacy	The purpose of the proposed dealings is to use lentiviral vectors to express HIV genes in mice as a model of HIV infection.	Licence issued	26-Aug-2011	29-Aug-2026
DIVIN-303	The offiversity of Adelaide		The purpose of this dealing is to determine whether it is possible to use	Electrice issued	20-Aug-2011	20-Aug-2020
DNIR-506	CSIRO	Expression of a fatty acid modifying enzyme in Candida tropicalis	GM Candida tropicalis to produce industrial quantities of Omega- hydroxyfatty acids	Expired	9-Sep-2011	30-Sep-2014
DNIR-507 DNIR-508	The University of Sydney Flinders University	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis		Withdrawn Withdrawn		
DNIR-509	Griffith University	The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection.	Licence issued	22-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026
DNIR-510	Australian National University	Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines	* '	Withdrawn		
	Public and Environmental Health Reference		In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins			
DNIR-511	Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	Investigation of replication and virulence determinants in Alphaviruses	implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross River virus and assay for resulting changes in genotypic or phenotypic traits in vivo.	Licence issued	6-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026
			The aim of the proposed dealings is to generate replication defective (RD) GM HIV-1 viral particles pseudotyped with envelope proteins of			
DNIR-512	Deakin University	Molecular Virology of HIV-1	different viruses and use them for in vitro studies to investigate how these GM viruses gain entry into cells.	Surrendered	23-Dec-2011	11-Jan-2018
DNIR-513	Intervet Australia Pty Ltd	Innovax ILT - Vaccine Seed Production Identification of novel virulence determinants of pathogenic		Withdrawn		
DAVID TO	Our content Heisensite of Texts of the	Legionella pneumophila 130b using an avirulent environmental	The applicant proposes to use GM Legionella to identify and analyse	Command	0 M	
DNIR-514	Queensland University of Technology	Legionella isolate	virulence determinants from L. pneumophila. The applicant proposes to conduct a human nutritional study to	Surrendered	3-May-2012	23-Dec-2014
		Effect of genetically modified bananas enriched in carotenoids	determine how efficiently pro-vitamin A is absorbed and converted to vitamin A (retinol) following consumption of genetically modified			
DNIR-515	Queensland University of Technology	on postprandial carotenoid and vitamin A levels	bananas with elevated levels of pro-vitamin A carotenoids. This study aims to use genetically-modified retroviral and lentiviral	Expired	3-May-2012	31-Dec-2014
DNIR-E16	The University of Ougensland	Analysis of developmentally important cones involved in discourse	vectors to identify genes that induce or accelerate tumour formation in	Evnired	15-lun 2012	10-lun 2017
DNIR-516	The University of Queensland	Analysis of developmentally important genes involved in disease Genomic Analysis of the Canonical Case of Virulence Evolution:		Expired	15-Jun-2012	19-Jun-2017
DNIR-517	CSIRO	Myxomatosis in Australia	This study will use GM bacteria and yeast to express putative toxin	Withdrawn		
DNIR-518	The University of Queensland	Isolation, expression and characterization of the toxins expressed by the Australian paralysis tick (Ixodes holocyclus).	proteins from the Australian paralysis tick, for the purpose of developing a vaccine against tick bite for companion animals.	Licence issued	26-Sep-2012	30-Sep-2026
			In this study, macaque monkeys will be infected with a GM lentivirus to			
			test the effectiveness of experimental vaccines against Human			
DNIR-519	The University of Melbourne	Infection of monkeys with SHIV (HIV / SIV chimera)	test the effectiveness of experimental vaccines against Human Immunodeficiency Virus.	Surrendered	10-Nov-2012	12-May-2025

The proposed dealings are to introduce an interferon gene into the

		Testing of novel replication competent immunomodulatory	The applicant proposes to test the efficacy of GM Vaccinia virus and GM			
DNIR-520 DNIR-521	The University of Melbourne University of Canberra	viruses as vaccine candidates Generation of recombinant, attenuated hepatitis D viruses	Fowlpox virus as vaccine candidates.	Surrendered Not Issued	5-Nov-2012	12-May-2025
DNIR-522	Clinical Network Services (CNS) Pty Ltd	Clinical investigation of NT-501, encapsulated human NTC-201 cell implants releasing Ciliary Neurotrophic Factor (CNTF)		Withdrawn		
DNIR-523	Royal Prince Alfred Hospital	A clinical trial to treat Hemophilia B using AAV-based gene therapy	The applicant is planning to conduct a clinical gene therapy trial using a GM adeno-associated viral vector encoding human Factor IX to treat patients with severe Hemophilia B.	Surrendered	10-Apr-2013	29-May-2017
DNIR-524	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Bat Retroviruses	The aim of the dealings is to create genetically modified replication defective viral particles to study the properties of endogenous bat beta- and gamma-retroviruses.	Licence issued	22-Oct-2013	25-Oct-2028
		The role of gut-resident T cells in protecting against enteric	In this study, GM Listeria monocytogenes will be used to study the role of			
DNIR-525	The University of Melbourne	Listeria infection Replication of Hepatitis B virus, duck hepatitis B virus (DHBV) and woodchuck hepatitis B virus and the testing of antiviral	gut-resident T cells in protecting against intestinal Listeria infection.	Licence issued	26-Apr-2013	30-Apr-2028
DNIR-526	Melbourne Health	agents. Influenza A virus PB1-F2 protein: A virulence factor and initiator	In this study, the applicants will use GM Influenza A virus to study the	Withdrawn		
DNIR-527	The University of Melbourne	of inflammation	effect of PB1-F2 on the host response to influenza infection.	Licence issued	4-Jun-2013	7-Jun-2028
DNIR-528	Zoetis Australia Research & Manufacturing Pty Ltd	Evaluation of a cytolysin expressed in Corynebacterium glutamicum	The applicant proposes to evaluate a cytolysin expressed in Corynebacterium glutamicum The aim of this dealing is to generate GM Vaccinia virus and GM lentiviral	Surrendered	10-May-2013	13-Apr-2016
DNIR-529	University of South Australia	Recombinant Viral Vaccines to Treat and Prevent Cancer, Allergy and Infectious Diseases	vectors and evaluate their efficacy as vaccine candidates against target antigens.	Licence issued	28-May-2013	30-Sep-2028
DNIR-530			DNIR 529, 530 and 531 applications considered together and issued as one licence - DNIR 529.	Integrated into DNIR-529		20 234 2022
DNIR-530	University of South Australia University of South Australia	Recombinant Viral Vaccines to Treat and Prevent Peanut Allergy Recombinant viral vaccines to treat and prevent skin cancer	ONE DOING 529. DNIR 529, 530 and 531 applications considered together and issued as one licence - DNIR 529.	Integrated into DNIR-529		
DNIR-532	University of New South Wales	HCV founder virus evolution: evolution and vaccine targets	The aim of the dealings is to use genetically modified HIV to study the evolution of Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) during infection.	Surrendered	4-Jul-2013	26-Jul-2017
DNIR-533	University of New South Wales	HCV founder viruses as vaccine targets: vector LucR-E-A Phase 1 study of haploidentical haematopoitic stem cell transplantation with add-back of donor T cells transduced with	DNIR 532 and 533 applications considered together and issued as one licence - DNIR 532.	Integrated into DNIR-532		
DAUID 504	OIMP Paralladas	inducible caspase 9 suicide gene in patients with poor risk		Military and a second		
DNIR-534	QIMR Berghofer	haematological malignancies	The aim of the dealings is to use genetically modified Plasmodium	Withdrawn		
DNIR-535	Griffith University	Investigation of malaria parasite proteins Clinical study of the efficacy and safety of intra-tumoural	species to investigate the function of Plasmodium proteins. The aim of the dealings is to investigate the efficacy and safety of intra-tumoural injection of genetically modified ASN-002 in basal cell	Licence issued	26-Aug-2013	31-Aug-2028
DNIR-536	Ascend Biopharmaceuticals Pty Ltd	injection of ASN-002 in basal cell carcinoma	carcinoma in a clinical study. The aim of the dealings is to generate and use GM ND viruses to study the role of individual ND viral genes, or combinations of genes and	Licence issued	29-Oct-2013	5-Nov-2028
DNIR-537	CSIRO	The molecular basis of the pathogenicity of Newcastle disease in chickens	determine their role in the pathogenicity of the disease. The aim of the dealings is to use GM lentiviruses based on Human	Expired	2-Dec-2013	31-Jan-2019
DNIR-538	University of New South Wales	HIV biology	immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and Simian immunodeficiency virus to study aspects of HIV biology. The aim of the dealings is to use genetically modified banana streak virus-based vectors to introduce genetic material related to Fusarium disease dealerment as resident partials based and a late is perfect.	Licence issued	4-Jul-2014	12-Jul-2029
DNIR-539	Queensland University of Technology	Development and use of a banana streak virus-based virus vector to investigate banana-Fusarium interactions	disease development or resistance into banana plants in order to identify key genes in banana-Fusarium interactions.	Surrendered	6-Jan-2014	11-Jun-2021
DNIR-540	Flinders University	Mouse model for studies of B cells migration into the eye	The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified lentiviral vectors to study B-cell mediated inflammation in the eye.	Surrendered	17-Dec-2013	5-Aug-2016
DNIR-541	Advanced Analytical Australia Pty Ltd	R & D for Norovirus and Hepatitis A. The molecular determinants of pathogenicity, tissue tropism	The aim of the dealings is to generate GM Influenza A viruses for the in	Withdrawn		
DNIR-542	CSIRO	and transmissibility of influenza A virus.	vitro and in vivo study of viral genes and their role in disease.	Licence issued	30-Jan-2014	28-Feb-2029
DNIR-543	University of New South Wales	HIV Biology of Latency and Assembly	The aim of the dealing is to use GM RD HIV-1 to study its latency and assembly	Licence issued	21-Feb-2014	20-Feb-2029
DNIR-544	Western Sydney Local Health District	Plasmid ecology and microbial husbandry in the Enterobacteriaceae		Withdrawn		
DNIR-545	Australian National University	Using Aspergillus nidulans as a heterologous host for mining the secondary metabolomes of fungal phytopathogens	The aim of the dealings is generate GM lentiviral vectors encoding the	Withdrawn		
DNIR-546	Macquarie University	Investigation of the role of glia in the control of blood pressure	light chain of tetanus toxin to investigate the role of glia in the control of blood pressure. $ \\$	Expired	28-May-2014	31-May-2019
DNIR-547	Zoetis Australia Research & Manufacturing Pty Ltd	Evaluation of toxin expression in Pichia pastoris and Chinese hamster ovary cells (Cricetulus griseus).	Evaluation of toxin expression in Pichia pastoris and Chinese hamster ovary cells (Cricetulus griseus).	Surrendered	14-Aug-2014	13-Apr-2016
DNIR-548	Zoetis Australia Research & Manufacturing Pty Ltd	Evaluation of toxin expression in Chinese hamster ovary cells (Cricetulus griseus)	DNIR 547 and 548 applications considered together and issues as one licence - DNIR-547. The aim of the dealings is to use genetically modified Pseudomonas	Integrated into DNIR-547		
DNIR-549	Treidlia Biovet Pty Ltd	Manufacture of Foot Rot Vaccine for sheep and goats.	aeruginosa in the manufacturing of a foot rot vaccine for sheep and goats. The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified lentiviral vectors to	Licence issued	12-Sep-2014	12-Sep-2029
DNIR-550	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Generation of fluorescent lentiviral transduced tumour cell lines	produce fluorescent-labelled tumour cell lines, for use in a range of in	Expired	2-Oct-2014	15-Oct-2019
DNIR-551	Monash University	Human Immunodeficiency Virus anti-viral development	The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified HIV, which specifically infects rodents, to investigate the properties of new anti- viral drugs.	Licence issued	2-Dec-2014	30-Nov-2029
			The aim of the dealings is to use a GM mouse cell line (N11) that secretes a GM retrovirus to screen plant and fungal extracts for anti-			
DNIR-552	Western Sydney University	Use of N11 murine microglia for drug discovery	inflammatory compounds. The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified HIV, which	Licence issued	19-Dec-2014	19-Dec-2029
DNIR-553	Australian National University	Assessing HIV vaccine efficacy	specifically infects rodents, to investigate the efficacy of HIV vaccines. The aim of the dealings is to assess genetically-modified Plasmodium	Surrendered	3-Dec-2014	4-Apr-2019
DNIR-554	QIMR Berghofer	Production and clinical trial of a genetically modified Plasmodium falciparum blood stage vaccine	falciparum for safety, immunogenicity and efficacy as a malaria vaccine in healthy human volunteers.	Expired	17-Feb-2015	17-Feb-2025
DNIR-555	Griffith University	New studies on the virulence and physiology of Burkholderia pseudomallei	The aim of the dealings is to study virulence factors in GM B. pseudomallei for the development of a diagnostic assay. The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified Candida albicans to	Expired	11-Jun-2015	11-May-2025
DNIR-556	Monash University	Factors controlling developmental transitions in the fungus Candida albicans	identify and characterise factors and mechanisms that enable this organism to produce pathogenic morphological structures. Project aim is to determine the bio distribution and potential toxic	Expired	17-Apr-2015	17-Apr-2025
DNIR-557	Monash University	An investigation of a single intranasal administration of the interferon alpha compound "DEF201" in longtail macaques.	effects of GM replication defective adenovirus DEF201 in fascicularis macaques	Expired	3-Jul-2015	3-Jul-2020
			The aim of this study is to clone and express bacterial pore-forming toxin			
DNIR-558	The University of Melbourne	pore forming toxins Evaluation of the efficacy and safety in the treatment of solid	genes so as to purify the toxin proteins and carry out structural studies. The aim of the dealings is to conduct clinical trials to study safety and	Licence issued	31-Jul-2015	4-Aug-2025
DNIR-559	Amgen Australia Pty Ltd	tumours with talimogene laherparepvec	efficacy of a GMO in the treatment of different types of solid tumours. A project using chimeras of naturally occurring proteins for potential	Surrendered	4-Nov-2015	30-May-2024
DNIR-560	RMIT University Griffith University	Generation of recombinant toxin molecules Development of an Alphaviral vector to deliver bioactive factors to bone. Potential use to treat diseases resulting in severe reduction of bone density	therapeutic use. The aim of the dealings is to develop a GM Ross River Virus and conduct in vitro and in vivo experiments to investigate its potential as a vector delivering bioactive factors to bone tissue and potentially treat bone or joint diseases.	Licence issued	10-Dec-2015	10-Dec-2025
DNIR-561	Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell				21-Dec-2015	22-Dec-2025
DNIR-562	Biology	Molecular changes and therapies for Hepatitis B virus infection	The applicant proposes to use GM P. nodorum in in vitro and in vivo	Withdrawn		
DNIR-563	Curtin University	Expression of genes from plant pathogenic fungi into a model fungus, Parastagonospora nodorum.	experiments to develop an understanding of fungal pathogenicity and fungicide resistance. The Phase I/Ila clinical trial would assess the safety and tolerability of	Licence issued	24-Jun-2016	24-Jun-2026
DNIR-564	CMAX Clinical Research Pty Ltd	Phase I/lla Study of DVC1-0101 in subjects with intermittent claudication secondary to peripheral artery disease	genetically modified (GM) Sendai virus as a therapeutic agent to stimulate the growth of new blood vessels in individuals who experience limb pain as a result of peripheral artery disease.	Surrendered	29-Apr-2016	6-Sep-2021

			To use GM AAV to study changes in striated musculature when exposed			
DNIR-565	Baker Heart & Diabetes Institute	Using adeno-associated virus vectors to study striated musculature and related tissues in vitro and in vivo	to single cytokines, to aid in development of treatment for muscle wasting caused by disease or injury.	Surrendered	21-Jul-2016	19-Jul-2019
		Biochemical Studies of Cholesterol Dependent Cytolysin	The aim of this study is to clone and express bacterial pore-forming toxin genes so as to purify the toxin proteins and analysed in vitro using			
DNIR-566	Monash University	Proteins	imaging and biophysical techniques. Use GM C. glutamicum to overexpress a genetically modified Anticalin	Licence issued	5-Aug-2016	5-Aug-2026
DNIR-567	Acura Bio Pty Ltd	Expression of PRS060 protein by recombinant Corynebacterium glutamicum	protein (PRS060) on a large scale for the purposes of manufacturing a human therapeutic product	Expired	1-Sep-2016	1-Sep-2021
		Development and use of a Cucumber mosaic virus-based vecto	The aim of the dealings is to use a genetically modified Cucumber mosaic virus vector to identify key genes related to virulence or			
DNIR-568	Queensland University of Technology	to investigate banana-Fusarium interactions Gene therapy, Open-Label, Dose-escalation study of SPK-9001	resistance in Fusarium wilt disease of banana. This trial aims to assess the safety and tolerability of gene therapy	Surrendered	29-Sep-2016	11-Jun-2021
DNIR-569	Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd	(adeno-associated viral vector with human factor IX gene) in	treatment using a genetically modified adeno-associated viral vector encoding human Factor IX in patients with severe Hemophilia B	Licence issued	9 Cap 2016	9-Sep-2026
DNIK-369	Prizer Australia Pty Ltu	subjects with hemophilia B	Viral genes of family Filoviridae viruses will be examined to determine	Licence issued	8-Sep-2016	9-3ep-2026
DNIR-570	CSIRO	Characterisation of the Molecular Determinants of Host Responses and Pathogenicity of Filoviruses	their role in pathogenesis, host responses, host range, and cross- species transmission.	Licence issued	1-Mar-2017	1-Mar-2027
			This clinical trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of gene therapy using a genetically modified adeno-associated viral vector encoding			
DNIR-571	Women's and Children's Health Network Incorporated	Phase I/II gene transfer clinical trial of scAAV9.U1a.hSGSH for Mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS) IIIA	human sulfoglucosamine sulfohydrolase (SGSH) in paediatric patients with mucopolysaccharidosis type IIIA (MPS IIIA)	Surrendered	14-Mar-2017	20-Nov-2024
DNIR-572	The University of Queensland	Analyses of gut and systemic infection with recombinant listeria	GM L. monocytogenes will be used to study the ability of gut-resident T cells to protect against intestinal Listeria infection.	Licence issued	13-Apr-2017	13-Apr-2027
		Molecular Biology of retroviral Replication, Pathogenesis and	To study molecular mechanisms regulating viral gene expression and function, to better understand molecular aspects of viral replication and			
DNIR-573 DNIR-574	The University of Melbourne The University of Melbourne	Productive Infection Examination of HIV Latent Infection	latency for development of therapeutics.	Licence issued Withdrawn	23-May-2017	23-May-2027
DIVINO	The difference of the country		To study immunological tolerance of transplanted organs in mice, using	maiaiaiii		
DNIR-575	The University of Sydney	Fine tuning transplantation tolerance with co-stimulatory molecules	GM AAV as a vector to express proteins that may enhance or block tissue acceptance in the liver of transplant recipients.	Licence issued	27-Jun-2017	27-Jun-2027
			GM Mycobacterium bovis BCG strains will be used to express known immunogens and virulence factors of Mycobacterium tuberculosis to			
DNIR-576	James Cook University	New strategies for improved tuberculosis vaccines	develop improved tuberculosis vaccine strains and test vaccination regimens in an animal model of human tuberculosis.	Licence issued	3-Nov-2017	3-Nov-2027
		Gene-transfer, open-label, dose-escalation study of SPK-8011 [adeno-associated viral vector with B-domain deleted human	Gene therapy, open-label, dose-escalation study of SPK-8011 (recombinant adeno-associated viral vector with B-domain deleted			
DNIR-577	PSI CRO Australia Pty Ltd	factor VIII gene] in individuals with hemophilia A A recombinant viral vaccine vector platform to produce	human factor VIII gene) in subjects with haemophilia A To study the efficacy and safety of a GM viral vaccine vector to produce	Surrendered	17-Nov-2017	31-Oct-2023
DNIR-578	University of South Australia	polyclonal antibodies in milk and egg.	polyclonal antibodies in milk and eggs GM Giardia duodenalis will be used to study the mode of action of novel	Licence issued	20-Dec-2017	20-Dec-2027
DNIR-579	Griffith University	Investigating the mode of action of novel drug leads against Giardia duodenalis	anti-Giardia drug candidates and the role of specific G. duodenalis proteins in mediating their effect.	Licence issued	13-Dec-2017	13-Dec-2027
		MVA-NP+M1: a new Influenza vaccine for use in human clinical	To assess the safety, tolerability, and efficacy of GM Vaccinia virus (MVA			
DNIR-580	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	trials	strain) in the prevention of influenza A This study aims to investigate the function of various genes and	Expired	23-Jan-2018	23-Jan-2023
			signalling pathways involved in heart development and regeneration. This project will test whether selected genes implicated in heart			
DNIR-581	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	Cardiac Regeneration	development are sufficient to promote cardiac regeneration in adult mice in vivo.	Licence issued	13-Apr-2018	13-Apr-2028
			This study aims to study the growth, spread and treatment response of melanoma. The project will investigate the effect of silencing genes			
DNIR-582	Monash University	Genetic manipulation of cells by viral transduction using in vivo models		Licence issued	10-May-2018	10-May-2028
DIVINGO	Tionasii Oliivoisity		The study drug, ADXS11-001 is a genetically modified Listeria monocytogenes encoding human papillomavirus antigen. The clinical	Electrice issued	10-110/-2010	10-1-lay-2020
		Phase 3 Study of ADXS11-001 Administered Following Chemoradiation as Adjuvant Treatment for high risk Locally	trial aims to treat subjects with high risk locally advanced cervical			
DNIR-583	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Advanced Cervical Cancer: AIM2CERV.	cancer following chemotherapy and radiotherapy.	Surrendered	16-May-2018	25-Nov-2019
DNIR-584	CSIRO	Large-scale fermentation of SCV vaccines.	To test and optimise the fermentation conditions, and to manufacture large-scale (> 25 L) volumes of GM Vaccinia virus vaccines.	Surrendered	1-Jun-2018	15-Feb-2024
		Clinical Trial of an oncolytic vaccine for the treatment of cancers	The proposed clinical trial will investigate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of a two-component 'oncolytic vaccine' for the treatment of			
DNIR-585	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	caused by the human papilloma virus (HPV) A global study of a single one-time dose of AVXS-101 delivered to	human cancers caused by high-risk Human Papilloma Virus (HPV).	Surrendered	23-Oct-2018	7-Dec-2022
		paediatric patients with genetically diagnosed and pre- symptomatic Spinal Muscular Atrophy with multiple copies of	To use a recombinant AAV encoding the human survival motor neuron 1 (SMN1) gene to treat paediatric patients with Spinal Muscular Atrophy			
DNIR-586	The Children's Hospital Westmead	SMN2.	(SMA) before development of irreversible injury due to motor neuron loss To investigate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of a recombinant	Expired	3-Aug-2018	3-Aug-2023
DNIR-587	GlaxoSmithKline Australia Pty Ltd	Clinical Trials with Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Investigational Vaccine ChAd 155-RSV	ChAd155-RSV as a prophylactic vaccine for prevention of RSV lower respiratory tract infections in infants.	Expired	25-Sep-2018	25-Sep-2023
		Recombinant Respiratory Syncytial Viral Vaccine		,		
DNIR-588	Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd	(Ad26.RSV.preF) for Clinical Studies	To assess the safety and tolerability a prophylactic RSV vaccine To use GM AAV to study changes in striated musculature when exposed	Expired	20-Nov-2018	19-Nov-2023
DNIR-589	The University of Melbourne	Using adeno-associated viral vectors to study striated musculature and related tissues in vitro and in vivo	to single cytokines, to aid in development of treatment for muscle wasting caused by disease or injury	Licence issued	3-Dec-2018	3-Dec-2028
DNIR-590	Queensland University of Technology	Development and use of Banana streak virus-based vectors to investigate banana-Fusarium interactions		Withdrawn		
		Virus-mediated approaches to examine cardiovascular disease	This study aims to determine the role of genes in the regulation of cardiac regeneration and disease by over expressing the genes in mice			
DNIR-591	QIMR Berghofer	in vitro and in vivo	using adenovirus and adeno-associated virus vectors.	Licence issued	40.1	16-Jan-2029
DNIR-592			To study the safety and efficacy of the GM HSV-1 in the treatment of	Licence issued	16-Jan-2019	
	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	An Oncolytic Immunotherapy Product for use in Clinical Trials	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug	Expired	23-Jan-2019	23-Jan-2024
	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited		different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of			
DNIR-593	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited Hudson Institute of Medical Research	An Oncolytic Immunotherapy Product for use in Clinical Trials Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pelvic Organ Prolapse (POP).			
DNIR-593		Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ protapse (POP) in an ovine model	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesen	Expired	23-Jan-2019	23-Jan-2024
DNIR-593 DNIR-594		Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ protapse (POP) in an ovine model	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pelvic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus	Expired	23-Jan-2019	23-Jan-2024
DNIR-594	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinica trials	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Petric Organ Protapase (POP). The GMOV160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The Intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain	Expired Licence issued Expired	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinical trials US corn importation for Inghams to produce poultry feed	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pekic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The lintended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poutly feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into	Expired Licence issued Expired Expired	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029
DNIR-594	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinica trials	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentwrus, encoding the fluorescent protein mcherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Petvic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poultry feed.	Expired Licence issued Expired	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinica trials US corn importation for Inghams to produce poultry feed	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pewic Organ Projaspe (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The Intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poultry feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed.	Expired Licence issued Expired Expired	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595 DNIR-596 DNIR-597	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited Ridley Corporation Limited Australian National University	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinica trials US corn importation for lighams to produce pouttry feed US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusiil in	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pekic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V1601 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The lintended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poultry feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed.	Expired Licence issued Expired Expired Expired Withdrawn	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019 31-May-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024 31-May-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595 DNIR-596	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited Ridley Corporation Limited	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinicatrials US corn importation for Inghams to produce pouttry feed US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusiil in healthy adults A Phase 3, Open-Label, Randomized, Parallel Group Study to	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pelvic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poultry feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed. The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to measure the immune response and viraemia induced by the GMOs.	Expired Licence issued Expired Expired Expired Withdrawn	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595 DNIR-596 DNIR-597	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited Ridley Corporation Limited Australian National University	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinical trials US corn importation for linghams to produce poultry feed US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusili in healthy adults A Phase 3, Open-Label, Randomized, Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Intrapleural Administration of Adenovirus-Delivered Interferon Alpha-2b (Ad-IFN) in	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mcherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pelvic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V1601 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The Intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poultry feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed. The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to measure the immune response and viraemia induced by the GMOs.	Expired Licence issued Expired Expired Expired Withdrawn	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019 31-May-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024 31-May-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595 DNIR-596 DNIR-597	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited Ridley Corporation Limited Australian National University	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinica trials US corn importation for linghams to produce poultry feed US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusiit in healthy adults A Phase 3, Open-Label, Randomized, Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Intrapleural Administration of Adenovirus-Delivered Interferon Alpha-2b (rAd-IFN) in Combination with Celeccost and Gencitabine in Patients with Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Petric Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The Intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce pouttry feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed. The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to measure the immune response and viraemia induced by the GMOs.	Expired Licence issued Expired Expired Expired Withdrawn	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019 31-May-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024 31-May-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595 DNIR-596 DNIR-597 DNIR-598	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited Ridley Corporation Limited Australian National University PPD Australia Pty Ltd Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinicatrials US corn importation for lighams to produce pouttry feed US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusiit in healthy adults A Phase 3, Open-Label, Randomized, Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Intrapleural Administration of Adenovirus-Delivered interferon Rapida-20 (rAd-IFN) in Combination with Celecoxib and Gemcitabine in Patients with Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma Studies to evaluate the efficacy and safety of BMN 270, an Adeno-Associated Virus vector-mediated gene transfer of	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Petric Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The Intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce pouttry feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed. The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to measure the immune response and viraemia induced by the GMOs. To study the safety and efficacy of the GMO in the treatment of malignant pleural mesothelioma, in combination with an anti-cancer drug. To a ssess the efficacy and safety of gene therapy treatment using a GM AVI vector encoding activated human factor VIII in adult patients with	Expired Expired Expired Expired Withdrawn Expired	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019 31-May-2019 13-Aug-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024 31-May-2024 13-Aug-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595 DNIR-596 DNIR-597 DNIR-598	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited Ridley Corporation Limited Australian National University PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinical trials US corn importation for linghams to produce pouttry feed US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusiil in healthy adults A Phase 3, Open-Label, Randomized, Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Intrapleural Administration of Adenovirus-Delivered Interferon Alpha-2 (McAIFN) in Combination with Celecoxib and Gemcitabine in Patients with Malignant Pleural Mesorthelioms Studies to evaluate the efficacy and safety of BMN 270, an	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pekic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The lintended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poutlyr feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed. The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to measure the immune response and viraemia induced by the GMOs. To study the safety and efficacy of the GMO in the treatment of malignant pleural mesothelioma, in combination with an anti-cancer drug. To a ssees the efficacy and safety of gene therapy treatment using a GM	Expired Licence issued Expired Expired Expired Withdrawn Expired	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019 31-May-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024 31-May-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595 DNIR-596 DNIR-597 DNIR-598	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited Ridley Corporation Limited Australian National University PPD Australia Pty Ltd Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinicatrials US corn importation for lighams to produce pouttry feed US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusiit in healthy adults A Phase 3, Open-Label, Randomized, Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Intrapleural Administration of Adenovirus-Delivered interferon Rapida-20 (rAd-IFN) in Combination with Celecoxib and Gemcitabine in Patients with Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma Studies to evaluate the efficacy and safety of BMN 270, an Adeno-Associated Virus vector-mediated gene transfer of	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug. This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pethic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The Intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poultry feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed. The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to measure the immune response and viraemia induced by the GMOs.	Expired Expired Expired Expired Withdrawn Expired	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019 31-May-2019 13-Aug-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024 31-May-2024 13-Aug-2024
DNIR-594 DNIR-595 DNIR-596 DNIR-598 DNIR-599 DNIR-600	Hudson Institute of Medical Research Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd Inghams Group Limited Ridley Corporation Limited Australian National University PPD Australia Pty Ltd Medpace Australia Pty Ltd BioMarin Pharmaceutical Australia Pty Ltd	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinical trials US corn importation for Inghams to produce poultry feed US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusili in healthy adults A Phase 3, Open-Label, Randomized, Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Intrapleural Administration of Adenovirus-Delivered Interferon Alpha-2b (rAd-IFN) in Combination with Celecosis and Gemetrabaine in Patients with Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma Studies to evaluate the efficacy and safety of BMN 270, an Adeno-Associated Virus vector-mediated gene transfer of human factor VIII in haemophilia A patients	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Petic Organ Prolapse (POP). The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus (CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The Intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of CMV infection in adults and children. The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poutty feed. The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed. The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to measure the immune response and viraemia induced by the GMOs. To study the safety and efficacy of the GMO in the treatment of malignant pleural mesothelioma, in combination with an anti-cancer drug. To assess the efficacy and safety of gene therapy treatment using a GM AdV vector encoding activated human factor VIII in adult patients with severe Haemophilia A. To evaluate the safety of bacTRL-IL-12, delivered as a single infusion in adults with advanced solid tumours. Secondary objectives are to evaluate the effect of the GMO on tumour size, duration and overall survival rates following infusion and the possible relationship between	Expired Expired Expired Expired Withdrawn Expired Expired	23-Jan-2019 25-Mar-2019 1-Apr-2019 23-May-2019 31-May-2019 13-Aug-2019 28-Aug-2019	23-Jan-2024 25-Mar-2029 1-Apr-2024 23-May-2024 31-May-2024 13-Aug-2024 1-Aug-2024
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			To use a densitically modified (CM) continuing defeating leading to			
			To use a genetically modified (GM) replication-defective lentivirus to express a therapeutic fusion protein, NgR(310)ecto-myc-Fc, in murine harmstengistic stems calls (MSC). The modified MSCs (from fusion)			
			haematopoietic stem cells (HSCs). The modified HSCs (free of virus) will be subsequently used to study the therapeutic benefits of			
DNIR-603	Monash University	Limiting EAE through transplantation of HSCs	NgR(310)ecto-myc-Fc in a mouse model of progressive multiple sclerosis	Licence issued	21-Oct-2019	21-Oct-2029
			Clinical trial to study the safety and tolerability use of a genetically modified Herpes Simplex Virus 1 (HSV-1), namely VG161, to treat			
DNIR-604	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	in Patients with Solid Tumours (VG161) Clinical evaluation of GT005 in patients with age-related	advanced malignant solid tumours. Clinical evaluation of GT005 in patients with age-related macular	Expired	22-Oct-2019	22-Oct-2024
DNIR-605	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	macular degeneration	degeneration	Surrendered	8-Jan-2020	2-Apr-2024
			The purpose of this study is to evaluate the safety, dose, immunogenicity and early clinical activity of GRT-C901 and GRT-R902, a personalized			
DNIR-606	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	with Immune Checkpoint Blockade for Patients with Advanced Solid Tumors	neoantigen cancer vaccine, in combination with immune checkpoint blockade in patients with advanced solid tumours.	Expired	15-Jan-2020	15-Jan-2025
		An oncolytic viral therapy V938 in combination with	blockade in patients with advanced solid fulliours.		13-3411-2020	13-3411-2023
DNIR-607	Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd	Pembrolizumab (MK-3475) for use in clinical trials. Clinical trials with a prophylactic influenza A/H3N2 live, M2-		Re-categorised		
DNIR-608	Clinical Network Services (CNS) Pty Ltd	deleted, intranasal vaccine (H3N2 M2SR) (with CCI)	Clinical trial to study the safety, tolerability and immunogenecity of	Re-categorised		
			genetically modified Chimpanzee adenovirus (ChAdOx1-HBV) and vaccinia virus (MVA-HBV), namely VTP-300, to treat patients with			
DNIR-609	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical Trials with Hepatitis Treatment Vaccine (VTP-300)	chronic hepatitis B infection. A Phase I, open label, single centre, single dose escalation study to	Expired	24-Feb-2020	24-Feb-2025
DNIR-610	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical Trials with Zika Chikungunya Vaccine (SCV1002)	investigate the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of intra-muscular administration of SCV1002 in adult healthy volunteers.	Expired	2-Mar-2020	2-Mar-2025
DIVINIOLO	Novoteen (Australia) i ty Elimiteu	Cameat mais warzika Ginkanganya vaccine (50v1002)	The aim of this licence application is to examine the role of virulence	схрией	2-1-101-2020	2-1-101-2025
			factors from cancer-associated Helicobacter pylori in causing the disease. The genetically modified (GM) H. pylori strains with and without			
DNIR-611	Monash University	Understanding how Helicobacter pylori causes disease	introduced mutations in the virulence factors will be used for in vitro (cell lines and primary cells) and in vivo (mice) studies.	Licence issued	11-Mar-2020	11-Mar-2030
			To generate cell culture derived hepatitis C virus (HCV) variants with different patient-derived viral envelopes. A secondary aim is to			
		Identification of protective anti-HCV antibodies in subjects that	characterise the infectivity and susceptibility to neutralisation by patient antibodies for each variant, and to study the fate of the virus in blood			
DNIR-612	University of New South Wales	clear infection to inform vaccine design	mononuclear cells and hepatocytes.	Licence issued	8-May-2020	8-May-2030
DNIR-613	The University of Queensland	Antibiotic resistance gene transfer in bacteria from water sludge		Licence issued	28-May-2020	28-May-2030
			The aim of this licence application is to produce a good manufacturing practice (GMP) grade master cell bank of a genetically modified (GM)			
		Manufacture and characterisation of a P. falciparum NF54 Inducible Gametocyte Producer (NF54/iGP3) Master Cell Bank	Plasmodium parasite, P. falciparum NF54/iGP3 Clone 3, which produces high numbers of gametocytes in vivo in the presence of the			
DNIR-614	QIMR Berghofer	for use in Phase I Clinical Trials utilising the Induced Blood Stage Malaria Infection Model	antibiotic, trimethoprim and to assess its safety and infectivity in pre- clinical studies.	Licence issued	18-May-2020	18-May-2026
DNIR-615	Novartis Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Limited	Supply of Luxturna (voretigene neparvovec) for the treatment of patients.	To supply Luxturna to patients suffering from bi-allelic RPE65 mutations	Licence issued	26-May-2020	
			To identify the role of specific mutations in Influenza A virus that			44.1
DNIR-616 DNIR-617	The University of Queensland Griffith University	Understanding influenza virus pathogenesis GM HIV that are more infectious than wild type HIV	increase disease severity To assess infectiousness of GM HIV.	Licence issued Licence issued	11-Jun-2020 9-Jun-2020	11-Jun-2030 9-Jun-2030
DNIR-618	CSIRO	Genetic control strategies for plant pathogenic fungi	To determine if new genetic technologies, namely gene drives, can be used to control plant pathogenic fungi	Surrendered	16-Jul-2020	28-Jun-2023
DNIR-619	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	CodaVax-H1N1, a live-attenuated vaccine for the use in clinical trials for breast cancer	Treatment of breast cancer with a codon-optimised live attenuated genetically modified influenza virus	Expired	28-Jul-2020	28-Jul-2025
		Therapeutic treatment of patients with Mycobacterium	This licence is for the treatment of non-tuberculous Mycobacteria infection (NTM) with a cocktail of naturally occurring and a GM			
DNIR-620	Western Sydney Local Health District	abscessus disease Supply of Zolgensma (Onasemnogene abeparvovec) for the	bacteriophage This licence authorises the commercial supply of Zolgensma to patients	Expired	22-Apr-2020	22-Apr-2025
DNIR-621	Novartis Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Limited	treatment of patients with spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)	suffering from spinal muscular atrophy	Licence issued	24-Aug-2020	
		rBCG Vaccine to reduce incidence and severity of COVID-19	rBCG Vaccine to reduce incidence and severity of COVID-19 infection in high risk groups such as Health care workers and people over 65 with co-			
DNIR-622	Accelagen Pty Ltd	infection in high risk groups	morbidity	Expired	9-Jun-2020	9-Jun-2022
		A Phase 1/2 Ascending Dose Study to Evaluate the Safety and Effects on Progranulin Levels of a GMO in Patients with Fronto-	This trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of gene therapy treatment using a genetically-modified adeno-associated viral vector			
DNIR-623	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Temporal Dementia with Progranulin Mutations (FTD-GRN) A clinical trial to evaluate the efficacy and safety of PF-07055480	encoding human progranulin in patients with frontotemporal dementia.	Licence issued	21-Sep-2020	21-Sep-2025
DNIR-624	Pfizer Australia Ptv Ltd	in adult male participants with moderately severe to severe haemophilia A	Phase III clinical trial with replication deficient GM AAV carrying human factor VIII to treat haemophilia patients	Licence issued	8-Oct-2020	8-Oct-2025
511111 024	Theoretain Type	Clinical trial to determine the safety and efficacy of BMN 307, ar	To assess the efficacy, safety and tolerability of a single injection of BMN	Electrice losace	0 001 2020	0 000 2020
	D' Maria Branche de la Caracteria de la	Adeno-associated virus vector-mediated gene transfer of human	phenylalanine hydroxylase to reduce plasma Phe in phenylketonurics	0		
DNIR-625 DNIR-626	BioMarin Pharmaceutical Australia Pty Ltd Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	phenylalanine hydroxylase in patients with phenylketonuria Clinical Trials with a SARS-CoV-2 oral vaccine (bacTRL-Spike)	with baseline plasma Phe > 600 μmol/L. Clinical Trials with a SARS-CoV-2 oral vaccine (bacTRL-Spike)	Surrendered Licence issued	17-Sep-2020 10-Aug-2020	30-May-2024 10-Aug-2025
	South Australian Health and Medical Research		The aim of this licence application is to develop a genetic method to control invasive pest mice by spreading mutations that cause infertility,			
DNIR-627	Institute	Generating mouse models with altered inheritance and sex bias Identification of molecular factors that influence reassortment	embryonic death or bias the sex of offspring. Identify gene segments, critical regions within gene segments, and	Licence issued	25-Sep-2020	25-Sep-2025
DNIR-628	The University of Melbourne	and pandemic potential of highly pathogenic avian influenza H5 viruses		Licence issued	30-Sep-2020	30-Sep-2030
	,		This trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of gene therapy treatment using a genetically-modified adeno-associated viral vector			1 2 2 3 0
DNIR-629	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical trial with ICM-203 for the treatment of arthritis	encoding transcription factor Nkx3.2 in patients with arthritis.	Licence issued	15-Jan-2021	15-Jan-2026
			The aim of this dealing is to manufacture and supply frozen bulk drug substance for subsequent formulation operations as part of an overall			
DNIR-630	CSL Innovation Pty Ltd	Human Embryonic Kidney 293 cells containing recombinant ChAdOx1 vector expressing COVID-19 insert	program for the supply of recombinant antigen for the prevention of COVID-19.	Surrendered	2-Nov-2020	28-Feb-2023
DNIR-631	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	SARS-CoV-2 prophylactic vaccine for use in clinical trials	This Phase I trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of a vaccine candidate against disease caused by SARS-CoV-2.	Surrendered	28-Jan-2021	20-Apr-2022
			The aim of this dealing is to receive frozen bulk drug substance for subsequent formulation and fill finish operations as part of an overall			
DNIR-632	Segirus Pty Ltd	Formulation and Fill/Finish of a recombinant ChAdOx1 vector that expresses the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2	program for the supply of recombinant antigen for the prevention of COVID-19.	Surrendered	14-Dec-2020	11-May-2023
DNIR-633	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	Administration of AVXS-101 to patients with genetically diagnosed spinal muscular atrophy	To assess the safety and efficacy of a recombinant AAV serotype 9 vector encoding SMN1 in infants with Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)	Licence issued	29-Mar-2021	29-Mar-2026
			To study viral replication, pathogenesis, immune evasion,			
DNIR-634	The University of Queensland	Dissecting COVID-19 pathogenesis by advanced molecular technologies	immunomodulation and drug susceptibility by assessing the effects of targeted mutations in various proteins.	Licence issued	10-Jun-2021	10-Jun-2026
DNIR-635	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical Trials with 4D-310 for the treatment of Fabry Disease	This trial aims to assess the safety, tolerability, and pharmacodynamics of 4D-310 in patients with Fabry disease	Licence issued	4-Jun-2021	4-Jun-2026
		Clinical trial to determine the safety and efficacy of SC-Ad6-1,	To assess the safety, tolerability, immunogenicity and efficacy of SC-Ad6-1 as a second generation, prophylactic vaccine to prevent COVID-			
DNIR-636	Avance Clinical Pty Ltd	an adenovirus based COVID-19 vaccine	19. To conduct clinical trials to assess the safety, reactogenicity and	Licence issued	15-Apr-2021	15-Apr-2026
DNIR-637	Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd	A recombinant COVID-19 vaccine (Ad26.COV2.S) for use in clinical trials	immunogenicity of the recombinant COVID-19 vaccine (Ad26.COV2.S) in pregnant women and children.	Licence issued	5-May-2021	5-May-2026
			To test the safety and efficacy of a recombinant AAV serotype 5 vector		, LJ21	_ //uj /2020
DNIR-638	Avance Clinical Pty Ltd	Serotype 5 Based Recombinant Vector Encoding the Human CYP21A2 Gene to treat Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia	encoding the human CYP21A2 gene in participants with Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia (CAH).	Licence issued	30-Jun-2021	30-Jun-2026
		Investigating the genetic basis of dengue and chikungunya virus				
DNIR-639	Monash University	resistance to Wolbachia Generation of recombinant toxin molecules from Clostridium	mosquitoes To manufacture recombinant tetanus toxins for study of their potential to	Licence issued	25-Aug-2021	25-Aug-2026
DNIR-640	Treidlia Biovet Pty Ltd	tetani	treat muscular disorders To manufacture recombinant ApxIVA toxins in E. coli for use in a vaccine	Licence issued	20-Aug-2021	20-Aug-2026
DNIR-641	Treidlia Biovet Pty Ltd	Generation of recombinant toxin molecules	against swine pleuropneumoniae, caused by Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae	Licence issued	25-Aug-2021	25-Aug-2026
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DAVID 040		Recombinant production of Neosaxitoxin and Microcystin in E.		Withdrawn		
DNIR-642	Diagnostic Technology Pty Limited	coli	The aim of this application is to develop a platform using heterologous viral envelope pseudotyping i.e., the surface of an un-related virus will be decorated with viral surface proteins of pandemic viral pathogens, to	Withdrawn		
DNIR-643	Griffith University	Development of heterologous viral envelope pseudotyped virus platforms for research in emerging viral pathogens	examine the function of the surface (envelope or spike) proteins of pandemic viral pathogens. To test the safety and efficacy of a recombinant AAV serotype 9 vector	Licence issued	28-Sep-2021	28-Sep-2026
DNIR-644	Pfizer Australia Ptv Ltd	Establish safety and efficacy of PF- 06939926 in patients with Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy	encoding a miniaturised version of human dystrophin protein in participants with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD).	Licence issued	8-Sep-2021	8-Sep-2028
DNIR-645	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Viral immune activating agents as cancer therapeutics	The aim of this licence application is to develop and explore split gene	Withdrawn	2 21, 242	
DNIR-646	The University of Melbourne	Two types of split gene drive for D.melanogaster lab experiments	drive designs to confer sex biased progeny and insecticide sensitivity in	Licence issued	11-Oct-2021	11-Oct-2026
51111 040		A Phase I/II, multicenter, open-label, single dose, dose ranging study to assess the safety and tolerability of ST-920, an AAV2/6			11 000 2021	11 001 2020
DNIR-647	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	human alpha galactosidase A gene therapy in subjects with Fabry disease.	Clinical trial to assess safety and tolerability of ST-920, an AAV2/6 human alpha-galactosidase A gene therapy to treat Fabry disease	Surrendered	21-Oct-2021	28-May-2025
Ditili 047	reapage/adduct ty Eta		To assess the safety, tolerability and confirm the dose of FLT180a, a	Carrendered	21 000 2021	20 110, 2020
DAUD C40	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	Adeno-associated virus vector-mediated gene transfer of the Padua variant of human Factor IX in patients with haemophilia B	gene therapy treatment for adult male patients with haemophilia B using	Licence issued	4 Nov. 2024	1-Nov-2026
DNIR-648			Characterise the GM Plasmodium falciparum NF54/iGP Clone 3 in vitro	Licence issued	1-Nov-2021	1-N0V-2026
DNIR-649	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Use of the inducible gametocyte producing P. falciparum line NF54/iGP3 for controlled human malaria infection model	in cell lines and in vivo in a mouse model using trimethoprim-induced gametocytes to assess safety and infectivity.	Licence issued	10-Jan-2022	10-Jan-2027
DAUD OF O	Maral, Chara 9 Dahara (Aratralia) Dh. Idal	Clinical trial of a live attenuated tetravalent Dengue vaccine	The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety and tolerability of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to		4.140000	4 14 - 0007
DNIR-650	Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd	(V181) in adults	measure the immune response induced by the GMOs. To determine safety, tolerability and efficacy of GM AAV (BMN-331) in	Licence issued	1-Mar-2022	1-Mar-2027
DNIR-651	BioMarin Pharmaceutical Australia Pty Ltd	Clinical Trial with BMN 331 in patients with Hereditary Angioedema	patients with Hereditary Angioedema who are deficient in C1 Esterase Inhibitor (C1-INH).	Surrendered	30-Mar-2022	20-Sep-2024
DNIR-652	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	A Phase 3 clinical trial with DTX301 in patients with late-onset ornithine transcarbamylase deficiency	Clinical trial to test the safety and efficacy of DTX301 in participants with late-onset ornithine transcarbamylase deficiency	Licence issued	11-Apr-2022	11-Apr-2027
			The purpose of the clinical trials is to study the safety, tolerability and efficacy of the GMO in the treatment of mucosal solid tumours, as a			
DNIR-653	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	An Oncolytic Immunotherapy Product for use in Clinical Trials	single agent or in combination with anticancer drugs. To study virus host-range, virulence, replicative fitness, transmissibility	Surrendered	2-May-2022	3-Jun-2022
			and susceptibility to antiviral drugs and vaccines, with the aim of developing better vaccines, antiviral drugs, and other treatment			
DNIR-654	The University of Melbourne	Understanding Coronavirus infection and disease	regimens for COVID-19. This licence is for the treatment of non-tuberculous Mycobacteria	Licence issued	17-Oct-2022	17-Oct-2027
DNIR-655	The Alfred Hespital	Phage therapy for severe lung disease due to Mycobacterium abscessus	infection (NTM) with a cocktail of naturally occurring and a GM	Licence issued	12-Jul-2022	12-Jul-2027
	The Alfred Hospital	Expression and Purification of fusion protein targeting tumor	bacteriophage Large-scale production of GM E. coli expressing a fusion protein for use			
DNIR-656	BioCina Pty Ltd	specific cells	in cancer treatment.	Licence issued	12-Jan-2023	12-Jan-2028
DNIR-657	Seqirus Pty Ltd	Influenza prophylactic vaccine for use in a clinical trial	The proposed Phase 1 clinical trial will evaluate the safety, reactogenicity and immunogenicity of a self-amplifying mRNA vaccine.	Licence issued	23-Jan-2023	23-Jan-2028
		Testing of immortalised cell lines for replication competent	This licence authorises the testing of cell lines generated using early retroviral vector technology to demonstrate that they are free of			
DNIR-658	Flinders University	retroviruses	replication competent retroviruses. To supply etranacogene dezaparvovec to patients suffering from	Licence issued	23-Feb-2023	23-Feb-2028
DNIR-659	CSL Innovation Pty Ltd	Supply of etranacogene dezaparvovec for the treatment of people with haemophilia B	haemophilia B with an increased bleeding tendency due to deficiency of the blood coagulation protein FIX (congenital Factor IX)	Licence issued	5-Apr-2023	
		Use of recombinant Adeno-associated viral vectors to enable	To use genetically modified adeno-associated viral vectors expressing			
DNIR-660	The University of Queensland	evaluation of human vaccine responses in mice Clinical trial of genetically modified HSV-1-based vector for the	human cytokines to study immunological responses in mice To evaluate the safety, tolerability, and efficacy of the GMO in	Licence issued	19-Apr-2023	19-Apr-2028
DNIR-661	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	treatment of solid tumours	participants with solid tumours. To produce purified holocyclotoxins for assessment of antibody	Licence issued	21-Apr-2023	21-Apr-2028
DNIR-662	Australian Veterinary Serum Laboratories	pastoris for development of therapeutics	therapies and vaccine development for companion animals.	Licence issued	19-May-2023	19-May-2028
		A Clinical Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of ETX101, an AAV9-Delivered Gene Therapy in Children with SCN1A	This clinical trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of gene therapy treatment using a genetically modified adeno-associated viral vector in children with SCN1A-positive bravet Syndrome. The GMO is designed to increase expression of the SCN1A gene in certain types of brain cells,			
DNIR-663	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	positive Dravet Syndrome.	correcting the genetic defect which causes this disorder.	Licence issued	6-Jun-2023	6-Jun-2028
DNIR-664	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical trial of genetically modified adeno-associated virus for the treatment of autosomal dominant optic atrophy (ADOA)	To evaluate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of gene therapy in adult patients with ADOA associated with OPA1 mutation	Licence issued	16-Jun-2023	16-Jun-2028
DNIR-665	South Australian Health and Medical Research Institute	Generating mouse models with altered inheritance	The aim of this project is to develop a gene drive in a laboratory to control invasive pest mice.	Licence issued	26-Jun-2023	26-Jun-2028
			This clinical trial is to test the safety and preliminary efficacy of a single, unilateral, intravitreal injection of an AAV2 vector therapy in subjects			
DNIR-666	Beyond Drug Development Pty Ltd	Clinical evaluation of VOY-101 in patients with advanced non- neovascular age-related macular degeneration	with late-stage non-neovascular age-related macular degeneration (AMD).	Licence issued	3-Jul-2023	3-Jul-2028
			To perform a broad range of clinical trials targeting genetic disorders caused by mutations affecting a single gene within a hospital setting.			
DNIR-667	The Children's Hospital Westmead	Clinical trials involving Adeno-associated virus (AAV) gene therapy	The trials use AAV viral vectors for in vivo administration of gene therapy in eligible patients	Licence issued	10-Aug-2023	10-Aug-2028
		A Phase 3, Multinational, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo- Controlled Systemic Gene Transfer Therapy Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of SRP9001 in Non-Ambulatory and Ambulatory Subjects With Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy				
DNIR-668	Parexel International Pty Ltd	(ENVISION) Clinical trial of genetically modified adeno-associated virus for	Clinical trial for patient with Duchennes Muscular Dystrophy (DMD)	Licence issued	22-Aug-2023	22-Aug-2028
DNIP-660	Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd	treatment of geographic atrophy secondary to age-related	To evaluate the efficacy and safety of the GMO in patients with	Licence issued	7-Aug-2023	7-11-4 2020
DNIR-669		macular degeneration	geographic atrophy secondary to age-related macular degeneration. Laboratory-contained research to develop a gene drive mosquito to control the present of malaria.	Licence issued	-	7-Aug-2028
DNIR-670	QIMR Berghofer	Gene Drive Anopheles farauti Clinical trial with a genetically modified Salmonella	control the spread of malaria To evaluate the safety and preliminary anti-tumour activity of the GMO in	Licence issued	25-Aug-2023	25-Aug-2028
DNIR-671	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Typhimurium in patients with advanced solid tumours.	patients with metastatic or unresectable solid tumours. To evaluate the safety and tolerability of CAR-T cell therapy in patients	Licence issued	1-Sep-2023	1-Sep-2028
DNIR-672	IQVIA RDS Pty Ltd	Clinical trial with Anti-CD19 CAR-T cell therapy in patients with relapsed/refractory B cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma Molecular determinants of Newcastle disease virus	with B cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma to determine the maximum tolerated dose and recommended Phase 2 dose. This project aims to investigate the molecular basis for differences in pathogenicity associated with Newcastle disease virus strains of	Licence issued	11-Sep-2023	11-Sep-2028
DNIR-673	CSIRO	pathogenicity Use of mouse lines containing diphtheria toxin genes for	differing virulence.	Licence issued	25-Sep-2023	25-Sep-2028
DNIR-674 DNIR-675	Monash University Monash University	cardiovascular studies Use of DTA transgenic mice		Withdrawn Withdrawn		
		DTA Expressing Strains for Investigating Immunity in Mucosal				
DNIR-676	Monash University	Sites Use of transgenic mice expressing Diphtheria Toxin A to study	To use DTA expressing mice to study the roles of various cellular	Withdrawn	24.2.4.5	04.0
DNIR-677	Monash University		processes. Clinical trial of a genetically modified alphavirus replicon-based vaccine	Licence issued	31-Oct-2023	31-Oct-2028
DNIR-678	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	vaccine for the prevention of influenza	for the prevention of influenza To determine the safety and tolerability of the GMO alone, and in	Licence issued	18-Oct-2023	18-Oct-2028
DNIR-679	Advanced Clinical Pty Ltd	Clinical trial with a genetically modified alphavirus for the treatment of patients with advanced solid tumours.	combination with a checkpoint inhibitor, in patients with advanced cancers.	Licence issued	30-Nov-2023	30-Nov-2028
DNIR-680	The University of Melbourne	Vaccinia vectored vaccines against SARS-CoV-2 and Influenza A virus	Assessment of MVA vectored vaccine against IAV and SARS-Cov-2 in mice.	Licence issued	12-Dec-2023	12-Dec-2028
		Testing of mammalian cell lines for replication competent virus	The purpose of the proposed dealings is to enable the testing of historically generated cell lines, previously transduced with early viral vector technology, with no historical documentation to demonstrate that			
DNIR-681	The University of Adelaide	associated with prior genetic modification	they are free of replication competent viruses	Licence issued	16-Jan-2024	16-Jan-2029

			To test the safety and preliminary efficacy of subretinal injection of the			
DNIR-682	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical evaluation of RZ-004 in patients with retinitis pigmentosa	gene therapy RZ-004 in participants with retinitis pigmentosa caused by an autosomal dominant RHO mutation.	Licence issued	10-Jan-2024	10-Jan-2029
DNIR-683	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical trial of genetically modified alphavirus replicon-based vaccine for the prevention of COVID-19	To evaluate the safety, reactogenicity and immunogenicity of a self- amplifying mRNA vaccine against COVID-19	Licence issued	12-Jan-2024	12-Jan-2029
			The purpose of the proposed trial is to assess the safety, tolerability and			
DNIR-684	Beyond Drug Development Pty Ltd	A clinical trial to evaluate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of an AAV9 gene therapy in female children with Rett Syndrome	efficacy of an AAV9 based gene therapy in female children aged 4-10 years with Rett Syndrome, associated with mutation in MECP2 gene.	Licence issued	15-Jan-2024	15-Jan-2029
DIVINGOS	bayona brag baretapmaner ty Eta			Licence issued	13-3811-2024	13-3811-2023
DNIR-685	Bioproperties Pty Ltd	Formulation and filling of a genetically modified infectious laryngotracheitis virus for the vaccination of chickens	The purpose of this application is to formulate and fill the genetically modified vaccine for infectious laryngotracheitis virus (ILTV) in chickens.	Licence issued	13-Feb-2024	13-Feb-2029
		in vitro and in vivo studies with feline alphaherpesvirus-1	The applicant aims to construct and investigate the effectiveness of immunocontraceptives based on feline herpesvirus-1, using in vitro and			
DNIR-686	The University of Melbourne	derived immunocontraceptives	in vivo models.	Licence issued	30-Apr-2024	30-Apr-2029
DNIR-687	BioCina Pty Ltd	Expression and Purification of an Epsilon Toxin (ETX) Vaccine Candidate	The aim of this project is to express a genetically modified (GM) toxin in GM E. coli. The purified toxin will be evaluated as a vaccine candidate.	Licence issued	7-Mar-2024	7-Mar-2029
			A clinical trial to assess the safety and effect of INT2104, a lentiviral vector with a transgene for a chimeric antigen receptor specific for			
DNIR-688	Premier Research (Australia) Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of a treatment for refractory/relapsing B-cell	CD20, in a broad population of patients with relapsed or refractory B-cell malignancies	Licence issued	17 4 2024	17-Apr-2029
DINIR-008	Premier Research (Australia) Pty Ltu	malignancies	This study aims to develop a third-generation lentivirus based genomic	Licence issued	17-Apr-2024	17-Apr-2029
DNIR-689	The University of Sydney	An intracellular VenomORF library expression platform	platform which can be utilised to identify the bioactive proteins of therapeutic value from venom of different organisms	Licence issued	12-Apr-2024	12-Apr-2029
DNIR-690	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of a genetically modified adeno-associated virus in patients with peripheral manifestations of Gaucher Disease	Clinical trial of genetically modified adeno-associated virus for the treatment of patients with Gaucher disease	Licence issued	19-Mar-2024	19-Mar-2029
			To develop a proof of concept study to explore the split gene drive			
DAUD COA	The University of Melhourne	Demonstration of split gene drives in zebrafish	homing mechanism in zebrafish. The intent is to apply the results of this	Licence issued	11-Jun-2024	44 h- 2000
DNIR-691	The University of Melbourne	· ·	study to control invasive vertebrate species by conferring sex bias. The purpose of the proposed trial is to assess the safety, tolerability and	Licelice issued	11-Jun-2024	11-Jun-2029
DNIR-692	Syneos Health Australia Pty Ltd	A clinical trial to evaluate the safety and efficacy of SPK-8011 in adults with severe or moderately severe haemophilia A	efficacy of an AAV based gene therapy in adults suffering with severe or moderately severe haemophilia A.	Surrendered	25-Jun-2024	21-May-2025
DNIR-693	CSL Innovation Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of etranacogene dezaparvovec in patients with haemophilia B	The purpose of this clinical trial is to evaluate the safety and efficacy of the GMO in adults with haemophilia B	Licence issued	3-May-2024	3-May-2029
DNIR-694	BioCina Pty Ltd	Manufacturing unencapsulated Streptococcus pneumoniae as a whole cell vaccine	The aim of this project is to manufacture the GMO, formulate and fill the GM vaccine for subsequent inactivation.	Licence issued	22-Apr-2024	22-Apr-2029
	BioMarin Pharmaceutical Australia Pty Ltd	Supply of Roctavian (valoctocogene roxaparvovec) to patients with severe haemophilia A	or receive or casecquark indextraction.	Surrendered		
DNIR-695	biomariii Priarriiaceuticat Austratia Pty Etu	·		Surrendered	20-Aug-2024	20-Nov-2024
DNIR-696	Seqirus Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of self-amplifying mRNA vaccine for pandemic influenza	The proposed Phase 1 clinical trial will evaluate the safety, reactogenicity and immunogenicity of a self-amplifying mRNA vaccine	Licence issued	31-Jul-2024	31-Jul-2029
	Public and Environmental Health Reference	Destruction of nonviable Hendra virus (HeV) and Australian Bat	The aim of this dealing is to destroy stored stocks of plasmids encoding full length, partial or GM Hendra virus and Australian Bat Lyssa Virus			
DNIR-697	Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	Lyssavirus (ABLV) recombinant plasmids A Clinical Trial of ECUR-506 for treatment of Males with	genomes	Licence issued	10-Sep-2024	10-Sep-2025
DAUD 000	M	Genetically Confirmed Neonatal Onset Ornithine	The proposed clinical trial will evaluate safety and efficacy of an AAV-		40.00004	40.00000
DNIR-698	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	Transcarbamylase (OTC) Deficiency	based gene therapy for the treatment of OTC deficiency.	Licence issued	19-Sep-2024	19-Sep-2029
DNIR-699	Seqirus Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of a multi-valent self-amplifying mRNA vaccine for the prevention of Influenza	The proposed Phase 2 clinical trial will evaluate the safety, reactogenicity and immunogenicity of a self-amplifying mRNA vaccine	Licence issued	31-Jul-2024	31-Jul-2029
		Clinical trial of AAV gene therapy (AGTC-501) for X-linked	The purpose of this clinical trial is to evaluate the efficacy, safety, and tolerability of subretinal injection of the gene therapy AGTC-501 in male			
DNIR-700	TFS Trial Form Support Australia Pty Ltd	retinitis pigmentosa	participants with X linked retinitis pigmentosa Import of corn, soybean and wheat seed samples for provenance	Licence issued	3-Oct-2024	3-Oct-2029
DNIR-701	Source Certain Operations Pty Ltd	Import of corn, soybean and wheat	analysis.	Licence issued	10-Oct-2024	10-Oct-2029
DNIR-702	The University of Adelaide	Engineering bacteria to make bacterial toxins for cancer treatment	Expression of recombinant bacterial toxins in GM E. coli to reduce the viability of bowel cancer cells.	Licence issued	17-Oct-2024	17-Oct-2029
		A clinical trial of UB-VV111 in combination with rapamycin for	To assess the safety, efficacy, and pharmacokinetics/pharmacodynamics of UB-W111 in combination			
DNIR-703	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	the treatment of relapsed/refractory CD19+ hematologic malignancies	with and without rapamycin in adult subjects with relapsed/refractory CD19+ hematologic malignancies.	Licence issued	19-Nov-2024	19-Nov-2029
		A Clinical Trial of ECUR-506 for treatment of Males with Genetically Confirmed Neonatal Onset Ornithine	The proposed clinical trial will evaluate safety and efficacy of an AAV-			
DNIR-704	The Children's Hospital Westmead	Transcarbamylase (OTC) Deficiency	based gene therapy for the treatment of OTC deficiency.	Licence issued	30-Oct-2024	30-Oct-2029
			The purpose of this clinical trial is to test the safety and efficacy of GM AAV in adult patients with genetic XYLT2 deficiency, specifically to test			
DNIR-705	Western Sydney Local Health District	Clinical trial of GM AAV for treatment of genetic XYLT2 deficiency	r efficacy for brittle bone disease	Licence issued	12-Nov-2024	12-Nov-2029
DNIR-706	La Trobe University	Expression of Staphylococcus aureus toxins	The purpose of this project is to express Staphylococcus aureus toxins in E. coli for characterisation of their superantigen mechanisms.	Licence issued	14-Jan-2025	14-Jan-2030
DNIR-707	The Royal Children's Hospital	Bermagene geperpavec (B-VEC)	To treat a small number of patients with dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa.	Licence issued	19-Dec-2024	19-Dec-2029
			The purpose of the dealings is to produce and propagate vaccines against non-seasonal Influenza A, based on an attenuated Influenza A			
		Preparation of influenza vaccines using attenuated influenza A	virus, in cell lines at small and large scales and to conduct quality			
DNIR-708	Seqirus Pty Ltd	viruses Manufacture of genetically modified Salmonella enterica	control experiments.	Licence issued	22-Jan-2025	22-Jan-2030
DNIR-709	BioCina Pty Ltd	enterica Serovar Typhimurium bacterial strains to derive nanocells	To manufacture genetically modified Salmonella Typhimurium bacteria capable of producing nanocells.	Licence issued	13-Jan-2025	13-Jan-2030
			This project aims to develop and investigate gene drives in Plasmodium			
DNIR-710	The University of Melbourne	Exploring gene drives in Plasmodium to control malaria	berghei and Plasmodium falciparum to modulate parasite populations The primary aim is to develop genetically modified (GM) HCoV-NL63	Licence issued	12-Feb-2025	12-Feb-2030
			strains capable of infecting mice to better understand HCoV-NL63			
			infection. These studies may assist in the development of better vaccines and antiviral drugs that could be broadly effective against both			
DNIR-711	The University of Melbourne	Understanding seasonal coronavirus infection and disease	SARS-CoV-2 and HCoV-NL63. The project is to develop human genetic prion disease in mouse by	Licence issued	10-Feb-2025	10-Feb-2030
	The Florey Institute of Neuroscience and Mental	Prodromal disease characterisation in murine models of familia	introducing human genes related to prion disease. This animal model l data will provide evidence for a future longitudinal study involving			
DNIR-712	Health	prion disease	patients. This study aims to develop a third-generation lentivirus genomic	Licence issued	24-Feb-2025	24-Feb-2030
			platform to characterise the bioactivity of proteins from the venom of			
DNIR-713	The University of Sydney	A constitutive VenomORF library expression platform	different organisms. To assess the safety, tolerability, preliminary efficacy and	Licence issued	10-Feb-2025	10-Feb-2030
DNIR-714	IQVIA RDS Pty Ltd	In Vivo Gene Therapy to Generate Anti-BCMA CAR-T Cells in Patients with Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma	$pharmacokinetics/pharmacodynamics\ of\ the\ GMO\ in\ adult\ patients\ with\ relapsed\ and\ refractory\ multiple\ myeloma.$	Licence issued	6-Mar-2025	6-Mar-2030
DNIR-715	Valo Therapeutics (Australia) Pty Ltd.	A clinical trial to assess safety and clinical activity of the GMO PeptiCRAd-1 in patients with solid tumours		Cease to consider		
		A clinical trial of an AAV-based gene therapy (EPI-321) for the treatment of facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD)	The purpose of this clinical trial is to assess the safety, tolerability and biological activity of EPI-321 (the GMO) in adult patients with			
DNIR-716	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	in adults	facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD)	Licence issued	24-Mar-2025	24-Mar-2030
			To evaluate the safety and tolerability of CAR-T cell therapy in patients			
DNIR-717	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Refractory Systemic Lupus Erythematosus	with Refractory Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Using genetically modified Murine Leukemia Virus (MLV) to transduce	Licence issued	25-Mar-2025	25-Mar-2030
DNIR-718	The University of Adelaide	Investigating immune evasion mechanisms in cancer	human and murine cells to express different genes in order to understand their effects on immune invasion.	Licence issued	31-Mar-2025	31-Mar-2030
DNIR-719	The University of Adelaide	Use of genetically modified Staphylococcus aureus strain to express an extracellular virulence factor.	To use GM Staphylococcus aureus overexpressing a protease to generate positive controls for comparative analysis.	Licence issued	24-Mar-2025	24-Mar-2030
,20			This study aims to develop genetically modified microbial hosts to		Idi 2020	Idi. 2000
D.U	Th. 1100	Characterisation of toxin biosynthesis pathways from	enable heterologous expression of aquatic microbial toxins. Biosynthesis gene clusters involved in the molecular pathway will be		40.44	40.15
DNIR-720	The University of Newcastle	environmental microorganisms	characterised for future development of bioactive compounds.	Licence issued	12-May-2025	12-May-2030

			The aim of the proposed dealings is to modulate gene expression in			
			mammary duct epithelial cells of mice using lentiviral vectors in order to			
DNIR-721	QIMR Berghofer	Obesity linked cancer	induce ductal carcinogenesis in situ.	Licence issued	16-Apr-2025	16-Apr-2030
		Production of transgenic Nippostrongylus brasiliensis	Evaluate the prophylactic and/or therapeutic potential of transgenic			
DNIR-722	James Cook University	hookworms that secrete therapeutic foreign molecules	hookworms expressing foreign molecules in mice.	Licence issued	28-Apr-2025	28-Apr-2030
		Phase I open-label, dose escalation trial of BI 1831169				
		monotherapy and in combination with an anti-PD-1 mAb in	To evaluate the safety and efficacy of the GM VSV for the treatment of			
DNIR-723	Boehringer Ingelheim Pty Ltd	patients with advanced or metastatic solid tumors	solid tumours.	Licence issued	2-May-2025	2-May-2030
		Clinical trial of GM AAV for treatment of Amyotrophic Lateral	To test the safety and efficacy of GM AAV for the treatment of			
DNIR-724	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Sclerosis	Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis	Licence issued	30-Jan-2025	30-Jan-2030
			The purpose of this clinical trial is to evaluate the safety and efficacy of			
		Clinical trial of genetically modified adeno-associated virus for	genetically modified adeno-associated virus in adult and paediatric			
DNIR-725	ICON Clinical Research Pty Limited	the treatment of haemophilia B	patients with haemophilia B	Licence issued	30-Apr-2025	30-Apr-2030
	CTI Clinical Trial and Consulting Services Australia	Clinical trial of GM adeno-associated virus for treatment of	To assess the safety, tolerability and pharmacodynamic effects of a GM			
DNIR-726	Pty Ltd	frontotemporal dementia	AAV in adult participants with frontotemporal dementia (FTD)	Licence issued	13-May-2025	13-May-2030
		A Phase I Study to Evaluate the Safety and Tolerability of a	To assess the safety and effectivity of INT2106, a lentiviral vector with a			
		Lentiviral Vector (INT2106) in participants with refractory	transgene for CAR19, in patients with generalised myasthenia gravis			
DNIR-727	Premier Research (Australia) Pty Ltd	Generalised Myasthenia Gravis	(GMG)	Licence issued	17-Jun-2025	17-Jun-2030
		Use of a Diphtheria Toxin Subunit A expressing transgenic				
		mouse model to study molecular and cellular physiology of	Use of a Diphtheria Toxin Subunit A expressing transgenic mouse model			
DNIR-728	Flinders University	common human diseases	to study molecular and cellular physiology of common human diseases	Licence issued	2-Jul-2025	2-Jul-2030
			The study will infect healthy participants with GM Plasmodium			
	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	Experimental malaria infection of healthy malaria-naive adults	falciparum via mosquito bite to create a master cell bank (MCB) for			
DNIR-729	Research	with the genetically modified Plasmodium falciparum	future human clinical trial.	Licence issued	4-Jul-2025	4-Jul-2030
			The Phase III clinical trial aims to evaluate the immunogenicity and			
			safety of 2 doses of a new formulation of the tetravalent dengue vaccine			
		Phase 3 clinical trial of a new formulation of live attenuated	compared to the currently approved commercial vaccine in adults in			
DNIR-730	IQVIA RDS Pty Ltd	tetravalent dengue vaccine in adults	dengue non-endemic area.	Licence issued	30-Jul-2025	30-Jul-2030