OGTR ID	Organisation	Project Title	Project Description	Status	Date Issued	Expiry/Surrender Date
DNIR-001	The Kids Research Institute Australia	Murray Valley Encephalitis Virus	The researchers are aiming to produce a more effective vaccine against Murray Valley encephalitis virus and to test potential vaccines in mice.	Expired	8-Mar-2002	
511111 001	The Rad Research Historic National	Turidy Facey Enceptions From	The aim is to develop a new model for gene therapy by treating rats with hypertension (high blood pressure) with a gene which produces atrial	Expired	5 Tiai 2002	00 7411 2007
DNIR-002	The University of Queensland	Investigate gene therapy for hypertension	natriuretic peptide.	Withdrawn		
			This proposal aims to generate cell lines from macrophages isolated from patients who suffer from iron overload (haemochromatosis) to			
DNIR-003	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Construction of immortalized macrophage cell lines	study the proteins involved in iron transport. The researchers will produce quantities of the protein coded for by the	Surrendered	21-Jan-2002	17-Dec-2002
DNIR-004	CSL Limited	Pilot Scale Fermentation and Processing of ESO-1 Antigen Expressed in Recombinant E.coli	gene ESO-1, isolated from a human oesophageal carcinoma cell line, to be used to test the properties of the protein.	Expired	4-Feb-2002	30-Jun-2009
			This proposal aims to test if cattle can be protected against fluoroacetate, a poison found in some native plants, by inoculating			
DNIR-005	Murdoch University	Testing Protection of Cattle From Fluoroacetate	them with genetically modified bacteria. The researchers aim to generate a virus strain with potential as a live	Expired	11-Feb-2002	30-Jun-2004
DNIR-006	RMIT University	Evaluation of chimeric influenza virus, incorporating the fusion glycoprotein of respiratory syncytial virus	vaccine by replacing a gene from an influenza A virus strain with a gene from the respiratory syncytial virus.	Expired	15-Feb-2002	31-Dec-2004
DNIR-007	RMIT University	Cloning and inactivation of phospholipase gene from Clostridium perfringens to produce a non-toxic vaccine antigen - addional information received 13/02/02	The researchers are aiming to produce a vaccine against the chicken disease, necrotic enteritis, which is caused by the bacterium Clostridium perfringens.	Surrendered	5-Mar-2002	22-Mar-2012
DIVIN-007	N-III Oliversity	The role of Osteoclast Inhibitory Lectin in breast cancer	This research is to see if, in mice, an inhibitor of osteoclast formation	Sancindered	3-11ai-2002	22-1141-2012
DNIR-008	St Vincent's Hospital (Melbourne)	mestases to bone Production of humanised monoclonal antibodies from NSO	can slow the spread of human breast cancer cells to bone. This proposal is to produce quantities of antibodies to be used in clinical	Expired	18-Feb-2002	30-Apr-2003
DNIR-009	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited	cells	trials. The aim of this project is to identify the genes associated with toxin	Expired	11-Mar-2002	28-Feb-2003
DNIR-010	Australian Water Quality Centre	Rapid Methods for the Detection of Toxic Cyanobacteria	synthesis in cyanobacteria and to construct cyanobacteria that don't produce the toxin.	Expired	2-Apr-2002	31-Aug-2006
			The structure and function of the phospholipase proteins in the fungus			
DNIR-011	Westmead Institute for Medical Research	Cryptococcal phospholipases and secretion pathways: structure & potential targets for therapeutics	Cryptococcus neoformans will be studied and fungus without the proteins tested in mice and wax moth larvae, Galleria mellonella	Licence issued	16-Apr-2002	31-Mar-2030
		Investigation of the roles of TNFa-related apoptosis-inducing	TRAIL is a molecule which is thought to specifically kill transformed and virus infected cells but not most normal human cells. The researchers			
DNIR-012	Western Sydney Local Health District	ligand, TRAIL in the immune system	are investigating the function of TRAIL within the immune system. The aim of the proposed dealing is to investigate the biological	Surrendered	11-Apr-2002	10-Feb-2005
DNIR-013	Western Sydney Local Health District	Studies of cell growth & survival Transient overexpression of adrenergic receptors via the use of	processes that regulate cell growth and survival. The researchers will harvest and purify adrenergic receptors from rat	Expired	16-Apr-2002	28-Feb-2008
DNIR-014	The Victor Chang Cardiac Research Institute	adenoviral vectors	livers to study the structure of the receptors. The aim is to produce the antigens used in manufacturing a vaccine	Withdrawn		
DNIR-015	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited	Production of NeoGARD antigens Production of domain 1 of the human plasma protein Beta 2-	against neonatal scour in pigs. The project will produce recombinant protein which will be chemically	Surrendered	2-Apr-2002	
DNIR-016 DNIR-017	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited CSIRO	glycoprotein 1	modified for use in preclinical studies The researchers will determine the role of the matrix protein gene in NDV.	Expired	18-Feb-2002 20-May-2002	
DNIR-017	CSIRO	Reverse Genetics of Newcastle Disease Virus (NDV) Bone Repair	The aim is to identify genes and their most effective routes of administration to enhance bone repair.	Expired Withdrawn	20-11ay-2002	30-3011-2003
DNIR-019	Deakin University	B55 gene over expression in Psammomys obesus	The researchers will study the effects on obesity and diabetes of over- expression of the B55 gene.	Expired	10-May-2002	31-Aug-2004
		Production of members of the inhibin hormone family in	The project will produce recombinant hormones for research reagents,	·	·	
DNIR-020	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited	mammalian, insect, yeast and bacterial cells	clinical research and commercial biopharmaceuticals. This project aims to determine the role of virus regulatory proteins in HIV $$	Surrendered	16-Apr-2002	
DNIR-021	QIMR Berghofer	HIV replication and gene expression	replication and gene expression. The aim is to determine if the P-glycoprotein can protect tumour and	Surrendered	16-May-2002	12-Mar-2025
DNIR-022	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Characterisation of the anti-apoptotic function of P-glycoprotein and transcriptional regulation of the MDR1 gene	normal cells against apoptosis (programmed cell death) produced by a variety of methods. This study aims to determine whether the activation of gp130 in prostate	Surrendered	3-Jun-2002	29-Jun-2007
DNIR-023	St Vincent's Hospital (Melbourne)	The role of the cytokines receptor gp130 in prostate cancer	This study aims to determine whether the activation of gp.130 in prostate cells influences the progression of prostate cancer. The project will produce a large range of recombinant proteins for	Withdrawn		
DNIR-024	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited	Production of recombinant proteins in mammalian, insect, yeast and bacterial cells		Surrendered	25-Jun-2002	15-Jan-2008
			The aim is to characterise the function and expression levels of virulence			
DNIR-025	Royal Perth Hospital	Meningococcal virulence genes	genes of the human bacterial pathogen Neisseria meningitidis. The aim is to investigate the development and maintenance of cytotoxic	Surrendered	5-Jul-2002	1-May-2007
DNIR-026	La Trobe University	The mechanisms of establishing and maintaining immunological memory	T lymphocyte (CTL) immunological memory against influenza virus proteins.	Surrendered	9-Jul-2002	18-Jul-2022
DNIR-027	University of Southern Queensland	Whooping Cough Vaccine IV	The aim is to create a safe non-invasive whooping cough vaccine which will neutralise consequences of the major toxin of Bordetella pertussis.	Surrendered	14-Jun-2002	30-Nov-2009
			The aim is to study Bordetella pertussis genes which are important in			20.000
DNIR-028	University of Southern Queensland	Whooping cough vaccine V	developing immune responses and protection from infection in mice. The aim is to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human	Surrendered	5-Jul-2002	
DNIR-029	Australian National University	A drug screen for anti-viral compounds	immunodeficiency virus (type 1) budding process. The aim is to screen compounds for their ability to inhibit the human	Surrendered	19-Jul-2002	
DNIR-030	Biotron Limited	A drug screen for anti-viral compounds	immunodeficiency virus (type 1) budding process. The aim is to model and optimise the production process of porcine	Surrendered	19-Jul-2002	11-Jul-2007
DNIR-031	The University of Sydney	Porcine growth hormone production from recombinant E.coli In vivo analysis of modified myxoma virus for	growth hormone in 50 litre fermentations. The purpose of the proposed dealings is to produce recombinant myxoma viruses that could be used in the development of	Withdrawn		
DNIR-032	CSIRO	immunocontraception and vaccine development	immunocontraceptives and/or vaccines. The aim of the proposed dealings is to investigate the effect of the	Surrendered	24-Jul-2002	26-Aug-2005
DNIR-033	Western Sydney Local Health District	Mechanisms by which CD44 variant exon 6 promotes disease progression in acute leukemia	protein CD44v6 on the proliferation and survival of leukemic cells in culture and in mice.	Expired	12-Jul-2002	30-Jun-2006
		Modification of myxoma virus for immunocontraception and	The purpose of the proposed dealings is to produce recombinant myxoma viruses that could be used in the development of			
DNIR-034	Australian National University	vaccine development	immunocontraceptives and/or vaccines.	Surrendered	24-Jul-2002	27-Feb-2014
DNIR-035	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	A replicon-based vaccine for Hepatitis C virus (HCV)	The purpose of the proposed dealings is to develop a vaccine for hepatitis C virus (HCV) using a novel RNA-based replicon system.	Surrendered	23-Aug-2002	17-Oct-2007
DNIR-036	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	A cell culture system for Hepatitis C virus	The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop a mammalian cell culture system to study Hepatitis C virus using recombinant baculoviruses.	Surrendered	23-Aug-2002	17-Oct-2007
			The aim of this study is to develop a mammalian cell culture system to			
DNIR-037	The University of Adelaide	Replication of GB-Virus and related Chimeras	study Hepatitis C virus (HCV) using chimerics of HCV and GB viruses. The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression	Licence issued	23-Aug-2002	31-Mar-2027
DNIR-038	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Molecular interactions between HIV-1 and host gene products	of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell culture.	Licence issued	2-Sep-2002	22-Dec-2028
DNID 000	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research	Impact of host gene products on HIV-1 replication in	The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell	Integrated into		
DNIR-039	and Public Health Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research	mammalian cells Effect of host gene products that interact with HIV-1 reverse	culture. The aim of the proposed dealings is to test the impact of the expression of cellular proteins on HIV-1 and MLV replication in mammalian cell	DNIR-038 Integrated into		
DNIR-040	and Public Health	transcriptase on MoMLV replication	culture. The aim of the proposed dealing is to study the effects on immune cell	DNIR-038		
DNIR-041	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Characterisation of the signalling and cell biology of CD46 and the Dig family	function of the protein CD46 and its Dlg family in human and mouse cells.	Expired	2-Sep-2002	30-Mar-2006
			The effect of swapping bacteriophages from one species of Vibrio to			
DNIR-042	James Cook University	Cross infection of bacteriophages in Vibrio cholerae, Vibrio mimicus and Vibrio harveyi	another will be examined. The aim is to see if the cholera pandemic of 1989 could be related to an outbreak of Vibrio harveyl in prawns.	Withdrawn		

DNIR-043	CSIRO	In vivo testing of immuno-contraceptive effects and species specificity of a recombinant murine cytomegalovirus (MCMV) expressing mouse ZP3	The aim of this dealing is to test the efficacy and specificity of a recombinant murine cytomegalovirus [MCMV] containing a mouse reproductive protein as an immunocontraceptive in house mice and a number of native and exotic rodent species. This dealing aims investigate the role of Sgk (serum and glucocorticoid	Surrendered	7-Aug-2002	26-Aug-2005
DNIR-044	Baker Medical Research Institute	A viral mediated approach to examine Sgk in cellular function	induced kinase) in heart disease using replication deficient adenoviruses in cell culture.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-045	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	Production of recombinant PST and amino acid analogues of that hormone	The proposed dealings are to produce the protein pig somatotropin.	Surrendered	17-Sep-2002	13-Feb-2004
DNIR-046	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	Production of recombinant MET - human growth hormone	The proposed dealings are to produce the therapeutic protein human growth hormone.	Surrendered	17-Sep-2002	13-Feb-2004
		Production of recombinant human granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) and amino-acid analogues	The proposed dealings are to produce the therapeutic protein human granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF) or			
DNIR-047	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	of this cytokine Production of recombinant human interleukin 5 (IL-5) and	analogue. The proposed dealings are to produce the protein human interleukin 5	Surrendered	17-Sep-2002	13-Feb-2004
DNIR-048 DNIR-049	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd Western Sydney Local Health District	amino acid analogues of this cytokine A preclinical model of pancreatic islet xenotransplatnation as treatment for Type 1 Diabetes	(IL-5). This dealing aims to produce pig and mouse pancreatic islet cells that can avoid the human immune system.	Surrendered Expired	17-Sep-2002 26-Sep-2002	13-Feb-2004 30-Sep-2007
DNIR-049	Western Sydney Local Health District	HIV immunopathogenesis and immune cell function	The aim of the proposed dealings is to study one possible mechanism whereby HIV depletes the immune cells in people.	Expired	26-Sep-2002	30-Sep-2007
		Growth of tissue culture cells genetically modified to express	The aim is to study the function of lymphocytes (white blood cells) and the effect of cytokine receptors on the development or treatment of			
DNIR-051	Western Sydney Local Health District	cytokine receptor subunit	severe combined immunodeficiency. The aim of the proposed dealings is to study Bartonella henselae, a	Expired	26-Sep-2002	30-Nov-2007
DNIR-052	Westmead Institute for Medical Research	Molecular pathogenesis of Bartonella henselae	bacterium which causes cat scratch disease. The proposed dealings are to produce both native and variant forms of	Licence issued	26-Sep-2002	30-Sep-2027
DNIR-053	Novozymes Biopharma AU Limited	Commercial production of LongR3IGF-1 and IGF-1	the protein IGF-1.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-054	Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	Cell complemented viruses as non-infectious diagnostic reagents and candidate vaccines. Australian Bat Lyssavirus	The dealings propose to produce diagnostic reagents and potential vaccines for the viral disease Australian Bat lyssavirus.	Surrendered	20-Sep-2002	6-May-2010
DNIR-055	Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	Cell complemented Hendra virus as a non-infectious diagnostic reagent and as a model for studying genetic and phenotypic changes affecting pathogenicity and host range	The dealings propose to produce diagnostic reagents and potential vaccines for the disease caused by Hendra virus.	Surrendered	20-Sep-2002	12-Nov-2007
	Public and Environmental Health Reference	Cell complemented viruses as non-infectious diagnostic	The dealings propose to produce diagnostic reagents and potential			
DNIR-056	Laboratories, Pathology Queensland The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	reagents and candidate vaccines. Ross River Virus	vaccines for the disease caused by Ross River virus. These dealings aim to study the parasite which causes malaria,	Expired	20-Sep-2002	28-Feb-2014
DNIR-057 DNIR-058	Research The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Transfection of Plasmodium falciparum Everassion of dense in Leishmania	Plasmodium falciparum. The aim of the proposed dealing is to study the parasite Leishmania and immune responses to the parasite in mice.	Surrendered Expired	9-Sep-2002 13-Sep-2002	7-Nov-2008
DNIK-058	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	Expression of genes in Leishmania Transduction of cells and tissue by adenoviral vectors for	The proposed dealing aims to develop tissues which may be able to be transplanted in people from pigs, mice and human cell lines and test	Expired	13-Sep-2002	30-Sep-2010
DNIR-059	Research	transplantation	these tissues in mice. The proposed dealing aims to develop tissues which may be able to be	Withdrawn		
DNIR-060	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Transduction of cells and tissue by lentivirus vectors for transplantation	transplanted in people from pigs, mice and human cell lines and test these tissues in mice.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-061	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Generation and use of recombinant Adenovirus	This project aims to develop a recombinant adenovirus vector system to deliver mouse genes into mouse tissue cultures and organs. This project aims to use a mouse model of rheumatoid arthritis to test	Withdrawn		
DNIR-062	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Adenovirus mediated gene transfer in murine models of rheumatoid arthritis	the effect of proteins thought to regulate inflammation of synovial tissue. The researchers propose to transfer and study dones thought to be	Withdrawn		
DNIR-063	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Retroviral mediated gene transfer into murine haemopoietic cells	The researchers propose to transfer and study genes thought to be involved in cell growth, proliferation, apoptosis (programmed cell death) and differentiation in cell cultures.	Surrendered	26-Sep-2002	28-Sep-2007
DNIR-064	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Negative regulation of haematopoesis by P-selectin	The aim is to determine a signal transduction pathway and see how this results in suppression of blood cell production.	Expired	26-Sep-2002	30-Apr-2004
DNIR-065	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Immunotherapy of cancer using recombinant viruses	This project aims to assess the anti-tumour potential of a melanocyte protein vaccine.	Surrendered	26-Sep-2002	24-Aug-2007
DNIR-066	CSIRO	Porcine adenovirus viral vectors	Adenovirus from pigs will be genetically modified for use as vaccines and therapeutics for a range of animal diseases.	Licence issued	26-Sep-2002	31-Aug-2027
DNIR-067	CSIRO	Development of Vaccines to protect against members of the pasturellaceae	This project aims to develop vaccines against Pasteurellaceae associated diseases in production animal species.	Surrendered	26-Sep-2002	27-Sep-2013
DNIR-068	CSIRO	Fowl adenovirus recombinants	The proponents intend to construct and test different genetically modified fowl adenoviruses as potential vaccines against diseases in chickens and dogs.	Expired	26-Sep-2002	31-Jan-2024
DNIR-069	CSIRO	Identification of virulence factors for infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV)	The researchers are planning to identify what parts of the virus makes IBDV infectious to chickens.	Expired	26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005
			The dealing is to produce quantities of proteins from the **stomach -	,		
DNIR-070	CSL Limited	Expression of Helicobacter pylori proteins in E.coli	ulcer abcterium Helicobacter pylori for potential use as vaccines. The aim is to test the safety and efficacy of a yellow fever vaccine	Expired	26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2005
DNIR-071	Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute	JE CHIMERIVAX	genetically modified to vaccinate against Japanese encephalitis in human volunteers.	Expired	26-Sep-2002	31-Dec-2010
DAUD 070	00000		Ranaviruses are viruses of fish, frogs and reptiles and this project aims			
DNIR-072 DNIR-073	CSIRO Baker Medical Research Institute	Construction of recombinant ranaviruses Viral mediated approaches to examine the effects of dehydrogenase on cardiac function	to develop technology to genetically modify these viruses. The aim is to express four enzymes in cell culture and to test the effect of the enzymes on cultured heart cells.	Surrendered	26-Sep-2002	28-Sep-2007
DNIR-073	Baker Medical Research Institute	Signalling pathways in myocardial preparations	The aim is to study mechanisms which may be involved in sudden cardiac deaths.	Withdrawn		
J1-0/4		2.6	The researchers will study the role of specific proteins stimulated by	**************************************		
DNIR-075	Baker Medical Research Institute	A viral mediated approach to examine SMAD in cellular functions	Smad dependent mechanisms, by modulating Smad genes in wound healing, inflammation and cell development. Cucumber mosaic virus is a disease of lupins and many other plants.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-076	Murdoch University	Generation of infectious cucumber mosaic virus clones	The researchers intend to study the interactions between the virus and lupins. The aim is to identify notains toyic to the rice bloodwarm Chiranamus.	Expired	25-Oct-2002	30-Apr-2014
DNIR-077	Department of Regional NSW	Bioassay evaluation of bacteria expressing insecticidal genes	The aim is to identify proteins toxic to the rice bloodworm Chironomus tepperi from bacteria. The aim is to insert and test proteins toxic to the rice bloodworm	Surrendered Integrated into	25-Oct-2002	13-Jun-2007
DNIR-078	Department of Regional NSW Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell	Toxicity of modified rice callus to Chironomus larvae	Chironomus tepperi in tissue cultures of rice. The aim is to develop and test vaccines to protect against the human	DNIR-077		
DNIR-079	Biology	Development of new vaccines against tuberculosis	bacterial disease tuberculosis. The researchers propose to genetically modify hepatitis delta virus	Expired	25-Oct-2002	31-Dec-2013
DNIR-080	Melbourne Health	Packaging of hepatitis delta virus (HDV) with modified envelope protein	(HDV) so that it can infect cells other than liver cells, such as cancer cells, as a potential treatment.	Expired	8-Nov-2002	30-Sep-2021
DNIR-081	University of Wollongong	Molecular analysis of Streptococcus pyogenes	The aim is to understand the role of specific gene products of the bacteria Streptococcus pyogenes in the onset of disease and to develop vaccines to protect against the disease.	Expired	8-Nov-2002	31-Oct-2022
J001			The aim is to understand the role of specific gene products of the	Expired	J .101-2002	01-000-2022
DNIR-082	University of Wollongong	Molecular analysis of Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae and vaccine development	bacteria Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae in the onset of disease and to develop vaccines to protect against the disease.	Surrendered	8-Nov-2002	9-Dec-2013
DNIR-083	St Vincent's Hospital (Melbourne)	Breast cancer invasion and metastasis	Tagged breast cancer cells will be inoculated into mice to assess how tumours develop.	Surrendered	4-Nov-2002	11-Jul-2007
DAME			SDF-1 is thought to be a key regulator of the behaviour of cells involved in acute lymphoblastic leukemia and this project aims to study how it			40 -
DNIR-084	Western Sydney Local Health District	bone marrow stroma Analysis of the effects of CD44 variant exon 6 expression on adherical and migration of human laukemia calls.	works. CD44 is thought to affect cells involved in myeloid leukemia and this	Surrendered	8-Nov-2002	12-Sep-2006
DNIR-085	Western Sydney Local Health District	adhesion and migration of human leukemia cells	project aims to study how variations of CD44 act. The aim is to understand the biology of the human immune deficiency	Surrendered	8-Nov-2002	7-Jan-2008
DNIR-086	Westmead Institute for Medical Research	HIV biology	virus as the basis for better drug and vaccine development. Shigella can cause dysentery. They hope to find the genes which are	Licence issued	15-Nov-2002	20-Sep-2026
DNIR-087	Australian National University	Molecular genetic studies of Shigella virulence	involved in disease development.	Licence issued	15-Nov-2002	30-Nov-2027

			Mycobacterium ulcerans can cause skin ulcers in people. The ulcers are thought to be due to the production of mycolactone by the bacteria and			
DNIR-088	Monash University	Cloning of genes from Mycobacterium ulcerans in other mycobacteria	the researchers are aiming to identify the genes responsible for mycolactone production. Mycobacterium ulcerans can cause skin ulcers in people. The ulcers are	Surrendered	29-Nov-2002	6-May-2010
			thought to be due to the production of mycolactone by the bacteria and the researchers are aiming to identify the genes responsible for			
DNIR-089	Monash University	Cloning of genes from Mycobacterium ulcerans	mycolactone production. The aim of this dealing is to genetically modify various	Surrendered	29-Nov-2002	6-May-2010
		Immunocontraception and antigen delivery by recombinant	cytomegaloviruses (CMVs) to contain reproductive proteins and other proteins and to test these GMOs as immunocontraceptives and			
DNIR-090	The University of Western Australia	Cytomegaloviruses	vaccines in a number of animal species.	Surrendered	23-Dec-2002	16-Nov-2020
DNIR-091	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Recombinant vaccinia virus encoding CMV or HCV genes	The aim is to examine the host response to cytomegalovirus and hepatitis C virus proteins to test for protective immune responses.	Licence issued	25-Nov-2002	30-Jun-2026
			The aim is to introduce genes of interest into primary human and rodent			
DNIR-092	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Molecular Models of Bone and Tissue Remodeling	cell lines of bone origin to study the effects of their forced expression on the formation of bone and other connective tissue.	Surrendered	21-Nov-2002	30-Oct-2008
		Novel Retroviral Expression Cloning Stratigies to Isolate Genes	The aim is to isolate novel cDNAs which encode for proteins which regulate haemopoietic and stromal cell differentiation. This will be			
DNIR-093	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	with Roles in Haemopoiesis and Stromal Biology	achieved using retroviral expression cloning techniques. The aim of this dealing is to determine the safety and immunogenicity of	Surrendered	25-Nov-2002	30-Jun-2008
DNIR-094	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited	Clinical Protocol HVDDT - NO1-Al-05395 - Fowlpox vaccine	an HIV vaccine regimen. The aim of this dealing is to determine the safety and immunogenicity of	Expired	27-Nov-2002	30-Apr-2006
DNIR-095	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited	Clinical Protocol HVDDT - NO1-Al-05395 - DNA vaccine	an HIV vaccine regimen. The aim of this dealing is to clone and sequence the biosynthetic	Expired	18-Nov-2002	30-Apr-2006
DNIR-096	The University of Sydney	Investigation into the genes responsible for ochratoxin A production in Aspergillus carbonarius and Aspergillus niger	pathway genes involved in ochratoxin A synthesis in Aspergillus carbonarius.	Surrendered	29-Nov-2002	25-May-2009
DNIR-097	Australian National University	Molecular biology of Phytophthora pathogenicity	The aim of this dealing is to identify Phytophthora genes that are involved in the infection of host plants.	Expired	29-Nov-2002	30-Apr-2013
		Construction of vaccinia virus recombinants carrying HCV	The aim of this dealing is to make recombinant vaccinia viruses that contain HCV genes and to use these viruses to observe the			
DNIR-098	Royal Perth Hospital	antigens and their use in detecting cytokine reponses in human peripheral blood leucocytes	immunological responses of peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) in vitro to endogenously synthesised HCV proteins.	Expired	27-Nov-2002	31-Jan-2007
		Development and characterisation of viral hybrids containing	The aim of this dealing is to make recombinant attenuated hepatitis C viruses and to use these viruses to elucidate the replicative mechanisms			
DNIR-099	Royal Perth Hospital	various segments of flaviviridae genomes	of hepatitis C virus.	Expired	29-Nov-2002	31-Jan-2005
DNIR-100	South Eastern Sydney Local Health District	Human and Ovine Adenovirus Vectors for Cancer gene therapy	The aim of this dealing is to examine the efficacy of a treatment for prostate cancer that uses adenoviral vectors, in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to create a mutant strain of Legionella	Surrendered	4-Mar-2003	20-Aug-2012
DNIR-101	Western Sydney Local Health District	The identification & investigation of virulence factors in legionella longbeachae	longbeachae (LL) lacking the pilD virulence gene and to study the role of this gene in the virulence of LL.	Surrendered	3-Jan-2003	31-Jul-2008
DIVIN-101	Western Sydney Escar Heatan District	tegionetta tongueachae	The aim of this dealing is to first isolate the phospholipase gene from a particular cryptococcal strain and then study the role of this gene in the	Suirendeled	3-3411-2003	31-34(-2000
DNIR-102	Western Sydney Local Health District	Genetics and biochemical characterisation of cryptococcal phospholipases in relation to fungal virulence	virulence of Cryptococcus neoformans by creating a mutant C. neoformans lacking the gene.	Surrendered	9-Jan-2003	31-Jul-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to produce recombinant herpesvirus vaccines			
DNIR-103	Department of Agriculture and Fisheries	Cloning the Complete Genomes of Alphaherpiesviruses	through the utilisation of infectious clone technology.	Surrendered	15-Jan-2003	22-Jun-2007
			The aim of this dealing is to study the antigenicity (ability of a substance I to cause an immune response) and replication of hepatitis B virus			
DNIR-104	The University of Melbourne	Lamivudine Resistant Mutants and Humoral Plus Cellular Immune Responses to Hepatic C Virus	mutants and to analyse the humoral (antibody) and cellular (T-cell) immune responses to hepatitis C virus. The aim of this dealing is to infect liver cells using baculovirus containing	Expired	16-Jan-2003	30-Apr-2020
		Studies of Replication of Hepatitis C Virus and Hepatitis C Virus	hepatitis B and C viral DNA and to study the replication of hepatitis B and			
DNIR-105	Melbourne Health	in Mammalian Cells		Surrendered	16-Jan-2003	27-Sep-2013
DNIR-105	Melbourne Health	in Mammalian Cells	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a	Surrendered	16-Jan-2003	27-Sep-2013
DNIR-105	Melbourne Health Monash University	in Mammalian Cells Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia	C virus in these cells.	Surrendered Licence issued	16-Jan-2003 22-Jan-2003	27-Sep-2013 31-Jan-2028
DNIR-106	Monash University	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral	Licence issued	22-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028
			C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfingens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis.			
DNIR-106	Monash University	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral	Licence issued	22-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse	Licence issued Expired Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025
DNIR-106 DNIR-107	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfiringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vascularue and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion	Licence issued Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody	Expired Expired Surrendered	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocyte (T cells) in w/o, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs	Licence issued Expired Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors.	Expired Expired Surrendered	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocyte (T cells) in w/o, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell lines (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule.	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in turnour immunosurveillance	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell times (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule.	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-111	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-furmour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell lines (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity, infection of cultured cells by calicivirus particles has not been demonstrated and the researches hypothesise this is due to defective virus particle latechment and entity. The aim of this dealing is to bypass	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Expired Expired Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2013 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 31-Dec-2007
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin CDNAs in perforin-deficient cell lines (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. Infection of cultured cells by calicivirus particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-111	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus	C virus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell times (rat mast cell time, RBL) and primary mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to express wild particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective wirus particle attachment and entry. The aim of this dealing is to bypass this block by using viral nucleic acid. The aim of this dealing is to mode human Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenic BCR/ABL DNA sequence to primary murine haemopoietic cells. Small molecule therapies for CML will also be examined.	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Expired Expired Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2013 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 31-Dec-2007
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-1112 DNIR-113	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University Monash University	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus Infectious RNA of human caliciviruses Generation of murine haemopoletic cells expressing human	Cvirus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell lines (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary mouse I-hymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity, infection of cultured cells by calicivirus particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective virus particle attachment and entry. The aim of this dealing is to bypass this block by using viral nucleic acid. The aim of him dealing is to mode thuman Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenic BCR/ABL DNA sequence to primary muritime haemopojecitic cells. Small molecule therapies for CML will a laso be examined. The researcher spropose to use short sequences of dsRNA produced by stable expression vectors to silence the expression of genes in either	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2013 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 31-Dec-2007
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-111 DNIR-112 DNIR-113	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University Monash University Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus Infectious RNA of human caliciviruses Generation of murine haemopoletic cells expressing human BCR/ABL	Cvirus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin CDNAs in perforin-deficient cell lines (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. Infection of cultured cells by calicivirus particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective virus particle attachment and entry. The aim of this dealing is to bypass this block by using viral nucleic acid. The aim of this dealing is to model human Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenie BCR/ABL DNA sequence for MI, will also be examined. The researchers propose to use short sequences of dsRNA produced by stable expression vectors to silence the expression of genes in either mammalian cell lines or malaria. They also propose to study the pathogenesis of P. berghei malaria in various murine gene knockout	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Withdrawn	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 31-Dec-2007
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-1112 DNIR-113	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University Monash University Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus Infectious RNA of human caliciviruses Generation of murine haemopoietic cells expressing human BCR/ABL Transfection and Gene Knockout/down of Plasmodium and Mammalian Cell Lines Functional Analysis of Malaria Parasite Proteins using	Cvirus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in w/o, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell tines (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in either m	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2013 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 31-Dec-2007
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DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-111 DNIR-112 DNIR-113	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University Monash University Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus Infectious RNA of human caliciviruses Generation of murine haemopoietic cells expressing human BCR/ABL Transfection and Gene Knockout/down of Plasmodium and Mammalian Cell Lines Functional Analysis of Malaria Parasite Proteins using Transfection of Plasmodium Species of Human and Rodent	Cvirus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell times (rat mast cell time, RBL) and primary mouse T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to obe structure function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. Infection of cultured cells by calicivinus particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective virus particle attenhent and entry. The aim of this dealing is to mode human Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenic BCR/ABL DNA sequence to primary murine haemopoietic cells. Small molecule therapies for CML will also be examined. The researchers propose to use short sequences of dsRNA produced by stable expression vectors to silence the expression of genes in either mammalian cell l	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Withdrawn	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003	31-Jan-2013 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 31-Dec-2007
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DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-111 DNIR-113 DNIR-114 DNIR-115 DNIR-116	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University Monash University Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus Infectious RNA of human caliciviruses Generation of murine haemopoietic cells expressing human BCR/ABL Transfection and Gene Knockout/down of Plasmodium and Mammalian Cell Lines Functional Analysis of Malaria Parasite Proteins using Transfection of Plasmodium Species of Human and Rodent Origin Creation of a Recombinant Baculovirus Harbouring a Greater than Genome Length of the HIV Genome Capable of Transducing Hepatoma Cell Lines	Cvirus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell times (rat mast cell time, RBL) and primary mouse-Tymphocytes to understand the fittine, RBL) and primary mouse-Tymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell times (rat mast cell time, RBL) and primary mouse-Tymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to obe still the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. Infection of cultured cells by calicivinus particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective wirus particle attenhent and entry. The aim of this dealing is to mode human Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenic BCR/ABL DNA sequence to primary murine haemopoietic cells. Small molecule therapies for CNL will also be examined. The aim of this dealing is to osted the parasite by transfecting the parasite wit	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 7-Feb-2003 7-Feb-2003	31-Jan-2013 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 31-Dec-2007 12-Jul-2007
DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-111 DNIR-112 DNIR-113 DNIR-114	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University Monash University Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus Infectious RNA of human caliciviruses Generation of murine haemopoietic cells expressing human BCR/ABL Transfection and Gene Knockout/down of Plasmodium and Mammalian Cell Lines Functional Analysis of Malaria Parasite Proteins using Transfection of Plasmodium Species of Human and Rodent Origin Creation of a Recombinant Baculovirus Harbouring a Greater than Genome Length of the HIV Genome Capable of	Cvirus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphoryes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell lines (rat mast cell line, RBL) and primary mouser T-ymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity, infection of cultured cells by calicivirus particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective virus particle attenhent and entry. The aim of this dealing is to mode human Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenic BCR/ABL DNA sequence to primary murine haemopoletic cells. Small molecule therapies for CML will also be examined. The aim of this dealing is to orde the human Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenic BCR/ABL DNA sequence to primary murine haemopoletic cells. Small molecule therapies for CML will also be examined. The aim of this deal	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 7-Feb-2003	31-Jan-2013 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 11-Jul-2007 12-Jul-2007
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DNIR-106 DNIR-107 DNIR-108 DNIR-109 DNIR-110 DNIR-111 DNIR-111 DNIR-111 DNIR-111 DNIR-114 DNIR-115 DNIR-116	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network Central Adelaide Local Health Network Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Deakin University Monash University Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research Avexa Limited Avexa Limited	Genetics and pathogenesis of the clostridia Virus Replication and Viral Pathogenesis Targeted gene delivery for vascular and neoplastic disease Signal transduction pathways in human cancers Novel approaches for activation and expansion of genetically engineered T cells in vivo Analysis of the molecular functions of perforin: a critical role in tumour immunosurveillance Overexpression of diabetes/obesity related genes in cultured cells and animals using recombinant Adenovirus Infectious RNA of human caliciviruses Generation of murine haemopoietic cells expressing human BCR/ABL Transfection and Gene Knockout/down of Plasmodium and Mammalian Cell Lines Functional Analysis of Malaria Parasite Proteins using Transfection of Plasmodium Species of Human and Rodent Origin Creation of a Recombinant Baculovirus Harbouring a Greater than Genome Length of the HIV Genome Capable of Transducing Hepatoma Cell Lines Construction of Recombinant HIV Clones and Viruses	Cvirus in these cells. The aim of this dealing is to study genes identified as potentially having a role in the pathogenesis, antibiotic resistance or gene transfer of C. perfringens, C. septicum and C. difficile. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of different viral genes and their role in regulating viral replication and viral pathogenesis. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use targeted gene delivery to investigate pulmonary vascular disease, tumour vasculature and cancer. The aim of this dealing is to understand the genetic and biochemical changes involved in the development of cancer using human and mouse cells as model systems for human disease. The aim of this dealing is to study the anti-tumour activity, expansion and survival of mouse and human primary lymphocytes (T cells) in vivo, that have been genetically modified to express single chain antibody receptors. The aim of this dealing is to express wildtype and mutant perforin cDNAs in perforin-deficient cell times (rat mast cell time, RBL) and primary mouse-T-lymphocytes to understand the structure/function relationship of the perforin molecule. The aim of this dealing is to study the roles of newly identified genes in the development of diabetes and obesity. Interior of cultured cells by calicivitius particles has not been demonstrated and the researchers hypothesise this is due to defective virus particle attachment and entry. The aim of this dealing is to bypass this block by using viral nucleic acid. The aim of this dealing is to model human Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML) in mice by delivering the leukaemogenic SCR/ABL DNA sequence to primary murine haemopoletic cells. Small molecule therapies for CML will also be examined. The aim of this dealing is to study the role of particular malaria proteins in avorius aspects of the parasite's lifecycle by transfecting the parasite with Plasmodium gen	Expired Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Expired	22-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 24-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 17-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 29-Jan-2003 7-Feb-2003 7-Feb-2003	31-Jan-2028 31-Jan-2013 31-Mar-2025 26-Oct-2007 31-Jan-2018 26-Oct-2007 31-Dec-2007 12-Jul-2007 12-Jul-2007 29-Aug-2011

			The researchers intend to introduce various genes into rice callus tissues. They aim to improve gene transfer efficiency and understand the			
DNIR-121	The University of Adelaide	Cereal Transformation	effects of targeted modification of the rice glutelin gene on its expression and stability in transgenic plants.	Withdrawn		
DNID 400	OCI Limited	Pilot scale fermentation and processing of antibody fragments	The aim of this dealing is to produce antibody fragments using GMOs and to evaluate them for the treatment of a variety of animal and human	Comment	00 5-6 0000	00 F-b 0000
DNIR-122	CSL Limited	expressed in GMOs	disease conditions. The aim of this dealing is to produce a DNA copy of HCV that contains only the regions of the virus necessary for the virus to replicate. The	Surrendered	28-Feb-2003	26-Feb-2008
DNIR-123	Melbourne Health	Studies on the replication of hepatitis C virus (HCV)	researchers intend to study HCV replication and design and test antiviral compounds that stop this process.	Surrendered	10-Feb-2003	22-Jun-2007
DI 125	reasonic reason	ordanis on the reputation of reputation of the section of	The aim of this dealing is to study the replication of HBV, DHBV and WHV and to investigate the growth of these viruses in the presence of antiviral	Sanchacica	10 100 2000	22 /411 2007
DNIR-124	Melbourne Health	Replication of hepatitis B virus, duck hepatitis B virus and woodchuck hepatitis virus and the testing of antiviral agents	agents. Variants of HBV associated with resistance to antiviral agents will also be studied.	Surrendered	21-Feb-2003	27-Sep-2013
		Studies of the replication of hepatitis B virus using recombinant	The aim of this dealing is to study the replication of HBV by infecting liver			
		HBV/adenovirus as a delivery system for mammalian cells and studies of HBV and HCV co-infection using HBV/adenovirus and	cells with HBV using a modified adenovirus containing HBV DNA. HCV genetic material will also be introduced to HBV infected cells to			
DNIR-125	Melbourne Health	HCV clones	investigate HBV and HCV co-infection. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular regulation of cell	Surrendered	28-Feb-2003	27-Sep-2013
DNIR-126	University of New South Wales	Molecular Regulation of Cell Lifespan and Malignant Transformation	lifespan and malignant transformation by genetically modifying mammalian cells with genes of interest. The aim of this dealing is to develop a gene transfer vector for the	Surrendered	14-Feb-2003	21-Dec-2007
DNIR-127	The University of Queensland	Development of a gene transfer vector for banana	banana plant and other plant species. The aim of this dealing is to transfer genes associated with	Expired	19-Feb-2003	28-Feb-2018
		Expressing Hemopoietic Regulators in Cells using Amphotropic	haemopoietic regulation into cells using a replication defective retrovirus, and to study the effects of this altered gene expression on			
DNIR-128	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Retroviruses. Cloning of Genes from Potentially Toxigenic Risk Group Two	haematopoiesis. The aim of this dealing is to analyse genes from a variety of risk group 2	Surrendered	6-Mar-2003	21-Sep-2007
DNIR-129	Queensland University of Technology	Bacteria	bacteria for commonalities. The aim of this dealing is to use retroviruses and lentiviruses to express	Surrendered	7-Mar-2003	7-Jan-2008
DNIR-130	Royal Perth Hospital	Use of retroviral and lentiviral gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins in cell culture	various HCV proteins. These viruses will be used to study the replication of HCV in cell culture.	Surrendered	7-Mar-2003	26-Feb-2008
		Expression of the GM-CFS Receptor Alpha and Beta Chains from				
DNIR-131	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	a Single Retroviral Construct	CSF receptor. The aim of this dealing is to develop a genetically modified non-toxic	Withdrawn	40.14 0000	04.44 0000
DNIR-132 DNIR-133	University of Southern Queensland	Whooping Cough Vaccine VI	whooping cough vaccine. The aim of this dealing is to study the role of various genes and gene	Surrendered Surrendered	13-Mar-2003	31-Mar-2008 31-Mar-2008
DNIK-133	University of Southern Queensland	Pasturella Multocida Type A Genes and Gene Products - 1	products in the pathogenesis of P. multocida. The aim of this dealing is to characterise the immunoregulating factors produced by mice vaccinated with two attenuated strains of Salmonella	Integrated into	13-Mar-2003	31-Mar-2008
DNIR-134	University of Southern Queensland	Mechanisms of Immunity in Salmonellosis	typhimurium.	DNIR-132		
			The aim of this dealing is to generate adenoviruses that will only replicate in the presence of specific tumour cell proteins. The			
DNIR-135	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Conditionally Replicative Adenoviruses for Neoplastic Disease Production of Pesticide Degrading Enzymes Using Recombinant	adenoviruses will be tested for their impact on cell function.	Expired	29-Apr-2003	30-Apr-2013
DNIR-136	Orica Australia Pty Ltd	E.coli	degrading enzymes using recombinant E. coli. The aim of this dealing is to produce large amounts of plasmid that will	Expired	6-Mar-2003	31-Jan-2008
DNIR-137	Progen Industries Limited	Geneswitch	be purified and formulated into a drug product (EPO) for clinical investigation in humans.	Expired	24-Mar-2003	31-Mar-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to produce a sufficient quantity of specific recombinant peptides or proteins to supply product for clinical trials			
DNIR-138	Hospira Adelaide Pty Ltd	Large Scale Production of Recombinant Peptides or Proteins	and/or commercialisation. The aim of this dealing is to construct a recombinant canine herpesvirus	Surrendered	26-Mar-2003	25-Mar-2008
DNIR-139	CSIRO	Recombinant Canine Herpiesvirus as Vaccine Vector Characterisation of DNA Region Associated With the Virulence	to be used as a vaccine vector. The aim of this dealing is to identify genes which control virulence of D. nodosus, and to use this information to assist in the diagnosis,	Surrendered	31-Mar-2003	26-Aug-2005
DNIR-140	The University of New England	of D. nodosus	treatment or prevention of footrot.	Expired	2-Apr-2003	15-May-2014
			The viruses under investigation pose a significant risk to tomato, cotton and viticulture industries. The aim of this dealing is to characterise the			
DNIR-141	CSIRO	Molecular Virology	roles of viral genes in viral replication and to assess the use of virus derived gene constructs for preventing disease.	Withdrawn		
			The aim of this dealing is to produce enough material from cell culture to support later Phase Trials and to develop large-scale manufacturing			
DNIR-142	Agen Biomedical	Thromboview Cell Culture	procedures.	Surrendered	4-Apr-2003	21-Dec-2007
			The aim of this dealing is to study the role of sialomucin cell surface adhesion molecules in the regulation of haemopoiesis, by expressing			
DNIR-143	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	The Role of Sialomucins in the Regulation of Haemopoiesis	them in a range of mouse and human cell types. The aim of this dealing is to analyse the role of hyaluronic acid in	Surrendered	4-Apr-2003	12-Jun-2007
DNIR-144	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	The Role of Hyaluronic Acid in Normal and Aberrant Stem Cell Biology	leukaemiagenesis by over expressing or inhibiting hyaluronic acid synthase genes in primary human leukaemic cells.	Surrendered	4-Apr-2003	29-Jun-2007
DIVIN-144	Teter Placeatum Cancer Centre	Expression and Vaccine systems Using Viruses Expressing Zona	The aim of this dealing is to produce recombinant myxoma and vaccinia viruses that express ZP proteins for use in rabbit immunocontraceptive	Junendered	4-Apr-2000	23-3411-2007
DNIR-145	CSIRO	Pellucida Genes	trials and assays respectively. The aim of this dealing is to transiently express Cre recombinase in rat	Surrendered	8-Apr-2003	26-Aug-2005
DNIR-146	Monash University	Adenovirus Mediated Transient Expression of Cre Recombinase in Rodent Cells	and mouse stem cells and to use these cells to produce transgenic and knockout rats and mice. $% \begin{center} \end{center} \begin{center} \end{center}$	Withdrawn		
			The aim of this dealing is to develop lentivirus-mediated RNAi (RNA interference) technology to inactivate genes in rats and mice at the			
DNIR-147	Monash University	Lentivirus Mediated RNAi Technology	mRNA (messenger RNA) level.	Withdrawn		
DNIP 140	CSIRO	A Viral Vactored Mause Immune Contraction	The aim of this dealing is to infect mice with a GM virus that will induce an autoimmune response which targets the developing oocyte within the ovary and renders female mice infertile.	Surrendor	10-Apr-2003	26. Aug 2005
DNIR-148	CoinU	A Viral Vectored Mouse Immuno-Contraceptive	the ovary and renders female mice infertile. The aim of this dealing is to generate HBV mutant and wild type capsid and polymerase proteins that can be used in in vitro assays to measure	Surrendered	10-Apr-2003	26-Aug-2005
DNIR-149	Avexa Limited	Generation of Wild Type and Mutant Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Capsid and Polymerase Proteins For Use In In Vitro Assays	the sensitivity of mutant and wild type HBV polymerases to potential inhibitors of HBV replication.	Surrendered	15-Apr-2003	21-Nov-2007
DNIR-149	The University of Queensland	Lentiviral Delivery of Genes and/or DNA to Cells	The aim of this dealing is to use various replication defective lentiviruses to introduce genetic information into cells.	Surrendered	16-Apr-2003	18-Oct-2007
		Construction and in vitro and in vivo testing of recombinant				
		fowlpox virus vectors that express human or rat prostatic acid phosphatase with or without co-expression of human interleukin				
		2, AND Induction of auto-immune prostatitis in rats and mice using recombinant vaccinia virus vectors that encode human or	The aim of this dealing is to investigate the immune response to recombinant fowlpox virus vectors in laboratory strains of mice and rats			
DNIR-151	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	rat prostatic acid phosphatase.	and in primary human peripheral blood mononuclear cell cultures.	Surrendered	16-Apr-2003	4-Jul-2016
DNIR-152	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Induction of Autoimmune Prostatitis in DA Rats and B6 Mice Using Recombinant Vaccinia Virus Vectors That Encode Human, Rat or Murine Prostatic Acid Phosphatase	The aim of this dealing is to induce experimental prostatitis in laboratory strains of rats by infecting them with recombinant vaccinia virus vectors containing the gene for human prostatic acid phosphatase.	Integrated into DNIR-151		
DININ*102	modute of Producat and Veterifially Science	nacor manne i rostant Acia Filospilatase	The aim of this dealing is to clone various genes from soil microorganisms. The gene products will be investigated for use in the	PMW-101		
DNIR-153	CSIRO	Isolation and expression of genes from endogenous soil microorganisms	degradation of pesticide residues/toxins or for their insecticidal properties.	Expired	23-Apr-2003	30-Apr-2013
		Novel Virulence Determinants of Enterohemorrhagic	The aim of this dealing is to identify and characterise bacterial genes in			
DNIR-154	Monash University	Escherichia coli	EHEC that may be required for colonisation of the host. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant protein (MPT64) that	Expired	24-Apr-2003	30-Apr-2008
DNIR-155	Progen Industries Limited	MPT64	will be purified and formulated into a topical drug for clinical investigation in humans.	Expired	28-Apr-2003	30-Apr-2008

10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1	DNID 100	Cores December Academic Limited		sugarcane virus gene sequences that will be used in further studies to			
Part				The aim of this dealing is to produce a visua based assets.	Surrendered	11-Jun-2003	
Part	DNIR-181	Sugar Research Australia Limited		involved in the interaction of this pathogen with sugarcane, in order to		441 0000	5-Dec-2012
Part	DNIR-180	The University of Queensland	From Plant Pathogenic Microbes		Expired	30-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2014
Part			Functional Analysis of Cloned Avirulence/Pathogenesis Genes	The aim of this dealing is to determine the function of cloned genes encoding putative avirulence and pathogenesis determinants in			
Part	B	2 20 10		stem cells to treat patients with X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency and to provide resistance to alkylating drugs used in			
Part	DNIR-178	The Children's Hospital Westmead		metabolic defect of the mitochondrial energy production pathways to determine on which chromosome the disease causing gene is located.	Expired	6-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2006
Part	DNIR-177	Children's Medical Research Institute	Immortalisation of human cells	cancer cells.	Surrendered	10-Jun-2003	15-Feb-2008
Part The Second Sec	DNIR-176	The University of Western Australia	Characterisation of Haemolysin produced in Vibrio alginolyticus	reported haemolysins. The aim of this dealing is to use human cells transformed with genes	Expired	10-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2008
Part The Lebeurshy of Newtonin Autonome Part		Virax Holdings Limited	Antigens and Human Interferon-gamma	The aim of this dealing is to characterise the haemolysin produced by	Expired		
Part Mark			the state of the s	in fowlpox virus and to use this virus to elicit an immune response to			
be 18.3 be in Lowershy of Vereinn Australia Cone Medicate Cal Death in Oranic Cancer Medicate Analysis of Countries Response Miscolate Analysis of Countries Response Miscolate Analysis of Countries Response Plane Fig. 19 (19 pp. 19 pp.	DNIR-174	The University of Sydney	Cloning of Duck Hepatitis B Virus	and to assess the infectivity of these variants in cell cultures and	Expired	23-May-2003	30-Jun-2007
DBIR 136 The University of Weelan Australia Cene Mediated Cell Death in Ordina Currier Cene Mediated Cell Death in Ordina Currier Cene Mediated Analysis of Cuscumber Moscul Versity Relation Cene Mediated Analysis of Cuscumber Moscul Versity Relation Cene Mediated Analysis of Cuscumber Moscul Versity Relation Cene Mediated Cell Death in Ordina Currier Cene Mediated Cell Death in Ordina Cell Death	DNIR-173	The University of Adelaide		plant genes involved in root pest feeding sites. The aim of this dealing is to clone naturally occurring variants of DHBV	Expired	15-May-2003	30-Nov-2009
Delin 1.50 The Liberathy of Western Australia			Malacular Broading Of Committee for D	that are resistant to root pests by incorporating the genes for cyanogenic $$			
Deline 1.5 b The University of Wesens Australia	DNIR-172	CSIRO	Myxoma Virus/ Kunjin Replicon Vaccine System	recombinant virus will be tested as an immuno-contraceptive delivery	Surrendered	14-May-2003	26-Aug-2005
DNR-150 The University of Vesters Australia Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Masaic Virus Host Range Molecular Analysis of Qucembard Carbon Molecular Analysis of Qucumber Masaic Virus Host Range Molecular Analysis of Qucembard Molecular Analysis of Qucumber Masaic Virus Host Range Molecular Analysis of Qucembard Molecular Analysis of Qucumber Masaic Virus Host Range Molecular Analysis of Qucembard Molecular Analysis of Qucumber Masaic Virus Host Range Molecular Analysis of Qucembard University of Queensland University of Queensland University of Queensland University Molecular Analysis of Qucembard University Molecular Analysis of Qucembard University Queensland University of Technology Virus The aim of this dealing is to generically modify non-pathogenic lactic Analysis of the	DNIK-1/1	reacquaire univelSity	Comparative Octionics of Equilie Helpesviruses	The aim of this dealing is to produce a recombinant Myxoma/ Kunjin virus that expresses genes encoding reproductive proteins. This	Ехриец	2-May-2003	31-Jan-2007
be Y81 geom. The Y81 potential by potentiated to so the growth of the infection of the control o				The aim of this dealing is to analyse gene functions of EHV-1 and EHV-4 which are genetically closely related but have different cell culture host			
DNR-150 The University of Western Australia Note University of Queenstand Note 156 Note 156 Note 156 Note University of Queenstand Note University of Queenstand Note University of Queenstand University Note 156 Note University of Queenstand University Note University of Queenstand University Note University of Queenstand University Note 156 Note University of Queenstand University Note 156 Note 156 Note 156 Note University of Queenstand University Note 156 Note University of Queenstand University of Queenstand Note University of Queenstand University Note University of Queenstand University of Technology Note 156	DNIR-170	Johnson & Johnson Research Pty Ltd	progenitor cells transduced with either a delivery gene construct (LNL6) or LNL6 that contains an anti-HIV-1 ribozyme (OZ1) in	from HIV-1 infected patients to carry either a retroviral vector containing	Surrendered	13-May-2003	19-Jan-2007
DNIR-150 The University of Western Australia DNIR-157 The University of Queensland DNIR-158 Western Sydney Local Health District Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer DNIR-159 Australian National University of Queensland DNIR-159 Australian National University of Queensland DNIR-150 The University of Queensland DNIR-150 Australian National University of Queensland DNIR-150 Australian National University DNIR-150 The University of Queensland Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production DNIR-150 Queensland University of Technology DNIR-150 Queensland University of Technol							
bill-150 The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range Factors Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range Gevelopment and most development and range by innoculating plants with CRV and recombinant CRV RRA. The aim of this dealing is to study CRV replication, symptom development and range by innoculating plants with CRV and recombinant CRV RRA. The aim of this dealing is to study CRV replication, symptom development and range by innoculating plants with CRV and a memory and cells in nother to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network. DNIR-150 Western Sydney Local Health District Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction 89 Gene Transfer DNIR-150 Australian National University Flaviorius Host-Pathogen interactions Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production DNIR-150 The University of Queensland Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production DNIR-150 Queensland University of Technology DNIR-150 Queensland University of Technology DNIR-150 Queensland University of Technology Visus The aim of this dealing is to genetically modify non-pathogenic lactic acid bacteria to suppress adhesin moleculate from pathogenic lactic acid bacteria to suppress adhesin moleculate from pathogenic lactic acid bacteria to suppress adhesin moleculate from pathogenic prognations. University of Technology Visus DNIR-160 Queensland University of Technology Visus DNIR-161 Queensland University of Technology Visus DNIR-162 Queensland University of Technology Visus DNIR-163 Queensland University of Technology Visus DNIR-164 CSRO Small RNA visuses of insects Bell Production of Recombinant Proteins By Vaccinia Visus and the dealing is to study the potential use of small RNA visuses of insects of insects for proteins and proteins and proteins growers and proteins of the dealing is to study the potential use of small RNA visuses of insects of insects for proteins and proteins and	DNIR-169	Hunter Grain Pty Ltd		are commercial crops of GM soybeans in the USA, the shipment may	Expired	3-Jan-2003	30-Sep-2003
bNiR-156 The University of Western Australia Series Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range Factors Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range Factors Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range feet and the University of Queensland Factors Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range feet and the University of Queensland Factors Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range feet and the University of Queensland Factors Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range feet and the University of Queensland Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Visus Host Range feet analysis of Cucumber Range Intensity of Mosaic Range Intensity of Production feet and this dealing is to genetically modify non-pathogenic Lactic and bacteria to sepress adhesis molecutes from pathogenic organisms. Normedeed 3. Hays 2003 3.1-Oct. 2008 There are two types of PRSV (P & W) that differ in host range—is non intensity papps and another does not. The				solvent extraction to produce soybean meal to be used for stockfeed purposes and soybean oil to be used for human consumption as			
the Y11 gene. The Y12 gene. Th	DNIR-168	Hunter Grain Pty Ltd	Yellow Corn Import		Expired	2-Jan-2003	30-Apr-2003
The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer infected cells. Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and animal calcel cells in order to industrie CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal calcel is in order to industrie CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to study flawiviral host/pathogen interactions in mice and mammalian and mosquito cell lines. The cells in network. Surrendered 1.4May.2003 8.4Apr.2008	DNIR-167		Vitro Uses	The applicant intends to import grain from the USA for processing as	Surrendered	12-May-2003	26-Aug-2005
DNIR-156 The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer interest cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and Initiation of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and Initiation of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and Initiation of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and Initiation of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and Initiation of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and Initiation of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and Initiation of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and Initiation of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to internation and internations in mice and mammalian and mosquito cell lines. DNIR-159 Australian National University of Queensland University of Queensland University of Queensland University of Technology Pathogenic Adhesins From Bacterial Pathogens in Non-Divident International Pathogenic International			Expressed by Leucocytes Production of Recombinant Proteins By Vaccinia Virus For In	leukocytes (white blood cells) to better understand immune function. The aim of this dealing is to express proteins in vaccinia virus that will be			
DNIR-156 The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. Surendered 22-Apr-2003 19-Jul-2017 The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network. DNIR-158 Western Sydney Local Health District Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer cells in network. DNIR-159 Australian National University Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions DNIR-159 Australian National University Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions DNIR-150 The University of Queensland Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production DNIR-150 The University of Queensland Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production Expression of Adhesins From Bacterial Pathogens in Non-Pathogenic Lactic Acid Bacteria DNIR-150 Queensland University of Technology Pathogenic Lactic Acid Bacteria DNIR-150 Queensland University of Technology Virus The aim of this dealing is to genetically modify non-pathogenic lactic acid bacteria to express adhesin molecules from pathogenic organisms. Surrendered P-May-2003 22-Jan-2009 The aim of this dealing is to genetically modify non-pathogenic lactic acid bacteria to express adhesin molecules from pathogenic organisms. Surrendered P-May-2003 22-Jan-2009 The aim of this dealing is to genetically modify non-pathogenic lactic acid bacteria to express adhesin molecules from pathogenic organisms. Surrendered P-May-2003 22-Jan-2009 The aim of this dealing is to test GMV-based vectors for high level gene sequence-offs that allow PRSVP to infect papaya. Expired 8-May-2003 31-Oct-2008 The aim of this dealing is to test GMV-based vectors for high level expression of genes in plants. The a	DNIR-165	Xenome Limited		potential.	Surrendered	12-May-2003	14-Oct-2010
the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The Liniversity of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. Surrendered 22-Apr-2003 19-Jul-2017 The Jim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network. Surrendered 1-May-2003 8-Apr-2008 BAPP-2008 DNIR-159 Australian National University Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions DNIR-159 Australian National University Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions The aim of this dealing is to study flaviviral host/Pathogen interactions in mice and mammalian and mamma	DNIR-164	CSIRO	Small RNA viruses of insects	of insects for pest control and biotechnological purposes.	Expired	9-May-2003	31-May-2013
DNIR-156 The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The Juniversity of Queensland Factors DNIR-158 Western Sydney Local Health District Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer Cells in network. DNIR-159 Australian National University of Queensland The Juniversity of Queensland Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production DNIR-150 The University of Queensland Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production DNIR-159 Auguensland Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production DNIR-150 The University of Queensland Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production DNIR-150 The University of Queensland University of Technology The aim of this dealing is to study flaviviral host/pathogen interactions in mice and mammalian and mosquito cell lines. ### Aforms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococcl. The aim of this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococcl. The aim of this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococcl. The aim of this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococcl. The aim of this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococcl. The aim of this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococcl. The aim of this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococcl. The aim of this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of HA forms the capsule of some Group A and C streptococcl. Th	DNIR-163	Queensland University of Technology		expression of genes in plants.	Expired	8-May-2003	30-Jun-2006
the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The Juniversity of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. Surrendered 22-Apr-2003 19-Jul-2017 The Juniversity of Queensland Factors The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network. Surrendered 22-Apr-2003 19-Jul-2017 The aim of this dealing is to study flaviral host/pathogen interactions in mice and mammalian	DNIR-162	Queensland University of Technology	Virus	determine the gene sequence/s that allow PRSV to infect papaya.	Expired	8-May-2003	31-Oct-2008
the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the infected cells. The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. The Juniversity of Queensland Factors The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network. DNIR-158 Western Sydney Local Health District Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer The aim of this dealing is to introduce specific genes into human and animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network. Surrendered 1-May-2003 8-Apr-2008 8-Apr-2008 1-May-2003 1-May-2018 The aim of this dealing is to study flaviviral host/pathogen interactions in mice and mammalian and mosquito cell lines. Expired 1-May-2003 1-May-2018 1-May-2019 1-Ma		(·	There are two types of PRSV (P & W) that differ in host range – ie. one			
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DNIR-156 The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer infected cells. The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer infected cells. Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range development and host range by inoculating plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. DNIR-157 The University of Queensland Factors Fact	DNIR-160	The University of Queensland	Metabolic Engineering of Hyaluronic Acid (HA) Production	this dealing is to identify and study genes involved in the regulation of \ensuremath{HA}	Surrendered	6-May-2003	6-Dec-2024
DNIR-156 The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer infected cells. The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer infected cells. The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom development and host range by inocutaling plants with CMV and recombinant CMV RNA. Surrendered 22-Apr-2003 19-Jul-2013 19-Jul-2014 19-Jul-2	DNIR-159	Australian National University	Flavivirus Host/Pathogen Interactions	mice and mammalian and mosquito cell lines.	Expired	1-May-2003	31-May-2013
the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the DNIR-156 The University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Inceted Cells. Expired 30-Apr-2003 30-Apr-2006 The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom Molecular Analysis of Cucumber Mosaic Virus Host Range	DNIR-158	Western Sydney Local Health District	Focal Modification of Cardiac Conduction By Gene Transfer	animal cells in order to induce electrical conduction between these cells in network.	Surrendered	1-May-2003	8-Apr-2008
the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the University of Western Australia Gene Mediated Cell Death in Ovarian Cancer Infected cells. The June 10 study CMV replication, symptom Expired 30-Apr-2003 30-Apr-2006 The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom	DNIR-157	The University of Queensland		recombinant CMV RNA.	Surrendered	22-Apr-2003	19-Jul-2017
the Y81 gene. The Y81 protein is hypothesised to slow the growth of the	DNIR-156	The University of Western Australia		The aim of this dealing is to study CMV replication, symptom	Expired	30-Apr-2003	30-Apr-2006
cancer by infecting human cancer cells with viral particles containing							

			The aim of this dealing is to examine cellular immunity to HIV and HCV			
DNIR-190	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Cellular immunity to HIV and HCV	by expressing part of the HIV or HCV genome in vaccinia virus and infecting human cells with this virus.	Expired	16-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2012
		Signalling pathways for the induction and maintenance of tolerance to islet allografts and xenografts and for the re-	The aim of this dealing is to assess the tolerance of mice to pancreatic islet transplants following the delivery of immunoregulatory genes to the donor tissue or pre-treatment of the mice with cells expressing the same			
DNIR-191	Australian National University	establishment of tolerance to islet beta cells in NOD mice	genes. The aim of this dealing is to develop an ongoing library of vaccine vectors	Withdrawn		
DNIR-192	Australian National University	Immunoregulatory gene studies and vaccine vector library development	for use in vaccine development and the study of immunoregulatory molecules.	Licence issued	18-Jun-2003	30-Sep-2028
			The aim of this dealing is to use vaccinia viruses containing papillomavirus genes to study the processes governing immune			
DNIR-193	The University of Queensland	Studies on the immune response to recombinant vaccinia virus	activation or tolerance to DNA tumour viruses and to improve the quality of immune responses against human papillomavirus proteins. The aim of this dealing is to evaluate if treatment can augment or sustain	Expired	16-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2012
DNIR-194	Monash University	Evaluation of cellular immunological function with recombinant virus	the cellular anti-HIV response of HIV positive patients and help further define the mechanisms involved.	Surrendered	5-Jun-2003	25-Nov-2008
DIVIN-134	Pionasii oniversity	viids	The aim of this dealing is to introduce genes involved in calcium	Junendeled	3-3411-2003	25-1407-2000
DNIR-195	Flinders University	Intracellular calcium signalling and liver disease	channels into primary rat hepatocyte tissue culture cells. The aim of this dealing is to infect the eye of rats or sheep with an adenovirus carrying genes encoding specific proteins that may prevent	Withdrawn		
DNIR-196	Flinders University	Transplantation of comeal and limbal stem cell allografts	corneal and limbal stem cell graft rejection.	Withdrawn		
			The aim of this dealing is to produce recombinant insect DNA viruses to improve understanding of their properties and characteristics and to			
DNIR-197	CSIRO	DNA Viruses of Invertebrates	assess their suitability as biological control agents for insect pests.	Expired	20-Jun-2003	31-May-2013
DNIR-198	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	The expression of leukocyte antigens	The aim of this dealing is study the role of a variety of leukocyte antigens, especially cell surface antigens in leukocyte function.	Expired	18-Jun-2003	31-Dec-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to study the ecology of soil microbes that have been selected for their beneficial effects on crop plant growth using			
DNIR-199	CSIRO	Tracking soil micro-organisms using marker genes	marker genes to monitor their activities. The aim of this dealing is to disrupt genes encoding candidate vaccine	Withdrawn		
DNIR-200	University of Canberra	Mutagenesis of vaccine antigen genes and related proteins in bacterial respiratory pathogens	antigens and related proteins in bacterial respiratory pathogens to gain a better understanding of their function.	Surrendered	20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2008
			The aim of this study is to examine immunological tolerance to self antigens when they are encountered during an infection by infecting			
DNIR-201	The University of Melbourne	The Mechanisms of Tolerance and Immunity in Systemic Rheumatic Diseases	mice with vaccinia viruses containing genes encoding self or foreign antigens.	Surrendered	20-Jun-2003	19-Oct-2010
			The aim of this project is to examine the action of candidate genes on the process of osteoclast generation from precursor cells by infecting			
DNIR-202	The University of Melbourne	Gene Regulation in Osteoclastogenesis	these cells with adenoviruses/retroviruses containing the candidate genes.	Surrendered	20-Jun-2003	21-Aug-2007
			The aim of this dealing is to determine how minor changes to the HSV viral protein gB will alter the response of cytotoxic T lymphocytes by			
DNIR-203	The University of Melbourne	Construction and use of Herpes simplex virus mutants	infecting mice with HSV-1 gB mutants. The aim of this dealing is to study the RNA elements that modulate the	Surrendered	19-Jun-2003	22-Sep-2011
DNIR-204	The University of Melbourne	Molecular Biology of retroviral Replication, Pathogenesis and Productive Infection	expression of HIV proteins and to develop drugs that target these elements.	Expired	20-Jun-2003	20-Aug-2017
			The aim of this dealing is to develop a safe and effective vaccine against			
DNIR-205	The University of Melbourne	Nucleic Acid (DNA and RNA) and Viral Vectored Vaccines for HIV	HIV by injecting animals with DNA plasmids, a recombinant fowlpoxvirus or a recombinant sindbis virus containing HIV or SIV genes. The aim of this dealing is to modify a growth hormone gene and insert it	Surrendered	20-Jun-2003	30-Nov-2012
DNIR-206	CSIRO	Effect of growth hormone transgenesis on wool, meat and milk production in sheep	into the genome of sheep to determine its effects on wool, meat and milk production.	Withdrawn		
		Molecular Aspects of Plant -Pathogen Interactions -	The aim of this dealing is to identify genes in T. basicola (a pathogen			
DNIR-207	The University of New England	Thielaviopsis Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Henatitis Virus	causing black root disease in plants) which may be involved in virulence. The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express	Expired	1-Jul-2003	31-Dec-2008
DNIR-207 DNIR-208	The University of New England Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Thielaviopsis Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver.	Expired Licence issued	1-Jul-2003 20-Jun-2003	31-Dec-2008 30-Jun-2030
	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express			
DNIR-208		Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect	Licence issued		
DNIR-208	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can	Licence issued		
DNIR-208 DNIR-209	Hamy Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour	Licence issued Withdrawn	20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030
DNIR-208 DNIR-209	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human	Licence issued Withdrawn	20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model.	Withdrawn Licence issued	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018
DNIR-208 DNIR-209 DNIR-210	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16	The aim of this dealing is to use MCHV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalls.	Licence issued Withdrawn Licence issued	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model.	Withdrawn Licence issued	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018
DNIR-208 DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalls.	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004
DNIR-208 DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcina.	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adetaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of procrine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporciná. The aim of the proposed dealing is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008
DNIR-208 DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health PtyLtd CSIRO The University of Queensland	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcinâ. The aim of the tradename Reporcinâ. The aim of the todevelop gene therapy strategies using replication defective viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health PtyLtd CSIRO	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to dealing its old entity and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reprocriab. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim is to develop gene therapy strategies using replication defective viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours.	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Expired	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015
DNIR-208 DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health PtyLtd CSIRO The University of Queensland	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcinâ. The aim of the tradename Reporcinâ. The aim of the todevelop gene therapy strategies using replication defective viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous	The aim of this dealing is to use MCHV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of procries comstotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporciná. The aim of the proposed dealing is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma hazrianum by inserting the chilinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coli. The structure and activity of these proteins with then be investigated.	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous	The aim of this dealing is to use MCHV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalls. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of procries somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcina. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma hazianum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coll. The sirruler and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to develop recombinant CHVs that express heterologous antigens derived from genomic, viral, protozoan or bacterial genes. These viruses will be used as experimental vaccines to	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to dentify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcinâ. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim is to develop gene therapy strategies using replication defective viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzianum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coil. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to develop recombinant CHVs that express heterologous antigenes derived from genomic, viral, protozoan or bacterial genes. These viruses will be used as experimental vaccines to immunise fores, dogs and ferrets against infectious diseases and/or to include their fertility.	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015
DNIR-208 DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-215 DNIR-216 DNIR-217	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia CSIRO Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Turnour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension turnor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jeltyfish) Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence eith is genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secals. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcinà. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim is to develop gene therapy strategies using replication defective viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzianum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coll. The structure and activity of these proteins recommend to the investigated. The aim of this dealing is to group we will be not investigated. The aim of this dealing is to develop seed the investigated. The aim of this dealing is to group we will be not investigated. The aim of this dealing is to genetic would be not investigated.	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003 4-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004 4-Jan-2007
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jellyfish)	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reprocriab. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzianum by inserting the chilinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coll. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to develop recombinant CPNY state express heterologous antigens derived from genomic, viral, protozoan or bacterial genes. These viruses will be used as experimental vaccines to immunise foxes, dogs and ferrets against infectious diseases and/or to reduce their fertility.	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004
DNIR-208 DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-215 DNIR-216 DNIR-217	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia CSIRO Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Turnour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension turnor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jeltyfish) Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to investify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to invitry and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of procrine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcina. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzianum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coll. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyrish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coll. The structure and activity of these proteins will be used as experimental vaccines to minunise foxes, dogs and ferr	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003 4-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004 4-Jan-2007
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216 DNIR-217	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia CSIRO CSIRO Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell Biology	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jellyfish) Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus Recombinant mycobacteria as new anti-tuberculosis vaccines	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence be inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence be genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcina. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzianum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coil. The structure and activity of these proteins emilligram quantities of toxic jellyfish had snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coil. The structure and activity of these proteins recombinant Chitase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish had snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coil. The structure and activity of these proteins rower than the investigated. The aim of this dealing is to develop a potential tubercul	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003 4-Aug-2003 4-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004 4-Jan-2007 26-Aug-2005 21-Dec-2007
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216 DNIR-217	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia CSIRO CSIRO Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell Biology	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jellyfish) Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus Recombinant mycobacteria as new anti-tuberculosis vaccines	The aim of this dealing is to use MCHV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of procine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporciná. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma haziranum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coil. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coil. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to toproduce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coil. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to toproduce milligram quantities of tox	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003 4-Aug-2003 4-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004 4-Jan-2007 26-Aug-2005 21-Dec-2007
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216 DNIR-217	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia CSIRO CSIRO Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell Biology	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jellyfish) Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus Recombinant mycobacteria as new anti-tuberculosis vaccines	The aim of this dealing is to use MCHV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of procries somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporciná. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim is to develop gene therapy strategies using replication defective viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coli. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coli. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to develop recombinant CHVs that express heterologous antigens derived from genomic, viral, protozoan or bacterial genes. These viruses will be used as experimental vaccines to immunise foxes, dogs and ferrets against infectious diseases and/or to reduce the	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003 4-Aug-2003 4-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004 4-Jan-2007 26-Aug-2005 21-Dec-2007
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216 DNIR-217 DNIR-217	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia CSIRO Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell Biology Menzies School of Health Research	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jellyfish) Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus Recombinant mycobacteria as new anti-tuberculosis vaccines Cloning of Streptococcal DNA to and from Streptococcal species	The aim of this dealing is to use MCHV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalis. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reprocriab. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim is to develop gene therapy strategies using replication defective viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzianum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia col. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to develop recombinant CHVs that express heterologous antigens derived from genomic, viral, protozoan or bacterial genes. These viruses will be used as experimental vaccines to minunise forces, dogs and ferrest agains	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003 1-Aug-2003 4-Aug-2003 4-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004 4-Jan-2007 26-Aug-2005 21-Dec-2007
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216 DNIR-217 DNIR-217	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Adelaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia CSIRO Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell Biology Menzies School of Health Research	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Turnour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Cossackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension turnor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jellyfish) Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus Recombinant mycobacteria as new anti-tuberculosis vaccines Cloning of Streptococcal DNA to and from Streptococcal Strains	The aim of this dealing is to use MCMV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcinâ. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of porcine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcinâ. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim to the dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzinarum by inserting the chimiase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coli. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coli. The structure and activity of these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to understand how streptococcal infections by inserting the genes of interest into strains of streptococcal infections by inserting the genes of interest into strains of streptococcal infections by inser	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003 1-Aug-2003 4-Aug-2003 4-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004 4-Jan-2007 26-Aug-2005 21-Dec-2007
DNIR-209 DNIR-210 DNIR-211 DNIR-212 DNIR-213 DNIR-214 DNIR-215 DNIR-216 DNIR-217 DNIR-219 DNIR-220 DNIR-220	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research The University of Western Australia The University of Sydney The University of Sydney The University of Adetaide Alpharma Animal Health Pty Ltd CSIRO The University of Melbourne The University of Western Australia CSIRO Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell Biology Menzies School of Health Research	Recombinant Murine Cytomegalovirus Encoding Hepatitis Virus C Proteins Assessment of Outcrossing Under Idealised Conditions for Chickpeas Use of Vaccinia Virus as a Vector for Antigens and Cytokines in Murine Tumour Models Construction and Manipulation of an Infectious cDNA clone of Enterovirus 71 and Coxsackievirus A16 Pathogenicity and virulence genes of the barley pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis Porcine growth hormone Adenoviruses as Gene Delivery Vectors Gene therapy of hypertension tumor sensitisation to radiotherapy Development of Trichoderma harzianum for biocontrol of plant pathogens Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous organisms (jellyfish) Generation of Recombinant Canine Herpesvirus Recombinant mycobacteria as new anti-tuberculosis vaccines Cloning of Streptococcal DNA to and from Streptococcal species Cloning of DNA Between Group A Streptococcal Strains Expression of Virus Encoded Antigens Using Vaccinia Expression	The aim of this dealing is to use MCHV as a delivery vehicle to express HCV proteins in murine liver. The aim of this dealing is to interplant chickpea plants containing the bar gene with non-transgenic chickpea plants and assessing the seed from non-transgenic plants for the presence of the bar gene after insect pollination. The aim of this dealing is to determine if recombinant Vaccinia virus can induce long term protection against tumour growth and induce tumour regression. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the molecular basis of human enterovirus 71 virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence by inserting genome regions from related viruses of low virulence into its genetic background. The virulence of these chimeras will be studied in the mouse model. The aim of this dealing is to identify and isolate pathogenicity determinant genes from the barley pathogen R. secalls. The aim of this dealing is to continue the commercial production of procine somatotropin which is sold into Australian and international markets under the tradename Reporcinà. The aim of the proposed dealings is to develop and characterise human and ovine adenovirus vectors for use in gene therapy and vaccine development. The aim is to develop gene therapy strategies using replication defective viral vectors for the treatment of hypertension and tumours. The aim of this dealing is to improve the biocontrol efficacy of Trichoderma harzianum by inserting the chitinase gene into its genome. The aim of this dealing is to produce milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coll. The structure and activity in these proteins will then be investigated. The aim of this dealing is to ordinate milligram quantities of toxic jellyfish and snake venom proteins by expressing them in Escherichia coll. The structure and activity in these proteins will be used as experimental vaccines to immunise foxes, dogs and ferrets against infectious diseases and/or t	Withdrawn Licence issued Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Expired Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered Surrendered	20-Jun-2003 18-Jun-2003 20-Jun-2003 15-Aug-2003 20-Jun-2003 19-Mar-2003 1-Aug-2003 4-Aug-2003 6-Aug-2003	30-Jun-2030 31-May-2027 20-Feb-2018 20-Sep-2004 7-Jan-2008 30-Jun-2011 9-Jul-2015 31-Mar-2004 4-Jan-2007 26-Aug-2005 21-Dec-2007 3-Jun-2008

			The size of their destination is to be realised at the second of their second in			
DAUD OO 4	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research		The aim of this dealing is to investigate the role of various hepatitis genes and gene products in the gene expression, replication, virus		44110000	
DNIR-224	and Public Health	Molecular virology of hepatitis A, B and E viruses	particle assembly and pathogenesis of hepatitis A, B and E. The aim of this dealing is to investigate the role of various genes in	Expired	14-Jul-2003	24-Dec-2019
		Mouse models of colorectal cancer using a TVA-based retroviral	colorectal cancer by transferring candidate oncogenes and a tumour suppressor gene directly into the intestinal epithelium of mice using an			
DNIR-225	Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Ltd	gene transfer system Molecular Breeding Of Grapevines for Resistance to Major Root	avian retrovirus. The aim of the proposed dealings is to challenge transgenic grapevines	Surrendered	13-Aug-2003	29-Nov-2012
DNIR-226	Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions	Pests	with root pests and monitor their response. The aim of this dealing is to introduce genes encoding brown snake	Expired	15-May-2003	30-Jun-2005
		Structure/activity of novel toxins from native venomous	venom proteins into bacterial and/or eukaryotic hosts to produce milligram quantities of these proteins for biophysical and functional	Integrated into		
DNIR-227	The University of Western Australia	organisms (Brownsnake)	studies.	DNIR-217		
		The development of tobacco mosaic virus (TMV) as a vector for	The researchers intend to use TMV to deliver heterologous genes to plants with the purpose of expressing high levels of these genes in the			
DNIR-228	Queensland University of Technology	heterologous gene expression	plants. The researchers intend to use non-infectious RNA components of	Withdrawn		
		Development of a tobacco rattle virus-based RNA amplification	Tobacco rattle virus to deliver heterologous genes to tobacco plants with the purpose of enhancing the expression of these genes in the			
DNIR-229	Queensland University of Technology	system in tobacco	plants.	Withdrawn		
		Pathogenesis, prevention and treatment of Shiga toxigenic	The aim of this dealing is to clone and characterise STEC genes involved in the pathogenesis of disease in order to identify novel drug targets and			
DNIR-230	The University of Adelaide	Escherichia coli (STEC) infections	develop vaccines against STEC infection.	Licence issued	26-Jun-2003	31-May-2029
			The aim of this dealing is to clone and characterise Streptococcus pneumoniae genes involved in the pathogenesis of pneumococcal			
D111D 004	T		disease in order to identify novel drug targets and develop vaccines	Integrated into		
DNIR-231	The University of Adelaide	Pathogenesis and prevention of pneumococcal disease	against pneumococcal disease. The aim of this dealing is to develop a safe and effective vaccine against	DNIR-230		
			HIV using a mouse model using DNA vaccines and recombinant fowlpoxvirus vaccines to induce both mucosal and systemic HIV-			
DNIR-232	The University of Newcastle	HIV vaccine design and development teams	specific immune responses.	Surrendered	7-Jul-2003	3-May-2004
			The aim of this dealing is to identify the role of the bovine immunodeficiency virus (BIV) genes vif and tmx in viral replication and			
DNIR-233	Murdoch University	Mutation of an infectious clone of BIV R29	pathology and to assess the ability of homologous genes from the related Jembrana disease virus (JDV) to act as functional homologues.	Expired	28-Aug-2003	31-Aug-2008
			The aim of this dealing is to identify the role of the bovine	·		
			immunodeficiency virus (BIV) genes vif and tmx in viral replication and pathology and to assess the ability of homologous genes from the	Integrated into		
DNIR-234	Murdoch University	Transomplementation of vif deleted BIV with bovine lentivirus	related Jembrana disease virus (JDV) to act as functional homologues.	DNIR-233		
			The aim of this dealing is to identify the role of the bovine			
			immunodeficiency virus (BIV) genes vif and tmx in viral replication and pathology and to assess the ability of homologous genes from the	Integrated into		
DNIR-235	Murdoch University	Use of an infectious clone of BIV R29	related Jembrana disease virus (JDV) to act as functional homologues.	DNIR-233		
DNIR-236	Women's and Children's Health Network Incorporated	Functional analysis of genes involved in haemopoiesis by retroviral expression in human cells and cell lines	This project aims to investigate the function of various genes involved in normal and abnormal growth of human blood cells.	Expired	9-Jul-2003	31-Jul-2008
			DNA from bovine pestivirus will be inserted into the genome of bovine			
DNIR-237	Department of Agriculture and Fisheries	Vaccination of cattle with recombinant bovine herpesvirus 1	herpesvirus 1 and cattle will be inoculated with the modified virus in order to elicit protective immune responses to both viruses.	Withdrawn		
		Mutational Analysis of the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus	The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations			
DNIR-238	Murdoch University	type 1	frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)- 1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations	Expired	16-Sep-2003	31-Aug-2007
DNIR-239	Murdoch University	Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 1	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading	Integrated into DNIR-238		
DIVIN-239	riuluocii oliiveisity	Flocille circovilus type 1	frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)- 1 and PCV-2.			
		Mutational Applysic of the Australian Strain of Broging eigenvisus	The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations	Integrated into		
DNIR-240	Murdoch University	Mutational Analysis of the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)- 1 and PCV-2.	Integrated into DNIR-238		
		type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV) - 1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading	DNIR-238 Integrated into		
DNIR-240 DNIR-241	Murdoch University Murdoch University	type 2	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using	DNIR-238		
DNIR-241	Murdoch University	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV). 1 and PCV 2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV). 1 and PCV-2.	DNIR-238 Integrated into		
		type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective lentiviruses to overexpress various genes	DNIR-238 Integrated into	7-Jul-2003	28-Jul-2016
DNIR-241	Murdoch University	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective tentiviruses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238	7-Jul-2003	28-Jul-2016
DNIR-241	Murdoch University	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using regication defective lentriviruses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PrP) and use these cells to study PTP function and metabolism.	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238	7-Jul-2003 12-Aug-2003	28-Jul-2016 30-Jun-2007
DNIR-241 DNIR-242 DNIR-243	Murdoch University The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in acute and chronic renal failure Investigating the biological requirements for prion formation	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective tentifiviuses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PrP) and use these cells to study PrP function and metabolism. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias three fish as a means of	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238 Surrendered Expired		
DNIR-241 DNIR-242	Murdoch University The University of Queensland	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in acute and chronic renal failure	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV). 1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV). 2 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective tentifivuses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PrP) and use these celts to study PrP function and metabolism. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population.	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238 Surrendered		
DNIR-241 DNIR-242 DNIR-243	Murdoch University The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in acute and chronic renal failure Investigating the biological requirements for prion formation	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective tentiviruses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PrP) and use these cells to study PPP function and metabolism. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population.	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238 Surrendered Expired		
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DNIR-242 DNIR-243 DNIR-244 DNIR-244	Murdoch University The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne CSIRO CSIRO	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in acute and chronic renal failure Investigating the biological requirements for prion formation Development of daughterless carp technology (Zebrafish) Development of daughterless carp technology (Mosquitofish)	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective lenthiruses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PFP) and use these cells to study PrP function and metabolism. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The researchers intend to undertake large-scale production of recombinant fowlpox virus vector-based vaccines from tissue cultured avian cells.	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238 Surrendered Expired Withdrawn		
DNIR-241 DNIR-242 DNIR-243 DNIR-244 DNIR-245 DNIR-246 DNIR-247	Murdoch University The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne CSIRO CSIRO CSIRO Virax Holdings Limited	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in acute and chronic renal failure Investigating the biological requirements for prion formation Development of daughteriess carp technology (Zebrafish) Development of daughteriess carp technology (Mosquitofish) Development of daughteriess carp technology (Medaka) GMP Manufacturing of recombinant fowlpox viruses vectored vaccines	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective lentifiviuses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PrP) and use these cells to study PrP function and metabolism. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The researchers intend to undertake large-scale production of recombinant production of recombinant production of the manufacture of a vaccine against neonatal	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238 Surrendered Expired Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired	12-Aug-2003 30-Sep-2003	30-Jun-2007 30-Sep-2008
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DNIR-241 DNIR-242 DNIR-243 DNIR-244 DNIR-245 DNIR-246 DNIR-247	Murdoch University The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne CSIRO CSIRO CSIRO Virax Holdings Limited	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in acute and chronic renal failure Investigating the biological requirements for prion formation Development of daughteriess carp technology (Zebrafish) Development of daughteriess carp technology (Mosquitofish) Development of daughteriess carp technology (Medaka) GMP Manufacturing of recombinant fowlpox viruses vectored vaccines	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective lentifiviuses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PrP) and use these cells to study PrP function and metabolism. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The researchers intend to undertake large-scale production of recombinant production of recombinant production of the manufacture of a vaccine against neonatal	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238 Surrendered Expired Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Expired	12-Aug-2003 30-Sep-2003	30-Jun-2007 30-Sep-2008
DNIR-241 DNIR-242 DNIR-243 DNIR-244 DNIR-245 DNIR-246 DNIR-247	Murdoch University The University of Queensland The University of Melbourne CSIRO CSIRO CSIRO Virax Holdings Limited	type 2 Production of an infectious clone from the Australian Strain of Procine circovirus type 2 Investigating the molecular pathways controlling cell survival in acute and chronic renal failure Investigating the biological requirements for prion formation Development of daughterless carp technology (Zebrafish) Development of daughterless carp technology (Mosquitofish) Development of daughterless carp technology (Medaka) GMP Manufacturing of recombinant fowlpox viruses vectored vaccines Production of Neovac antigens	introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of these dealings is to analyse the effect of mutations introduced into the coding regions of the Rep and capsid open reading frames of porcine circovirus (PCV)-1 and PCV-2. The aim of this dealing is to modify renal disease processes by using replication defective lenthiriuses to overexpress various genes associated with apoptosis (programmed cell death) in the rats and mice. The aim of this dealing is to transform bacterial, fungal and mammalian cells with the gene encoding the prion protein (PPP) and use these cells to study PPP function and metabolism. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The aim of these dealings is to use RNA interference technology in zebrafish, carp and mosquito fish to sex bias these fish as a means of controlling their population. The researchers intend to undertake large-scale production of recombinant fowlpox virus vector-based vaccines from tissue cultured avidan cells. The aim of these used in the manufacture of a vaccine against neonatal scours in pigs.	DNIR-238 Integrated into DNIR-238 Surrendered Expired Withdrawn Withdrawn Expired Expired	12-Aug-2003 30-Sep-2003	30-Jun-2007 30-Sep-2008
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DNIR-257	CSIRO	Live bacterial vectors for delivery of recombinant proteins to the chicken gut	The aim of this dealing is to use benign bacterial strains isolated from the chicken gut to deliver therapeutic proteins such as cytokines, bacteriocins, single chain antibodies and vaccine antigens to the chicken gut.	Withdrawn		
			This study aims to express genes from the human pathogenic viruses HIV and HCV in mammalian cell cultures for use as targets in cytotoxic T			
DNIR-258	Australian Red Cross Blood Service - Endeavour	Cell mediated immune responses against blood borne viral pathogens	lymphocyte (CTL) activity assays or antigen presenting cells to stimulate virus-specific CTLs in vitro.	Surrendered	5-Aug-2003	31-Jul-2008
DNIR-259	Department of Agriculture and Fisheries	Study of plant Virus interactions using fluorescence tagged viruses	The aim of this dealing is to study the function of viral genes in virus movement and host interaction in resistant and susceptible plants. Recombinant adenovirus and adeno-associated viruses carrying hepatitis C virus (HCV) genes will be used to produce HCV proteins in cell cultures and mice. This will enable studies on the structure and	Surrendered	30-Oct-2003	22-Feb-2005
DNIR-260	Royal Perth Hospital	Use of Adenovirus and Adenovirus associated virus gene delivery systems for the expression of HCV proteins	function of the proteins and act as a source of HCV protein for immune studies.	Surrendered	30-Oct-2003	3-Sep-2013
DNIR-261	EnGenelC Limited	Novel Gene Delivery Vector	The aim of this dealing is to develop a novel drug delivery vector that combines drug biosynthesis and targeted delivery.	Expired	31-Oct-2003	30-Apr-2017
			The aim of this dealing is to generate cells and mouse tissues modified			
DNIR-262	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Molecular analysis of cell cycle and polarity in development and tumourigenesis	to express or down-regulate genes involved in the pRBVEZF and Scrib/Dlg/Lgl pathways and study their role in tumour development. The aim of this dealing is to develop a recombinant cytotoxic agent (which is not a GMO) that can be tested as a therapeutic agent for	Withdrawn		
DNIR-263	University of Technology Sydney	Development of recombinant immunotoxins	cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use mice and rats with experimentally	Expired	9-Sep-2003	31-Jan-2008
DNIR-264	Western Sydney Local Health District	Liver cell biology and liver injury, metabolic liver disease and mitochondrial dysfunction in drug-induced liver disease	induced liver injury to identify cellular proteins that mediate important liver injury resulting from medical conditions or after exposure to alcohol and drug toxins.	Surrendered	19-Sep-2003	30-Sep-2008
			The aim of this study is to discover the functions of human			
DNIR-265	University of New South Wales	Transformation of human cells by human Papillomavirus transforming genes	papillomavirus E6 and E7 proteins by introducing the genes encoding these proteins into normal and/or immortalised human cells. The aim of this project is to employ a technique known as reverse genetics to produce Influenza viruses synthetically in order to derive	Withdrawn		
DNIR-266	Melbourne Health	Construction of influenza viruses by reverse genetics for diagnostic and research purposes.	potential Influenza virus vaccine candidates in a more rapid and reproducible manner.	Surrendered	27-Nov-2003	14-Oct-2013
51111 230	The state of the s	angresse una recentar parpoeco.	The aim of this dealing is to elicit an immune response against multiple Dengue virus serotypes in mice using a recombinant Dengue virus or a plasmid containing Dengue virus envelope protein genes from two or	Carronacida	27 1107 2000	14 00(2010
DNIR-267	Queensland University of Technology	Chimeric Dengue vaccines	more serotypes. The aim of this dealing is to develop resistance to single stranded DNA	Surrendered	18-Nov-2003	16-May-2007
		The development of a novel resistance strategy against ssDNA	viruses in several plant species by introducing a gene to these plants that will trigger the death of infected cells when exposed to a particular			
DNIR-268	Queensland University of Technology	plant viruses	viral protein.	Surrendered	27-Nov-2003	30-Apr-2007
		Characterisation of genes involved in haematopoietic stem cell	This project will examine the role of known and novel genes in human blood cell growth with the aim of learning more about normal blood cell			
DNIR-269 DNIR-270	Murdoch Children's Research Institute The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	growth and regulation Retroviral and adenoviral mediated gene transfer into murine mammary cells and breast cancer cell lines	development and what goes wrong in this process to cause leukaemia. The aim of this dealing is to study the role of specific genes in cell struck manners and development and appropriate in the state of the state	Surrendered Surrendered	12-Dec-2003 18-Dec-2003	25-Nov-2008 28-Sep-2007
DIVIN-270	nesearcii	maninary teus and bleast cancer teu unes	growth, mammary gland development and oncogenesis. The goal of this project is to use a genetic approach to investigate the	Sullellueleu	10-Dec-2003	26-3ep-2007
DNIR-271	University of Technology Sydney	Investigations on parasite virulence using cross complementation	regions of the parasitic proteins GRA2 and GRA6 involved in Toxoplasma gondii and Neospora caninum virulence.	Expired	10-Dec-2003	31-Dec-2008
DNIR-272	The University of Queensland	Delivery of replication defective lentiviruses into mice	The aim of this dealing is to develop novel anticancer treatments against both skin cancers and cancers caused by viruses, using a mouse model.	Surrendered	10-Dec-2003	8-Oct-2008
D1110 070			The aim of this dealing is to investigate how the inflammatory factors released by tumours into the blood reduce hepatic levels of enzymes			40.1 0007
DNIR-273 DNIR-274	Western Sydney Local Health District Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious Disease Institute	Repression of hepatic drug metabolism by solid tumours Experimental Infection of Culex annulirostris, Ochlerotatus vigilax and Culex gelidus with Japanese encephalitis virus vaccine candidate ChimeriVax**-JE	involved in drug metabolism. The aim of this dealing is to assess the potential of the ChimeriVax**-JE vaccine to infect and replicate in Australian mosquitoes.	Surrendered Surrendered	9-Dec-2003 29-Jan-2004	13-Jun-2007 12-Feb-2007
			The aim of this dealing is to screen for novel compounds which disrupt			
DNIR-275	Biotron Limited	compounds	viral replication using whole recombinant viruses. The aim of this dealing is to overexpress or inhibit the expression of	Surrendered	22-Jan-2004	11-Mar-2011
		Functional analysis of DNA damage responsive genes by	genes encoding proteins involved in DNA damage repair. This will allow the proponents to determine the function and importance of these			
DNIR-276	QIMR Berghofer	retroviral transfections	genes in keeping the genome intact and preventing cancer. The applicant intends to import soybeans from the USA, Argentina, and	Surrendered	18-Dec-2003	17-Oct-2007
			Brazil for processing as oil and stockfeed. Since there are commercial crops of GM soybeans in these countries, the shipment may contain GM			
DNIR-277	Cargill Australia Limited	Importation and Processing Soybeans	soybeans.	Expired	19-Dec-2003	31-Jul-2023
DNIR-278	The University of Newcastle	Analysis of oncogenes and their protein products, and investigation of drug resistance mechanisms.	The purpose of this dealing is to investigate specific genes involved in the onset of cancers and characterise various mechanisms of cancer cell drug resistance to conventional and new cancer therapies. The aim of this dealing is to study cell lines infected with vaccinia and	Surrendered	23-Dec-2003	17-Dec-2008
DNIR-279	QIMR Berghofer	Expression of virus encoded antigens using vaccinia/fowlpox expression system	fowlpox viruses containing genes encoding Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) and cytomegalovirus antigens.	Withdrawn		
DNID 200	Heiroceite of New County Weller	Production of Recombinant Proteins in Chinese Hamster Ovary	The aim of this dealing is to produce large-scale amounts of recombinant proteins of commercial value in Chinese hamster ovary	Cd	10 M 0004	04 D 0007
DNIR-280 DNIR-281	University of New South Wales Murdoch University	(CHO) cells Development of a subterranean clover mottle virus as a gene- silencing vector	(CHO) cells. The aim of this dealing is to use subterranean clover mottle virus as a vector for silencing plant genes in vivo and in vitro.	Surrendered Expired	10-Mar-2004 27-Feb-2004	21-Dec-2007 31-Oct-2008
511111 202	Transcent Chinology		The aim of this dealing is to elucidate the mechanism used by HIV-1 to	Ехриса	27 100 2004	01 001 2000
DNIR-282	Monash University	preintegration complex (PIC) and HIV-1 component subcellular trafficking	gain access to the nucleus of infected cells by investigating a nucleoprotein (PIC) that mediates entry of HIV-1 DNA into the nucleus.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-283	Queensland University of Technology	Generation of an infectious clone of taro bacilliform virus (TaBV)	The aim of this dealing is to determine if taro plant disease can be caused by infection with TaBV alone by infecting taro plant with infectious clones of this virus.	Expired	2-Feb-2004	30-Jun-2007
		Cloning and characterisation of Campylobacter spp pathogenicity genes in E.coli and construction of a vector dedicated to cloning and expression of Campylobacter spp, Dna	The aim of this dealing is to develop a system for the expression of Campylobacter spp. genes functional in both Campylobacter spp. and E. coli and to characterise genes from C. jejuni that encode potential			
DNIR-284	Griffith University	functional in E.coli and Campylobacter spp	pathogenicity determinants. The proponents intend to transfer genes of interest into human or	Surrendered	10-Mar-2004	2-Dec-2008
DNIR-285	Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell Biology	Gene transfer into cells of human, non-human primate or rodent origin using replication-incompetent lentiviral vectors	animal cells using lentiviral-based gene delivery systems with the aim of applying these techniques to gene therapy.	Withdrawn		
		Retroviral expression of known and notestial drouble radiates.	The aim of this dealing is to understand how certain oncogenes actively			
DNIR-286	The University of Queensland	Retroviral expression of known and potential growth-regulatory genes in human and murine cell lines	cause or contribute to cancer and to identify new oncogenes involved in leukaemia and breast cancer. The aim of this research is to describe the localisation of the Dengue	Surrendered	22-Apr-2004	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-287	Monash University	Subcellular trafficking of the Dengue virus NS5 protein	rine aim of this lessarion is to describe the localisation of the bengue virus non-structural protein 5 (NS5) during infection of cultured mammalian and insect cells.	Expired	28-May-2004	31-May-2009
			The aim of this dealing is to study the formation and release of			
DNIR-288	Avexa Limited	Cell Lines Expressing Hepatitis B Virus	lamivudine resistant and normal Hepatitis B virus in liver cells.	Expired	24-May-2004	30-Jun-2009
DNIR-289	Flinders University	Asexual Genetic Exchange in Rhynchosporium secalis, the causal agent of barley scald	The aim of this dealing is to investigate whether genes can be exchanged between isolates of R. secalis in the absence of a sexual cycle.	Surrendered	25-May-2004	8-May-2007
DNIR-290	Australian National University	Temporary storage of Ross River virus mutants	The proponents intend to store Ross River virus mutants for future use.	Expired	20-Jul-2004	31-Jul-2009

			The aim of this dealing is to determine the role of different gene regions			
DNIR-291	South Eastern Sydney Local Health District	Analysis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) genes involved in antiviral susceptibility, replication and cell tropism.	of CMV in infection and growth of the virus and inhibition of growth by antiviral drugs, focussing on the DNA polymerase and protein kinase mutations.	Licence issued	26-May-2004	18-Sep-2025
		Kunjin replicon virus like particles for delivery of cytokines into	The proponents intend to deliver immune response modulating genes into mice using Kunjin replicons with the aim of effecting tumour			
DNIR-292	QIMR Berghofer	mice	regression and preventing transplant rejection. The aim of this dealing is to examine the effect of increasing or reducing	Expired	30-Jul-2004	31-Jul-2014
DNIR-293	The University of Queensland	Viral delivery of genes or siRNA involved in adipogenesis or insulin signaling to cells	the expression of factors involved in the body's response to insulin and in human fat tissue development in mammalian cells.	Surrendered	30-Jul-2004	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-294	CSIRO	Expression of alpha mannosidase in human RD rhabdasomyosarcoma cells	The aim of this dealing is to produce RD rhabdasomyosarcoma cells expressing alpha mannosidase that can be encapsulated and used in guinea pig trials of an experimental enzyme replacement therapy.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-295	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	Somatic cell genetic studies of mitochondrial respiratory chain disorders	The aim of this dealing is to determine the genetic basis of human diseases caused by mitochondrial energy generation disorders.	Expired	30-Jul-2004	31-Oct-2011
		Characterisation of vaccine, drug and diagnostic targets in	The aim of this dealing is to characterise molecules implicated in the survival and infection of apicomplexan parasites and to determine their			
DNIR-296	University of Technology Sydney Australian Defence Force Malaria and Infectious	apicomplexan parasites Development of in vitro liver stage drug susceptibility assays for	suitability as targets for drug and vaccine development. The aim of this dealing is to develop an in vitro assay for evaluating the effectiveness of new drugs and vaccines against the liver stage of	Withdrawn		
DNIR-297	Disease Institute	Plasmodium vivax. P. falciparum, P. yoelii, and P. cynomolgi. A Phase I/lla, two centre, open-label, dose escalation study to assess the safety, tolerability and efficacy of FP253 in	malarial parasites. The aim of this dealing is to assess the safety, tolerability and efficacy of a candidate cancer therapeutic in a Phase I/Ila clinical trial in prostate	Expired	30-Aug-2004	30-Jun-2009
DNIR-298	CSIRO	combination with fludarabine phosphate.	cancer patients. The aim of this dealing is to characterise HBV viral DNA sequences	Expired	23-Sep-2004	28-Feb-2015
DNIR-299	Monash University	Characterisation of replication competent hepatitis B viruses	present in blood samples from different animal species. The aim of this dealing is to examine the roles of the cell surface	Expired	22-Sep-2004	30-Sep-2014
DNIR-300	Western Sydney Local Health District	Expression of CD44 variants in ALL cells	proteins CD44 and VLA-4 in the interaction of leukemic cells with the bone marrow.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-301	Intervet Australia Pty Ltd	Fermentation, processing and inactivation of M.haemolytica cultures Generation of stable cell lines expressing Hepatitis B Virus using	The aim of this dealing to produce large-scale quantities of recombinant M. haemolytica for use in an inactivated veterinary vaccine. The aim of this dealing is to generate recombinant liver cells that	Licence issued	28-Jun-2004	30-Jun-2027
DNIR-302	Avexa Limited	the ViraPower lentiviral expression system. Production of recombinant Vaccinia viruses for viral disease:	express hepatitis B virus. The purpose of the dealing is to study the immunogenicity of HIV and	Surrendered	3-Sep-2004	29-Aug-2011
DNIR-303 DNIR-304	Westmead Institute for Medical Research Western Sydney Local Health District	immunogenicity studies and vaccine development Storage of GMOs	Herpes simplex virus proteins in vitro The proponents intend to store recombinant mouse and human cell lines for future use.	Expired Withdrawn	3-Sep-2004	30-Sep-2024
			The aim of this dealing is to define the role of two particular proteins in colon cancer metastasis by modulating the expression of these proteins		F O-+ 0004	10 1 0007
DNIR-305	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Wnt/FZD in human cancer	in colon cancer cell lines in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to investigate specific immune responses against hepatitis C virus that allow some individuals to clear infection,	Surrendered	5-Oct-2004	12-Jun-2007
DNIR-306	University of New South Wales	Study of human immunity against Hepatitis C virus	others to become chronically infected and others to have a rapid disease progression.	Surrendered	3-Sep-2004	20-Aug-2012
DNIR-307	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Molecular studies of HIV and HCV replication	The proponents intend to study the fusion and entry of human immunodeficiency virus and hepatitis C virus into human cell lines in vitro in order to develop antivirals and vaccines targeting this process.	Licence issued	5-Nov-2004	30-Nov-2029
DNIR-308	University of Canberra	Storage and maintenance of bacterial strains and plasmids for future use	The aim of this dealing is to store and maintain an array of bacterial strains and plasmids for future use.	Surrendered	5-Nov-2004	30-Jun-2008
DNIR-309	The University of Adelaide	Diagnosis and management of eutypa dieback	The aim of this dealing is to improve disease management strategies for the grapevine pathogen Eutypa lata by using DNA probes to detect the pathogen in infected grapevines and to analyse variations in the fungus.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-310	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Mechanisms of cell survival and apoptosis in multiple myeloma	The aim of this dealing is to investigate the role of various proteins involved in apoptosis and cell survival in multiple myeloma cells and to identify potential targets for therapy.	Surrendered	9-Nov-2004	30-Jun-2008
DNIR-311	Department of Regional NSW	DNA adenine methylase salmonella vaccines	The aim of this dealing is to evaluate the cross protective efficacy of the DNA adenine methylase deficient Salomonella typhimurium vaccine strain in calves.	Withdrawn		
DNIR-311	The University of New England	Interactions between beneficial bacteria and wheat	The aim of this dealing is to investigate the interactions between wheat and beneficial bacteria that suppress fundal diseases of wheat.	Withdrawn		
	, and the second		The aim of this dealing is to investigate the function of breast tumour suppressor genes and their interacting proteins in human breast cell			
DNIR-313	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	Study of breast cancer tumour suppressor genes Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth, cell	lines in vitro. The aim of this dealing is to use viral vectors to introduce genes into	Surrendered	18-Nov-2004	30-Jun-2008
DNIR-314	Peter Mac Callum Cancer Centre	proliferation and cell death.	cultured cells and animals to determine their role in cancer. The aim of this dealing is to use viral vectors to introduce genes encoding HIN-200 proteins into mice and cultured cells to determine	Expired	19-Nov-2004	30-Nov-2019
DNIR-315 DNIR-316	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre The University of Adelaide	Expression and function of HIN 200 proteins. Storage (Salmonella GMOs)	their role in cellular differentiation. The storage of genetically modified Salmonella enterica Serovar Typhimurium.	Surrendered Surrendered	26-Nov-2004 29-Nov-2004	26-Oct-2007 3-Jul-2008
DNIR-317	Progen Industries Limited	Deltavasc	The aim is to generate large amounts of plasmid that will be formulated into a drug product for a US based Biotechnology company.	Expired	22-Sep-2004	28-Feb-2006
DNIR-318	Flinders University	Analysis of the M-flax rust resistance gene in transgenic flax and tobacco.		Withdrawn	22-3cp-2004	20-1 60-2000
DNID 040	IDT Australia Limit -	Randomised, double blind, placebo controlled phase II dose- ranging study of the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of	The aims of this study are to assess the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of a new formulation of lyophilised ChimeriVax*-JE,	Cured	E N 000 1	17.0-1.000
DNIR-319	IDT Australia Limited	live attenuated ChimeriVax™-JE vaccine (lyophilised). Randomised, double blind, placebo controlled phase II dose-	given at three dose levels, compared with the placebo. The aims of this study are to assess the safety, tolerability and	Surrendered	5-Nov-2004	17-Oct-2006
DNIR-320	Melbourne Health	ranging study of the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of live attenuated ChimeriVax [™] -JE vaccine (lyophilised).	immunogenicity of a new formulation of lyophilised ChimeriVax™-JE, given at three dose levels, compared with a placebo.	Surrendered	5-Nov-2004	17-Oct-2006
DNIR-321	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Storage of GM Cell Lines that would require a licence if dealings with those GMOs were undertaken.	Storage of GM cell lines that would require a licence if dealt with. The GMOs will be stored in certified facilities or in other restricted access areas (such as a locked freezer or liquid nitrogen store).	Surrendered	3-Dec-2004	28-Sep-2007
DNIR-322	CSL Limited	Pilot scale fermentation and processing of merozoite surface proteins (MSP) expressed in recombinant Escherichia coli (E.coli)	The aim is to use genetically modified bacteria to express proteins normally made by the malaria parasite to test as anti-malarial vaccines.	Expired	4-Jan-2005	31-Jul-2008
DNIR-323	Griffith University	Development of novel gene transfer vectors for gene therapy.	The aims are to develop new mechanisms and vectors for gene therapy of respiratory diseases and cancers. This work will examine the processes important to adherance,	Expired	7-Jan-2005	31-Aug-2013
DNIR-324	The University of Queensland	Complementation of mutations to genes that play a role in virulence in intestinal and extraintestinal bacteria.	colonisation, survival and pathogenesis employed by bacteria that cause enteric and urinary tract infections in humans.	Surrendered	7-Jan-2005	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-325	The University of Queensland	Genetic analysis of X. albilineans.	This project explores the molecular basis for albicidin antibiotic biosynthesis and resistance in Xanthomonas albilineans.	Surrendered	7-Jan-2005	18-Oct-2007
DNIR-326	St Vincent's Hospital (Melbourne)	Storage of GMOs that are a licensed dealing.	Storage of GMOs related to licenced dealings This study aims to use retroviral vectors to generate stable and transient	Withdrawn		
DNIR-327	Mater Research Ltd Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research	Retroviral expression of genes and small inhibitory RNA.	expression of human and rodent genes in human and rodent cell lines. The aim is to treat HCV-infected individuals who have failed	Expired	7-Jan-2005	31-Jan-2010
DNIR-328	and Public Health	Immunotherapy for hepatitis C virus infection. Identification of virulence determinants of Leptosphaeria	conventional interferon-based therapy, with activated dendritic cells. The aims are to identify the genes that allow L. maculans and S.	Expired	27-Jan-2005	31-Jan-2015
DNIR-329	The University of Melbourne	maculans and sclerotinia sclerotiorum.	sclerotiorum, two fungal pathogens, to cause disease in canola.	Surrendered	25-Jan-2005	21-Aug-2007

			The purpose of this dealing is to construct attenuated Salmonella strains for use as potential Salmonella vaccines and to study the			
			immunobiology of Salmonella infection and the efficacy of the attenuated Salmonella strains as vaccine delivery vehicles for foreign			
DNIR-330	The University of Melbourne	Novel approaches to vaccination against bacterial diseases.	antigens. The aims are to investigate the properties of the bacterium	Surrendered	22-Jul-2005	23-Aug-2007
DNIR-331	The University of Melbourne	Investigation of the virulence of Klebsiella pneumoniae: development of a vaccine and immunotherapeutics.	K. pneumoniae which allow it to cause pneumonia, urinary tract infections and sepsis.	Surrendered	24-Jan-2005	21-Aug-2007
		ld-aif-ai	This dealing aims to identify novel virulence-associated determinants in			
DNIR-332	The University of Melbourne	Identification of virulence-associated determinants and protective antigens in bacterial pathogens. Manipulation of Influenza A viruses using reverse genetics to	several bacterial pathogens of humans and to investigate whether these factors can be used as targets for therapeutic or prophylactic vaccines. The aims are to use reverse genetics on Influenza A virus to determine	Surrendered	27-Jan-2005	28-Aug-2007
DNIR-333	The University of Melbourne	study both cellular, humoral and molecular characteristics of viral immunity.	the cellular, humoral and molecular characteristics of anti-viral immunity.	Surrendered	28-Jan-2005	23-Aug-2007
DNIR-334	University of New South Wales	Storage of GMOs that are a licensed dealing.	The aim of this dealing is to store or dispose of pre-existing GMOs generated by several GMAC dealings.	Surrendered	27-Jan-2005	21-Dec-2007
			The aims are to study the role of quorum sensing, quorum sensing genes			
DNIR-335	University of New South Wales	expression and environmental adaptation.	and quorum sensing controlled factors in the processes of biofilm formation, environmental adaptation and infection	Surrendered	27-Jan-2005	21-Dec-2007
DNIR-336	University of Technology Sydney	Use of wild type, gene knock-out, and transgenic mice, and recombinant viruses to study cytokine biology. Pilot scale fermentation and processing of hepatitis C	The aims are to investigate the roles of immune cell activating proteins in the immune response to virus infection.	Expired	28-Jan-2005	31-Jan-2020
DNIR-337	CSL Limited	polyprotein expressed in recombinant saccharomyces cerevisiae.	The aims are to produce pilot-scale quantities of Hepatitis C virus polyprotein from S. cerevisiae for purification and vaccine formulation.	Surrendered	25-Jan-2005	8-Oct-2009
		Use of transgenic and gene knock-out mice and recombinant viruses to study tumour necrosis factor (TNF)-family molecule	The aims are to investigate the role of TNF-related apoptosis inducing			
DNIR-338	Western Sydney Local Health District	biology.	ligand (TRAIL) in the immune system.	Withdrawn		
			This study aims to identify the genes responsible for virulence in avian pathogenic Escherichia coli and to examine the efficacy of mutants with			
DNIR-339	The University of Melbourne	Virulence genes of avian pathogenic Escherichia coli.	these genes deleted or disrupted as vaccine candidates	Surrendered	8-Feb-2005	21-Aug-2007
DNIR-340	Western Sydney Local Health District	(1) Regulation of secretion of the fungal virulence determinant, phospholipase B. (2) Fungal phospholipases: exploring a new target for drug discovery.	The aims are to determine the mechanisms regulating cryptococcal Phospholipase B (PLB) synthesis and secretion and to develop new antifungals based on the inhibition of PLB.	Withdrawn		
DIVINGUE	Women's and Children's Health Network	Functional analysis of genes involved in haemopoiesis by	This project aims to investigate the function of various genes with regard	Withdrawn		
DNIR-341	Incorporated	retroviral expression in human cells and cell lines. Use of wild type, gene knock-out, and transgenic mice, and	to the normal and abnormal growth of human blood cells. The aims are to investigate the roles of immune cell activating proteins	Surrendered	24-Feb-2005	7-Nov-2008
DNIR-342	The Children's Hospital Westmead	recombinant viruses to study cytokine biology.	in the immune response to virus infection. The aim of this project is to produce assembled TMV-GFP viral vector	Surrendered	28-Jan-2005	22-Sep-2009
DNIR-343	Macquarie University	Production of TMV-GFP viral vector.	from RNA transcript in young plants. The aims of this project are to use replication defective amphotropic	Withdrawn		
DNIR-344	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Studying the regulation of gene transcription using amphotropic retroviruses.	retroviruses to transfer genes into mammalian cell lines and primary cells.	Surrendered	30-Mar-2005	21-Sep-2007
		Eunation of Dishalahastar padagus danas and production of	The purpose of the dealings is to investigate the function of potential virulence genes in Dichelobacter nododus, the causative agent of			
DNIR-345	The University of Sydney	Function of Dichelobacter nodosus genes and production of recombinant antigens.	footrot and, to produce recombinant antigens.	Expired	6-Apr-2005	30-Apr-2015
			The aim of this dealing is to study cellular immunity of human peripheral blood mononuclear cells to Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and			
			Hepatitis C virus (HCV) by expressing HIV and HCV antigens using Vaccinia virus (VV) recombinant vectors and conducting in vitro assays			
DNIR-346	South Eastern Sydney Local Health District	Cellular Antiviral Immunity (including HIV and HCV)	that measure cytotoxic T cell activity, lymphoproliferative activity and cytokine production.	Surrendered	4-May-2005	25-May-2009
DNIR-347	University of Wollongong	Storage of GMOs that are GMAC, NLRD and DNIR dealings	The purpose of this dealing is to store GMOs that were previously covered under GMAC, NLRDs and DNIRs.	Expired	5-May-2005	30-Nov-2010
		Production of anti-CD59 Fab fragments using recombinant E.	The purpose of this dealing is to produce large-scale quantities of recombinant Escherichia coli expressing anti-CD59 antibody fragments			
DNIR-348	CSIRO	coli	and to purify the recombinant protein. The purpose of this dealing is to understand the role of genes of interest	Surrendered	14-Apr-2005	15-Mar-2010
DNIR-349	The University of Queensland	Investigation into the role of novel genes at the level of the cell and animal	in disease specifically inflammation, tissue regeneration and congenital abnormalities.	Expired	12-May-2005	31-May-2010
		Development of Chimeric and Humanized forms of a mouse	The aims of this dealing are to produce large-scale quantities of chimeric and humanised forms of the murine monoclonal antibody			
DNIR-350	University of Technology Sydney	monoclonal antibody	mKap.	Expired	27-May-2005	31-May-2007
DNIR-351	The University of Melbourne	Cell wall metabolism in mycobacteria Preparation of influenza vaccines of genetically modified,	The aim of this dealing is to investigate the cell wall metabolism of Mycobacterium tuberculosis, the causative agent of tuberculosis.	Surrendered	27-Jun-2005	11-Sep-2014
DNIR-352	Segirus Pty Ltd		The aim of the dealing is to prepare batches of inactivated human influenza vaccine from strains of attenuated avian influenza	Licence issued	6-Apr-2005	31-Mar-2030
DIVINGUE	Sequest ty Eta	(HIVI) DECENOUIU	To use an artificial infection system for PRSV-P and W using cloned	Electrice issued	0-Apr-2003	31-1-181-2030
		Investigation of Host Range Determinants in Papaya Ringspot	components to identify amino acids involved in host range through generation of recombinants representing mixtures of different regions of			
DNIR-353	Queensland University of Technology	Virus	the two genomes and in vitro mutagenesis	Withdrawn		
DNIR-354	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	Analysis of telometric structure and function in human marker chromosomes.	This project aims to determine the structure and function of the ends (telomeres) of human cytogenetic marker chromosomes	Withdrawn		
			The purpose of this dealing is to examine the function of potential virulence genes in Dichelobacter nodosus, the causative agent of			
DNIR-355	Department of Regional NSW	Function of Dichelobacter nodosus genes.	footrot, through in vivo testing on sheep (Ovis aries). The aims of this research are to clone and express venom proteins from	Expired	3-Jun-2005	30-Jun-2010
DNIR-356	QIMR Berghofer	Expression and characterization of novel genes from Australian snakes.	Australian elapid snakes in relation to the treatment of envenomation victims or as therapeutic agents.	Expired	16-Aug-2005	31-Aug-2015
		Investigation into the role of genes in neural development and	The aims of this research are to use replication defective lentiviral vectors as a tool to investigate the function of genes that are involved in		-	
DNIR-357	The University of Queensland	repair. Immunocontraceptive effects of recombinant murine	neural development and repair. The purpose of this dealing is to test the efficacy and safety of	Expired	22-Aug-2005	31-Aug-2015
DNIR-358	CSIRO	cytomegaloviruses expressing mouse zona pellucida subunit 3 protein.	recombinant Murine cytomegalovirus expressing immunocontraceptive proteins.	Expired	30-Jun-2005	30-Nov-2013
DNIR-359	CSIRO	Storage of GMOs that are licensed dealings.	The purpose of this dealing is to store GM cell lines that are no longer being worked on but for which the researchers wish to maintain stocks.	Expired	30-Jun-2005	30-Nov-2013
Browning	55.10	Storage or GMUs that are ucensed dealings. Identification of virulence determinants in encephalitic	The aims of this research are to investigate the role of flaviviral genes and untranslated genomic regions in the virulence and pathogenicity of	Expileu	30-Juli-2003	30-NUV-2013
DNIR-360	The University of Queensland	flaviviruses	encephalitic flaviviruses. The aim of this research is to utilise replication defective viral vectors for	Surrendered	7-Oct-2005	15-Jun-2010
		Viral mediated approaches to examine cell proliferation,	the delivery of tumour-suppressor genes and oncogenes in order to study the proliferation, differentiation, transformation and death of			
DNIR-361	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	differentiation transformation and death.	mammalian cultured cells. The aim of this project is to study those genes that appear, under	Withdrawn		
		The role of guernm consists and bindles	laboratory conditions, to be essential for biofilm development and grazing resistance under real life conditions in the marine environment when the betaria are represented to put the light to the light that the light to the li			
DNIR-362	University of New South Wales	The role of quorum sensing and biofilm related genes in environmental adaptation by marine Vibrio spp. Storage of GMO's associated with the DNIR project	where the bacteria are exposed to natural variations in nutrients, light, and temperatures.	Withdrawn Withdrawn		
DNIR-363	Flinders University	Storage of GMO's associated with the DNIR project. Generation and characterisation of poxvirus Tumour Necrosis Factor Receptor (TNF-R) homologues orfs in subversion of	The aims of this research are to investigate how poxvirus tumour necrosis factor receptor-like proteins are able to inhibit the death of	withdrawn		
DNIR-364	University of Technology Sydney	cellular TNF-R signalling.	infected cells.	Surrendered	25-Oct-2005	12-Dec-2024
		Infusion of Ad5F35pp65-stimulated, donor-derived cytotoxic T lymphocytes for the prevention of CMV reactivation and	The aim of this dealing is to conduct a clinical trial in patients undergoing blood or bone marrow transplantation. The trial will involve			
DNIR-365	Western Sydney Local Health District	infection following allogeneic stem cell transplantation.	the use of a recombinant adenovirus as an antigen source	Withdrawn		

Process Proc				The aims of this dealing are to conduct two phase III clinical trials of ChimeriVax**-JE a live, attenuated, genetically modified vaccine against			
Note	DNIR-366	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Phase III clinical trials of ChimeriVax™-JE	Japanese encephalitis (JE).	Expired	26-Sep-2005	30-Jun-2009
Part				analyse their interactions with mammalian cells, for potential use in			
March Marc	DNIR-367	Australian National University	cholera toxin and related enterotoxins		Expired	30-Nov-2005	30-Nov-2010
			Measurement of cell entry mediated by HIV-1 particles				
Part	DNIR-368	Monash University	pseudotyped with hepatitis C virus (HCV) envelope proteins.	envelope proteins	Surrendered	6-Dec-2005	25-Aug-2016
Part			A Multicentre, Double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled				
Authority Company Co	DNIR-369	St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited			Expired	6-Feb-2006	31-Jan-2011
Part				The aims of the dealing are to test the safety, efficacy and tolerability of			
				a recombinant adenovirus containing genes from HIV-1 as a therapeutic			
Delication Del					Integrated into		
Part		St Vincent's Hospital Sydney Limited			DNIR-369		
Part	DNIR-371	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Generation of assay cell lines	The sime of this research are to study the effect of mutations aneeded	Withdrawn		
			The Effect of Hepatitis B Virus surface antigen mutations on				
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DNIR-389 Griffith University Mechanisms of Ross River viral disease River River River River viral disease River Rive	DNIR-383 DNIR-384 DNIR-385 DNIR-386	The University of Melbourne Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre Royal Perth Hospital Sanofi-Aventis Australia Pty Ltd	Analysis of molecular signalling for growth of blood vessels and lymphatic vessels using adenoviral gene transfer Construction of recombinant plasmids carrying HCV viral genome inserts. Clinical trials of ChimeriVax ^m Tetravalent Dengue Vaccine Identification of virulence factors for infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV)	strategies by the use of live recombinant vaccinia and influenza viruses expressing HIV antigens in mice in vivo and to develop a vaccination strategy based on the influenza virus The purpose of this dealing is to transfer genes using adenoviral vector and to analyse the expressed proteins for growth of blood and lymphatic vessels in cultured mammalian cells and mice. The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a Phase IIa clinical trial of ChimeriVax*-DEN, a tetravalent, live, attenuated, chimeric, genetically modified vaccine against dengue virus. Recombinant strains of infectious bursal disease virus (IBDV) will be used to identify the virulence factors that make IBDV pathogenic to chickens.	Expired Withdrawn Expired	24-Jul-2006	31-Dec-2012
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The aims of this dealing are to conduct two phase III clinical trials of

		Single armed, multicentre, open label clinical study evaluating the safety and tolerability of NovaCaps in patients with	The aim of this dealing is to conduct a phase I clinical trial of an encapsulated cell therapy product (NovaCaps) that activates the			
DNIR-402 DNIR-403	Clinical Network Services (CNS) Pty Ltd Progen Industries Limited	inoperable pancreatic carcinoma Large scale production of Mannan Fusion Protein	prodrug ifosfamide in patients with inoperable pancreatic carcinoma.	Surrendered Withdrawn	16-Jan-2007	7-Nov-2008
		A Gene Therapy Strategy for Prion Disease using Lentiviral Vecto	r			
DNIR-404	The University of Sydney	Delivery of Short Hairpin RNA (shRNA) Targeting the PrPc Gene	The aim of this dealing is to investigate mating and growth regulators in	Withdrawn		
DNIR-405	The University of Queensland	Overexpression and mutant complementation in Cryptococcus	· ·	Surrendered	5-Mar-2007	22-Jan-2009
DNIR-406	Imugene Limited	Construction and testing of porcine adenovirus (PAV) vectors expressing foreign DNA	The aim of this dealing is to develop and conduct in vitro tests of potential vaccines and therapeutics for the poultry and pork industries	Surrendered	5-Apr-2007	25-Jan-2013
DNIR-407	Imugene Limited	Construction and testing of fowl adenovirus (FAV) vectors expressing foreign DNA	The aim of this dealing is to develop and conduct in vitro tests of potential vaccines and therapeutics for the poultry and pork industries	Surrendered	5-Apr-2007	25-Jan-2013
DNIR-408 DNIR-409	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science The University of New England	Binding and replication studies of Norovirus Is XprG a global regulator of fungal virulence?		Withdrawn Withdrawn		
DNIR-410	Women's and Children's Health Network Incorporated	New approaches to understanding bone fusion		Withdrawn		
DNIR-411	Murdoch University	Pathogenicity determinants of Septoria (Stagonospora) nodorum		Withdrawn		
DNIR-412	Queensland University of Technology	Population dynamics of arboviruses Analysis of malaria proteins and regulatory DNA sequences		Not Issued		
DNIR-413	The University of Melbourne	through disruption and complementation	The purpose of this dealing is to investigate the function of mouse and	Withdrawn		
DNIR-414	The University of Queensland	Characterisation of Cytomegalovirus chemokine receptor homologues	human viral chemokine receptors in promoting virus replication and dissemination during infection	Surrendered	13-Jun-2007	3-Mar-2025
		A phase I/II human gene therapy trial to establish the base line safety and efficacy following a single subretinal injection of	The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I/II clinical trial of a			
DNIR-415	The University of Western Australia	rAAV.sFlt-1 for the treatment of exudative age related macular degeneration (AMD)	genetically modified replication defective Adeno-associated virus in patients suffering exudative age related macular degeneration	Surrendered	2-Jul-2007	12-May-2015
DNIR-416	Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research Melbourne- Austin Branch	Dissecting the mechanism of immunodominance hierarchy		Withdrawn		
DNIR-417	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Studies of dengue type 2 virus replication		Withdrawn		
			The purpose of this dealing is to use GM viruses to understand how novel anti-HIV drugs act against HIV-1 and confirm the target site of drug			
DNIR-418	Biotron Limited	Anti Viral Drugs Designing novel vaccination approaches to provide protection	activity	Expired	17-Sep-2007	15-Feb-2015
DNIR-419	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	against vaccinia virus infection	The purpose of the dealing is to determine the relative packaging	Withdrawn		
DNIR-420	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Determining the relative packaging efficiency of HIV-1 and HIV-1 derived vector genomes	efficiencies of wild-type HIV-1 genomic RNA and the genomic RNA of attenuated HIV-1 derived gene vectors	Surrendered	5-Oct-2007	22-Sep-2011
DNIR-421	Sanofi Pasteur Ptv Ltd	Recombinant, live attenuated Japanese encephalitis vaccine (ChimeriVax**-JE)	8	Withdrawn		
DI 111 421	outon't dictar i sy Eta	(Gillion Val.	The aim of the project is to understand how hepatitis C virus causes	Transition .		
DNIR-422	Westmead Institute for Medical Research	Pathogenesis of hepatitis C virus	disease in infected people, including fatty liver, inflammation and scarring of the liver, liver failure and liver cancer	Licence issued	8-Nov-2007	31-Aug-2027
DNIR-423	QIMR Berghofer	The biology of arbovirus fitness in arthropod hosts	The purpose of this dealing is to study the replication of genetically modified Ross River virus strains in mosquitoes	Expired	16-Nov-2007	30-Nov-2012
DIVIN-423	Women's and Children's Health Network	The Diology of albovilus infless in artifopou flosts	The purpose of this dealing is to isolate a complement-resistant variant of the Vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV)-G glycoprotein that can be used	Ехрией	10-1404-2007	30-1404-2012
DNIR-424	Incorporated	Evolution and selection of complement-resistant VSV-G variants		Surrendered	16-Nov-2007	22-Sep-2011
DNIR-425	Seqirus Pty Ltd	Influenza viruses	genetics for research purposes	Licence issued	16-Nov-2007	30-Jun-2026
			The purpose of these dealings is to study the function of bacterial			
DNIR-426	Griffith University	Characterising virulence in enteric pathogens	molecules that enter into and alter host cells in order to understand disease progression and identify targets for therapeutics	Surrendered	21-Dec-2007	9-Feb-2011
		Molecular identification and characterisation of the virulence and host range determinants of SARS and SARS-like	The aims of this dealing are to investigate the role of virulence and host- range determinants in vitro in Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome			
DNIR-427	CSIRO	coronaviruses	(SARS) and SARS-like coronaviruses This study aims to generate recombinant Hendra virus and Nipah virus	Licence issued	7-Feb-2008	30-Nov-2027
			that include mutations or deletions in viral genes or the non-coding regions to determine their role in Henipavirus pathogenesis and			
DNIR-428	CSIRO	Identification of virulence factors for Henipaviruses	transmission The aim of this dealing is to import corn which potentially includes GM	Surrendered	7-Feb-2008	15-Nov-2011
DNIR-429	Cargill Australia Limited	Importation of US Corn for further processing into stockfeed	lines into Newcastle and Melbourne for processing to produce domestic stockfeed.	Licence issued	21-Feb-2008	28-Feb-2026
DNIR-430	The University of Melbourne	Gene transfer of neurotrophins for survival and reconnection of regenerating auditory nerves		Withdrawn		
DNIR-431	Women's and Children's Health Network Incorporated	Lentiviral-mediated gene therapy	Development and testing of lentiviral HIV-1 vector systems for the treatment of monogenic diseases	Surrendered	11-Mar-2008	10-Nov-2016
			The purpose of the proposed dealings is to develop a somatic cell gene			
DNIR-432	University of Technology Sydney	Insulin storage and release from liver hepatocytes Insulin storage and release from liver hepatocytes using a new	therapy system using lentiviral vectors for the treatment of diabetes.	Licence issued	31-Mar-2008	31-Aug-2027
DNIR-433 DNIR-434	University of Technology Sydney CSIRO	lentiviral vector Generation of new vaccines to Marek's disease virus		Withdrawn Withdrawn		
		Lentivirus-mediated gene transfer to prolong corneal graft	The aims of these dealings are to investigate the potential for lentiviral and adenoviral (var-6526) mediated gene therapy to improve the survival			
DNIR-435	Flinders University	survival The effects of BCR-ABL and BCR-ABL mutants on transporter	of comeal grafts in animal models	Surrendered	2-Apr-2008	1-Dec-2015
DNIR-436	Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science	expression and function		Withdrawn		
DNIR-437	QIMR Berghofer	Cleanroom manufacturing of a chemotherapeutic drug delivery technology for use in cancer therapy	The purpose of this dealing is to produce large scale preparations of a drug delivery vehicle for use in cancer therapy	Surrendered	29-Apr-2008	25-May-2009
		Phase 1 safety study in subjects with severe Hemophilia B (Factor IX Deficiency) using adeno-associated viral vector to	The purpose of this dealing is to conduct a phase I clinical trial of a genetically modified, replication defective Adeno-associated viral vector			
DNIR-438	Royal Prince Alfred Hospital	deliver the gene for Human Factor IX into the liver coupled with transient immunomodulation.	in patients suffering Hemophilia B in combination with immunosuppressive therapy.	Surrendered	20-Jun-2008	7-Jan-2013
			The aim of the proposed dealings is to investigate the regulation of			
DNIR-439	The University of Queensland	Virus-mediated approaches to examine cardiovascular disease in vitro and in vivo	cardiac function in vivo by the delivery of cardiac regulatory genes into rodents using replication-defective viral vectors.	Licence issued	30-Jun-2008	31-Mar-2028
			This project will investigate how growth hormone signals via the growth			
DNIR-440	The University of Queensland	Mechanisms of growth hormone signalling II	hormone receptor and other genes to control growth and metabolism, and its role in the development of cancer.	Licence issued	30-Jun-2008	30-Apr-2028
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		The aims of this dealing are to characterise Plasmodium antigens in vitro and in vivo, to assess their suitability in the development of a malaria			•
DNIR-441	QIMR Berghofer Women's and Children's Health Network	Characterizing Host Immunity to Plasmodium	vaccine The purpose of this dealing is to test lentiviral HIV-1 vector systems for	Expired	15-Jul-2008	31-Jul-2019
DNIR-442	Incorporated	Lentivirus Gene Transfer to Treat Cystic Fibrosis Airway Disease	the treatment of cystic fibrosis. The purpose of this dealing is to identify sequence changes in H5N1	Surrendered	21-Jul-2008	10-Nov-2016
DNIR-443	CSIRO	Avian Influenza: A Study of Molecular Pathogenesis	influenza viral genes that cause differences in the severity of disease symptoms in avian and mammalian hosts.	Expired	7-Aug-2008	31-Oct-2021
2		and an add of the control of the con	This study aims to utilise adenoviral and adeno-associated viral vector	Expired	, , , ug-2000	01 000-2021
DNID 444	The Rinning Institute of Australia	Gene transfer of neurotrophins for survival and reconnection of	gene therapy to determine whether locally expressed neurotrophins can promote nerve survival and nerve regeneration in the inner ear of animals	Evoired	4-4 nr 2000	20-Apr 0040
DNIR-444	The Bionics Institute of Australia	regenerating auditory nerves Characterisation of pathogenicity determinants of Fusarium	animals	Expired	4-Apr-2008	30-Apr-2013
DNIR-445	CSIRO	Oxysporum Transduction of islate with Adaptavirus and Adapta associated		Withdrawn		
DAUD 440	The Owner Fliesbath He 22 h	Transduction of islets with Adenovirus and Adeno associated virus expressing marker and/or therapeutic genes to improve		18/fabrula		
DNIR-446	The Queen Elizabeth Hospital	islet survival and function following transplantation		Withdrawn		

DNIR-447	CSIRO	Characterisation of putative pathogenicity determinants in Fusarium species by gene knockout and complementation		Withdrawn		
DNIR-448	O'Brien Institute	Targeting NADPH oxidase in angiogenesis in vivo		Withdrawn		
DNIR-449	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Phase I study of autologous T lymphocytes with an anti LeY chimeric receptor gene for patients with Multiple Myeloma, AML or high-risk MDS Polymyxin resistance in Gram-negative bacteria	The purpose of this dealing is to analyze the safety and efficacy of autologous administration of genetically modified T-lymphocytes expressing an arti-Lewis Y antibody for the treatment of cancer in patients enrolled in a Phase I clinical trial.	Expired	6-Nov-2008	31-Dec-2012
DNIR-450 DNIR-451	Monash University Central Adelaide Local Health Network	Expression of lysosomal enzymes and shRNA from a lentiviral vector and gene therapy for MPS	The purpose of this dealing is the development of gene therapies for the treatment of lysosomal storage diseases using lentiviral vectors.	Withdrawn Expired	11-Dec-2008	4-Apr-2014
DNIR-452	The University of Queensland	Genome wide overexpresion and knockdown of mRNA transcripts at the level of the cell	The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors encoding gene silencing constructs to study gene expression in mammalian cells in vitro	Surrendered	22-Dec-2008	20-Aug-2012
DININ-452	The University of Queenstand	Investigations into the role of novel genes at the level of the cell	The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors in vitro and in vivo as a tool to investigate the function of genes	Suitendered	22-060-2008	20-Aug-2012
DNIR-453	The University of Queensland	and animal Development of a pseudo-typed NoV to investigate NoV	involved in eukaryotic tissue, organ and organism development. The purpose of this dealing is to develop a pseudo-typed murine	Surrendered	19-Apr-2009	11-Jan-2016
DNIR-454	University of New South Wales	replication in cell culture Clinical Study MI-CP178 - A Phase 1/2a, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled, Dose-Escalation Study to Evaluate the Safety, Tolerability, immunogenicity and Vaccine-like Viral Shedding of MEDI-S34, a Live, Attenuated Intranasal Vaccine Against Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) and Parainfluenze Virus Type 3 (PW3), in Healthy 6 to <24 Month-old Children and	Norovirus to investigate Norovirus replication in cell culture.	Expired	24-Feb-2009	13-Jun-2014
DNIR-455	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	in 2 Month-old Infants	The purpose of this dealing is to test prime-boost anti-cancer vaccines	Withdrawn		
DNIR-456	The University of Western Australia	Development of a prime-boost anti-cancer vaccine	using in vivo murine tumour models. The purpose of these dealings is to use replication defective lentiviral	Expired	19-Mar-2009	31-Mar-2019
DNIR-457	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Knockdown of gene expression in human and mouse cells using lentiviral libraries	vectors encoding gene silencing constructs to study cellular behaviour in vitro.	Surrendered	20-Mar-2009	20-Aug-2012
DNIR-458	CSIRO	Pathogenicity of J paramyxovirus (JPV) and Beilong paramyxovirus (BeiPV)	The purpose of this dealing is to generate recombinant J Paramyxovirus and Beliong Paramyxovirus that including changes in viral genes or non-coding regions to determine their influence on pathogenicity. The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral	Expired	6-Apr-2009	30-Apr-2014
DNIR-459	Women's and Children's Health Network Incorporated	Molecular mechanisms of bone growth	vectors in vitro and in vivo as a tool to investigate the function of genes involved in bone growth or repair.	Expired	14-Apr-2009	30-Apr-2014
DNIR-460	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Use of a short hairpin microRNAi (shRNA-mir) lentiviral based library for small and large scale functional genomics screens	The purpose of these dealings is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors encoding gene silencing constructs to study cellular behaviour in vitro.	Eunirod	20-Mar-2009	31-Mar-2024
DNIK-460	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	ubrary for small and large scale functional genomics screens Clinical trials to evaluate the efficacy and safety of treatment	The purpose of the dealings is to undertake the Australian arm of multi-	Expired	20-Mar-2009	31-Mar-2024
DNIR-461 DNIR-462	Amgen Australia Pty Ltd University of Technology Sydney	with GM human herpes virus 1 (talimogene laherparepvec) Roles for TNF-family molecules in anti-viral immunity	national clinical trials in melanoma patients.	Expired Withdrawn	26-Jun-2009	31-Mar-2019
			The purpose of the dealings is to generate anaerobic bacteria that express recombinant immunotoxins specific for solid tumours and to			
DNIR-463 DNIR-464	Griffith University QIMR Berghofer	Engineering anaerobic bacteria for multimodal cancer therapy Investigation of malaria parasite proteins	test the oncolytic activity of the GMO in vitro and in vivo.	Licence issued Withdrawn	30-Sep-2009	30-Sep-2025
DNIR-465	South Eastern Sydney Local Health District	Investigation of polymerase (PB1) fidelity from different influenza strains	The purpose of the dealing is to construct reassorted influenza viruses by reverse genetics for research purposes.	Licence issued	6-Sep-2009	30-Sep-2027
DNIR-466	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Regulation of Tumor Suppression	The purpose of this dealing is to identify novel proteins involved in	Withdrawn		
DNIR-467	St Vincent's Institute of Medical Research	The role of LIMK1 and its interacting proteins in cancer metastasis	cancer metastasis and explore the role of these and LIM kinases in tumour cell invasiveness.	Surrendered	13-Oct-2009	13-Nov-2013
DNIR-468	QIMR Berghofer	Investigation of malaria parasite proteins	The aim of the proposed dealings is to investigate the function of characterised and uncharacterised DNA sequences in the erythrocytic stage rodent and human malaria parasite Plasmodium.	Expired	30-Oct-2009	31-Oct-2019
			The aim of the proposed dealing is to understand how mycobacteria			
DNIR-469	The University of Melbourne	with genes required for the synthesis of mycolactones	produce mycolactones The purpose of this dealing is to understand: 1) how S. aureus strains	Expired	26-Oct-2009	31-Oct-2024
DNIR-470	The University of Melbourne	Pathogenesis in Staphylococcus aureus	develop low-level resistance to the antibiotic vancomycin; and 2) the role of S. aureus protein toxins in disease. This study aims to utilise adeno-associated viral vector gene therapy to determine whether a locally expressed immunosuppressive genes can	Licence issued	13-Nov-2009	30-Nov-2029
DNIR-471	The University of Sydney	Adeno-associated virus expression of immunosuppressive genes in rodent livers	promote the acceptance of transplanted organs in animal transplant models. The aims of this dealing are to investigate the role of flaviviral genes and	Expired	16-Oct-2009	30-Oct-2019
DNIR-472	The University of Queensland	Vector competence studies on selected flavivirus mutants	untranslated genomic regions in the neurovirulence and/or pathogenicity of flaviviruses	Licence issued	9-Nov-2009	30-Nov-2029
D111D 4770	T. II	Cardiovascular reactivity to stress: role of redox signaling in the	The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors in vivo to investigate the role of redox signalling genes in the		21-Dec-2009	05.14 0040
DNIR-473	The University of Melbourne	hypothalamus and brainstem The Impact of influenza A virus PB1-F2 protein on host immunity	cardiovascular response to stress. The purpose of this dealing is to determine the mechanisms by which	Surrendered	21-Dec-2009	25-Mar-2013
DNIR-474	The University of Melbourne	and potential for therapeutic targeting	the protein PB1 F2 contributes to the virulence of Influenza A virus. The purpose of this dealing is to study the importance of the enzyme NADPH oxidase in the growth of blood vessels and tumours that depend	Expired	15-Jan-2010	31-Jan-2015
DNIR-475	O'Brien Institute	Targeting NADPH Oxidase in angiogenesis	on the blood vessel growth. The purpose of the dealing is to develop replication defective lentiviral	Surrendered	15-Feb-2010	15-Feb-2012
DNIR-476	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	Developing lentiviral vectors for gene therapy of Friedreich ataxia		Surrendered	2-Mar-2010	6-May-2013
DNIR-477	The University of Adelaide	Human immunodeficiency vaccine studies	against HIV in mice by challenge with ecotropic HIV (EcoHIV), a genetically modified (GM) HIV that specifically infects rodents. The proposed dealings are to introduce an interferon gene into the genome of Murray Valley encephalitis virus or chimeric Murray Valley	Licence issued	12-Apr-2010	30-Apr-2026
DNIR-478	University of Canberra	Interferon-adjuvanted flavivirus vaccine	encephalitis virus that has had two structural genes replaced with those of Dengue virus, with an aim to create interferon-adjuvanted flavivirus vaccines.	Expired	23-Mar-2010	31-Mar-2025
DNIR-479	The University of Melbourne	Modulation of brain activity for understanding cardiovascular diseases	The purpose of this dealing is to use replication defective lentiviral vectors to deliver genes to brain regions of rodents to examine the role of specific neurons in the regulation of cardiovascular function. This study aims to use retroviral vectors to investigate signalling	Surrendered	30-Mar-2010	16-Oct-2012
DNIR-480	The University of Queensland	In vivo modification of target cell populations to study signalling pathways		Expired	5-May-2010	31-May-2015
DNIR-481	CSL Limited	Rescue of Influenza B viruses by reverse genetics for research purposes		Withdrawn		
DNIR-482	The Kids Research Institute Australia	Comparative analysis of human and kangaroo Leishmania: defining human pathogenicity genes.	The purpose of this dealing is to use Australian Leishmania as a tool to identify genes involved in pathogenesis of human Leishmania species.	Expired	28-May-2010	31-May-2019
		Manipulation of the immune system in mouse skin using	This study aims to use genetically modified Fowlpox virus to investigate the ability of immunomodulatory molecules to enhance the action of an			
DNIR-483	The University of Queensland	immunoregulatory cytokines Rescue of Influenza A viruses by reverse genetics for research	anti-cancer vaccine.	Surrendered	1-Jun-2010	4-Jul-2014
DNIR-484	CSL Limited	purposes	The purpose of the dealings is to generate and use a genetically modified HIV that specifically infects rodents to analyse the role of specific host genes or drugs in regulating anti-viral immunity and virus	Withdrawn		
DNIR-485	QIMR Berghofer	Mouse studies using EcoHIV	replication.	Surrendered	15-Jul-2010	27-May-2025

			This study aims to test an in vitro model for HIV gene therapy, by challenging transgenic cells expressing potential anti-HIV genes with			
DNIR-486	Calimmune Australia Pty Ltd	Gene Therapy for HIV	GM HIV virions.	Expired	20-Jul-2010	31-Jul-2015
			The purpose of this dealing is to use lentiviral mediated short hairpin RNAi sequences to identify genes and/or pathways involved in various			
DNIR-487	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	The use of short hairpin microRNAi lentiviral based constructs and libraries for functional analysis	diseases such as cancer and diabetes, as well as immunological and neurological disorders.	Licence issued	25-Aug-2010	31-Aug-2030
DIVIN-407	rially i cikins institute of riedical nesearch		The purpose of the dealings is to use reverse genetics to produce	Elcellee issued	25-Aug-2010	31-Aug-2000
DNIR-488	CSIRO	Identification of determinants of virulence and vector competence factors in Bluetongue virus	genetically-modified Bluetongue virus to identify determinants of virulence and vector competence.	Expired	30-Aug-2010	31-Aug-2015
			This study aims to use replication-defective lentiviral vectors to study			
DNIR-489	St Vincent's Institute of Medical Research	The Role of micro-RNAs in Cancer Models	genes and micro-RNAs involved in tumour invasion and metastasis.	Surrendered	1-Sep-2010	8-Jul-2012
		Identification of determinants of virulence and vector	The purpose of the dealings is to produce genetically modified insect- vectored animal Rhabdoviruses to identify determinants of virulence			
DNIR-490	CSIRO	competence factors in ephemeroviruses	and vector competence. This study aims to elucidate the mechanism of action of a virulence	Expired	22-Oct-2010	31-Oct-2015
			factor from the coral pathogen Vibrio corallilyticus. The virulence factor,			
DNIR-491	Australian Institute of Marine Science	Cloning and over-expression of a metalloprotease implicated in the virulence of a coral pathogen vibrio corallilyticus	a metalloprotease, will be overexpressed in an attenuated vaccine strain of V. cholerae.	Expired	31-Oct-2010	31-Oct-2015
			The purpose of the dealings is to use reverse genetics to produce genetically modified (GM) Taura syndrome virus to identify virulence			
DNIR-492	CSIRO	Construction of a Taura syndrome virus infectious clone	determinants.	Expired	28-Oct-2010	30-Nov-2016
			The aim of the dealing is to gain an understanding of the role of S.			
DNIR-493	The University of Queensland	Molecular analysis of Streptococcus pyogenes	pyogenes gene products in streptococcal infection and disease.	Expired	24-Nov-2010	30-Nov-2015
			This the purpose of this study is to use replication-defective lentiviral			
DNIR-494	Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Regulation of tumour suppression	vectors to study regulation of the p53 tumour suppressor pathway.	Expired	29-Nov-2010	30-Nov-2015
DNIR-495	CSIRO	Generation of recombinant Rabbit Caliciviruses	The purpose of this project is to study the biology of rabbit caliciviruses by generating GM caliciviruses and developing GM cell lines.	Expired	22-Dec-2010	31-Dec-2020
DIVIN-455	CSINO	Ceneration of recombinant nappic Cattervitases	This the purpose of this study is to generate and characterise, in vivo and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$	Expired	22-060-2010	31-200-2020
			in vitro, genetically modified (GM) Hendra virus and Nipah virus. Viral genes and non-coding regions will be mutated, deleted or replaced in			
DNIR-496	CSIRO	Characterisation of the molecular determinants of host range and pathogenicity for Henipaviruses	order to determine their role in pathogenesis, host range and transmission.	Licence issued	5-Jan-2011	31-Jan-2026
DIVIN-490	CSINO		This study aims to use clone and express venom proteins from 20	Licelice issued	3-Jan-2011	31-3411-2020
DNIR-497	The University of Queensland	Expression and characterization of novel genes from Australian snakes	Australian elapid snakes that may useful in the treatment of envenomation victims or as therapeutic agents.	Expired	13-Jan-2011	31-Jan-2021
		Isolation and characterisation of genes involved in antifungal	The aim of the proposed dealings is to elucidate the mode of action of			
DNIR-498	Western Sydney Local Health District	drug metabolism including drug resistance in pathogenic yeasts	the antifungal drug miltefosine in pathogenic yeasts, ie Cryptococcus neoformans and Candida species.	Surrendered	19-Jan-2011	12-Jun-2014
DNIR-499	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Augmenting anti-viral immunity		Withdrawn		
DNIR-500	Macfarlane Burnet Institute for Medical Research and Public Health	Xenotropic murine leukemia virus-related virus (XMRV) and prostate cancer		Withdrawn		
DIVIN-300	and Fubic rieatin	A phase 1 study of autologous GD2 chimeric antigen receptor-		Withurawn		
DNIR-501	Central Adelaide Local Health Network	expressing peripheral blood T cells in patients with metastatic melanoma	A clinical trial assessing the feasibility, safety and efficiacy of GM autologous T cells for the treatment of metastatic melanoma.	Surrendered	21-Jul-2011	10-Jan-2014
		Lentiviral gene overexpression and knock-down using short		Withdrawn		
DNIR-502	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	hairpin micro RNAi		withdrawn		
		Functional analysis of Schistosoma ssp egg-secreted proteins	This study aims to use replication-defective lentiviral vectors to generate GM Schistosoma spp to analyse the function of egg-secreted proteins at			
DNIR-503	The University of Melbourne	using vector-based RNAi	different stages of the Schistosoma life cycle.	Surrendered	10-Aug-2011	19-Dec-2013
		Clinical study of the efficacy and safety of intra-tumoural	This clinical trial aims to test the efficacy and safety of TG1042 for the			
DNIR-504	Virax Holdings Limited	injection of TG1042 in nodular basal cell carcinoma	treatment of nodular basal cell carcinoma	Expired	3-Aug-2011	4-Aug-2013
DNIR-505	The University of Adelaide	Lentinizal vectors to assess HIV vecting officery	The purpose of the proposed dealings is to use lentiviral vectors to	Licence issued	26-Aug-2011	20 Aug 2026
DIVIK-505	The University of Adelaide	Lentiviral vectors to assess HIV vaccine efficacy	express HIV genes in mice as a model of HIV infection. The purpose of this dealing is to determine whether it is possible to use	Licence issued	26-Aug-2011	29-Aug-2026
		Expression of a fatty acid modifying enzyme in Candida	GM Candida tropicalis to produce industrial quantities of Omega-			
DNIR-506	CSIRO	tropicalis	hydroxyfatty acids	Expired	9-Sep-2011	30-Sep-2014
DNIR-506 DNIR-507	CSIRO The University of Sydney	tropicalis The use of virus vectors for research in plants	hydroxyfatty acids	Expired Withdrawn	9-Sep-2011	30-Sep-2014
					9-Sep-2011	30-Sep-2014
DNIR-507 DNIR-508	The University of Sydney Flinders University	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of	Withdrawn		
DNIR-507	The University of Sydney	The use of virus vectors for research in plants		Withdrawn	9-Sep-2011 22-Dec-2011	30-Sep-2014 31-Dec-2026
DNIR-508 DNIR-509	The University of Sydney Flinders University Griffith University Australian National University	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued		
DNIR-507 DNIR-508 DNIR-509 DNIR-510	The University of Sydney Flinders University Griffith University Australian National University Public and Environmental Health Reference	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines Investigation of replication and virulence determinants in	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross River virus	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued Withdrawn	22-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026
DNIR-508 DNIR-509	The University of Sydney Flinders University Griffith University Australian National University	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross Rivervirus and assay for resulting changes in genotypic or phenotypic traits in vivo.	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued		
DNIR-507 DNIR-508 DNIR-509 DNIR-510	The University of Sydney Flinders University Griffith University Australian National University Public and Environmental Health Reference	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines Investigation of replication and virulence determinants in	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross River virus	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued Withdrawn	22-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026
DNIR-508 DNIR-508 DNIR-509 DNIR-510 DNIR-511	The University of Sydney Finders University Griffith University Australian National University Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines Investigation of replication and virulence determinants in Alphaviruses	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross River virus and assay for resulting changes in genotypic or phenotypic traits in vivo. The aim of the proposed dealings is to generate replication defective (RD) GM HIV-1 viral particles pseudotyped with envelope proteins of different viruses and use them for in vitro studies to investigate how	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued Withdrawn Licence issued	22-Dec-2011 6-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026 31-Dec-2026
DNIR-507 DNIR-508 DNIR-509 DNIR-510	The University of Sydney Flinders University Griffith University Australian National University Public and Environmental Health Reference	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines Investigation of replication and virulence determinants in Alphaviruses Molecular Virology of HIV-1 Innovax ILT - Vaccine Seed Production	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross River virus and assay for resulting changes in genotypic or phenotypic traits in vivo. The aim of the proposed dealings is to generate replication defective (RD) GM HIV-1 viral particles pseudotyped with envelope proteins of	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued Withdrawn	22-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026
DNIR-507 DNIR-508 DNIR-509 DNIR-510 DNIR-511	The University of Sydney Finders University Griffith University Australian National University Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland Deakin University	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines Investigation of replication and virulence determinants in Alphaviruses Molecular Virology of HIV-1	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross River virus and assay for resulting changes in genotypic or phenotypic traits in vivo. The aim of the proposed dealings is to generate replication defective (RD) GM HIV-1 viral particles pseudotyped with envelope proteins of different viruses and use them for in vitro studies to investigate how	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued Withdrawn Licence issued	22-Dec-2011 6-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026 31-Dec-2026
DNIR-507 DNIR-508 DNIR-509 DNIR-510 DNIR-511	The University of Sydney Finders University Griffith University Australian National University Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland Deakin University	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines Investigation of replication and virulence determinants in Alphaviruses Molecular Virology of HIV-1 Innovax ILT - Vaccine Seed Production Identification of novel virulence determinants of pathogenic	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross River virus and assay for resulting changes in genotypic or phenotypic traits in vivo. The aim of the proposed dealings is to generate replication defective (RD) GM HIV-1 viral particles pseudotyped with envelope proteins of different viruses and use them for in vitro studies to investigate how these GM viruses gain entry into cells.	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued Withdrawn Licence issued	22-Dec-2011 6-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026 31-Dec-2026
DNIR-507 DNIR-508 DNIR-509 DNIR-510 DNIR-511 DNIR-511 DNIR-512 DNIR-513	The University of Sydney Flinders University Griffith University Australian National University Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland Deakin University Intervet Australia Pty Ltd	The use of virus vectors for research in plants Investigation of Dengue virus replication and pathogenesis The role of host and viral factors in chikungunya virus disease Recombinant Mucosal Vaccines Investigation of replication and virulence determinants in Alphaviruses Molecular Virology of HIV-1 Innovax ILT - Vaccine Seed Production Identification of novel virulence determinants of pathogenic Legionella pneumophila 130b using an avrulent environmental	The applicant aims to genetically modify structural proteins of Chikungunya virus to understand their role in viral infection. In this study, the applicant plans to genetically modify proteins implicated in replication and virulence of pathogenic Ross River virus and assay for resulting changes in genotypic or phenotypic traits in vivo. The aim of the proposed dealings is to generate replication defective (RD) GM HIV-1 viral particles pseudotyped with envelope proteins of different viruses and use them for in vitro studies to investigate how these GM viruses gain entry into cells. The applicant proposes to use GM Legionella to identify and analyse virulence determinants from L pneumophila. The applicant proposes to conduct a human nutritional study to	Withdrawn Withdrawn Licence issued Withdrawn Licence issued Surrendered Withdrawn	22-Dec-2011 6-Dec-2011 23-Dec-2011	31-Dec-2026 31-Dec-2026 11-Jan-2018
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This study aims to test an in vitro model for HIV gene therapy, by

DNIR-527	The University of Melbourne	Influenza A virus PB1-F2 protein: A virulence factor and initiator of inflammation Evaluation of a cytolysin expressed in Corynebacterium	In this study, the applicants will use GM Influenza A virus to study the effect of PB1-F2 on the host response to influenza infection. The applicant proposes to evaluate a cytolysin expressed in	Licence issued	4-Jun-2013	7-Jun-2028
DNIR-528	Zoetis Australia Research & Manufacturing Pty Ltd	glutamicum	Corynebacterium glutamicum The aim of this dealing is to generate GM Vaccinia virus and GM lentiviral	Surrendered	10-May-2013	13-Apr-2016
DNIR-529	University of South Australia	Recombinant Viral Vaccines to Treat and Prevent Cancer, Allergy and Infectious Diseases	vectors and evaluate their efficacy as vaccine candidates against target antigens. DNIP 529, 520 and 521 applications considered together and issued as	Licence issued	28-May-2013	30-Sep-2028
DNIR-530	University of South Australia	Recombinant Viral Vaccines to Treat and Prevent Peanut Allergy		Integrated into DNIR-529		
DNIR-531	University of South Australia	Recombinant viral vaccines to treat and prevent skin cancer	DNIR 529, 530 and 531 applications considered together and issued as one licence - DNIR 529.	Integrated into DNIR-529		
DNIR-532	University of New South Wales	HCV founder virus evolution: evolution and vaccine targets	The aim of the dealings is to use genetically modified HIV to study the evolution of Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) during infection. DNIR 532 and 533 applications considered together and issued as one	Surrendered Integrated into	4-Jul-2013	26-Jul-2017
DNIR-533	University of New South Wales	HCV founder viruses as vaccine targets: vector LucR-E- A Phase 1 study of haploidentical haematopoitic stem cell	licence - DNIR 532.	DNIR-532		
		transplantation with add-back of donor T cells transduced with inducible caspase 9 suicide gene in patients with poor risk				
DNIR-534	QIMR Berghofer	haematological malignancies		Withdrawn		
DNIR-535	Griffith University	Investigation of malaria parasite proteins	The aim of the dealings is to use genetically modified Plasmodium species to investigate the function of Plasmodium proteins.	Licence issued	26-Aug-2013	31-Aug-2028
		Clinical study of the efficacy and safety of intra-tumoural	The aim of the dealings is to investigate the efficacy and safety of intra- tumoural injection of genetically modified ASN-002 in basal cell			
DNIR-536	Ascend Biopharmaceuticals Pty Ltd	injection of ASN-002 in basal cell carcinoma	carcinoma in a clinical study.	Licence issued	29-Oct-2013	5-Nov-2028
DAUID 507	ooine.	The molecular basis of the pathogenicity of Newcastle disease	The aim of the dealings is to generate and use GM ND viruses to study the role of individual ND viral genes, or combinations of genes and			
DNIR-537	CSIRO	in chickens	determine their role in the pathogenicity of the disease. The aim of the dealings is to use GM lentiviruses based on Human	Expired	2-Dec-2013	31-Jan-2019
DNIR-538	University of New South Wales	HIV biology	immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and Simian immunodeficiency virus to study aspects of HIV biology.	Licence issued	4-Jul-2014	12-Jul-2029
			The aim of the dealings is to use genetically modified banana streak			
DAUD COO	Output de la	Development and use of a banana streak virus-based virus	virus-based vectors to introduce genetic material related to Fusarium disease development or resistance into banana plants in order to	C	6-Jan-2014	44 1 0004
DNIR-539	Queensland University of Technology	vector to investigate banana-Fusarium interactions	identify key genes in banana-Fusarium interactions. The aim of the dealings use genetically modified lentiviral vectors to	Surrendered		11-Jun-2021
DNIR-540 DNIR-541	Flinders University Advanced Analytical Australia Pty Ltd	Mouse model for studies of B cells migration into the eye R & D for Norovirus and Hepatitis A.	study B-cell mediated inflammation in the eye.	Surrendered Withdrawn	17-Dec-2013	5-Aug-2016
DNIR-542	CSIRO	The molecular determinants of pathogenicity, tissue tropism and transmissibility of influenza A virus.	The aim of the dealings is to generate GM Influenza A viruses for the in vitro and in vivo study of viral genes and their role in disease.	Licence issued	30-Jan-2014	28-Feb-2029
DNIR-542	University of New South Wales	HIV Biology of Latency and Assembly	The aim of the dealing is to use GM RD HIV-1 to study its latency and assembly	Licence issued	21-Feb-2014	20-Feb-2029
DNIR-544	Western Sydney Local Health District	Plasmid ecology and microbial husbandry in the Enterobacteriaceae	assumity	Withdrawn	21-160-2014	20-1 60-2023
DIVIN-344	western sydney Local Health District	Using Aspergillus nidulans as a heterologous host for mining the		Withurawii		
DNIR-545	Australian National University	secondary metabolomes of fungal phytopathogens	The aim of the dealings is generate GM lentiviral vectors encoding the	Withdrawn		
DNIR-546	Macquarie University	Investigation of the role of glia in the control of blood pressure	light chain of tetanus toxin to investigate the role of glia in the control of blood pressure.	Expired	28-May-2014	31-May-2019
DNIR-547	Zoetis Australia Research & Manufacturing Pty Ltd		Evaluation of toxin expression in Pichia pastoris and Chinese hamster ovary cells (Cricetulus griseus).	Surrendered	14-Aug-2014	13-Apr-2016
DNIR-548	Zoetis Australia Research & Manufacturing Pty Ltd	Evaluation of toxin expression in Chinese hamster ovary cells (Cricetulus griseus)	DNIR 547 and 548 applications considered together and issues as one licence - DNIR-547.	Integrated into DNIR-547		
			The aim of the dealings is to use genetically modified Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the manufacturing of a foot rot vaccine for sheep and			
DNIR-549	Treidlia Biovet Pty Ltd	Manufacture of Foot Rot Vaccine for sheep and goats.	goats. The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified lentiviral vectors to	Licence issued	12-Sep-2014	12-Sep-2029
DNIR-550	Harry Perkins Institute of Medical Research	Generation of fluorescent lentiviral transduced tumour cell lines		Expired	2-Oct-2014	15-Oct-2019
D.U.D. 554			The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified HIV, which specifically infects rodents, to investigate the properties of new anti-viral			
DNIR-551	Monash University	Human Immunodeficiency Virus anti-viral development	drugs. The aim of the dealings is to use a GM mouse cell line (N11) that secrets a CM retroiting to secret and fundal extracts for actions.	Licence issued	2-Dec-2014	30-Nov-2029
DNIR-552	Western Sydney University	Use of N11 murine microglia for drug discovery	secretes a GM retrovirus to screen plant and fungal extracts for anti- inflammatory compounds.	Licence issued	19-Dec-2014	19-Dec-2029
DNIR-553	Australian National University	Assessing HIV vaccine efficacy	The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified HIV, which specifically infects rodents, to investigate the efficacy of HIV vaccines.	Surrendered	3-Dec-2014	4-Apr-2019
		Production and clinical trial of a genetically modified	The aim of the dealings is to assess genetically-modified Plasmodium falciparum for safety, immunogenicity and efficacy as a malaria vaccine			
DNIR-554	QIMR Berghofer	Plasmodium falciparum blood stage vaccine New studies on the virulence and physiology of Burkholderia	in healthy human volunteers. The aim of the dealings is to study virulence factors in GM B.	Expired	17-Feb-2015	17-Feb-2025
DNIR-555	Griffith University	pseudomallei	pseudomallei for the development of a diagnostic assay.	Expired	11-Jun-2015	11-May-2025
		Factors controlling developmental transitions in the fungus	The aim of the dealings is use genetically modified Candida albicans to identify and characterise factors and mechanisms that enable this			
DNIR-556	Monash University	Candida albicans	organism to produce pathogenic morphological structures. Project aim is to determine the bio distribution and potential toxic	Expired	17-Apr-2015	17-Apr-2025
DNIR-557	Monash University	An investigation of a single intranasal administration of the interferon alpha compound "DEF201" in longtail macaques.	effects of GM replication defective adenovirus DEF201 in fascicularis macaques	Expired	3-Jul-2015	3-Jul-2020
DNIR-558	The University of Melbourne	Generation of protein for structural studies of membrane-bound pore forming toxins	The aim of this study is to clone and express bacterial pore-forming toxin genes so as to purify the toxin proteins and carry out structural studies.	Licence issued	31-Jul-2015	4-Aug-2025
		Evaluation of the efficacy and safety in the treatment of solid	The aim of the dealings is to conduct clinical trials to study safety and			
DNIR-559	Amgen Australia Pty Ltd	tumours with talimogene laherparepvec	efficacy of a GMO in the treatment of different types of solid tumours. A project using chimeras of naturally occurring proteins for potential	Surrendered	4-Nov-2015	30-May-2024
DNIR-560	RMIT University	Generation of recombinant toxin molecules	therapeutic use. The aim of the dealings is to develop a GM Ross River Virus and conduct	Licence issued	10-Dec-2015	10-Dec-2025
		Development of an Alphaviral vector to deliver bioactive factors to bone. Potential use to treat diseases resulting in severe	in vitro and in vivo experiments to investigate its potential as a vector delivering bioactive factors to bone tissue and potentially treat bone or			
DNIR-561	Griffith University Centenary Institute of Cancer Medicine and Cell	reduction of bone density	joint diseases.	Licence issued	21-Dec-2015	22-Dec-2025
DNIR-562	Biology	Molecular changes and therapies for Hepatitis B virus infection	The applicant proposes to use GM P. nodorum in in vitro and in vivo	Withdrawn		
DNIR-563	Curtin University	Expression of genes from plant pathogenic fungi into a model fungus, Parastagonospora nodorum.	experiments to develop an understanding of fungal pathogenicity and fungicide resistance.	Licence issued	24-Jun-2016	24-Jun-2026
			The Phase I/IIa clinical trial would assess the safety and tolerability of			
		Phase I/lla Study of DVC1-0101 in subjects with intermittent	genetically modified (GM) Sendai virus as a therapeutic agent to stimulate the growth of new blood vessels in individuals who experience			
DNIR-564	CMAX Clinical Research Pty Ltd	claudication secondary to peripheral artery disease	limb pain as a result of peripheral artery disease. To use GM AAV to study changes in striated musculature when exposed	Surrendered	29-Apr-2016	6-Sep-2021
DNIR-565	Baker Heart & Diabetes Institute	Using adeno-associated virus vectors to study striated musculature and related tissues in vitro and in vivo	to single cytokines, to aid in development of treatment for muscle wasting caused by disease or injury.	Surrendered	21-Jul-2016	19-Jul-2019
		Biochemical Studies of Cholesterol Dependent Cytolysin	The aim of this study is to clone and express bacterial pore-forming toxin genes so as to purify the toxin proteins and analysed in vitro using			
DNIR-566	Monash University	Proteins	imaging and biophysical techniques. Use GM C. glutamicum to overexpress a genetically modified Anticalin	Licence issued	5-Aug-2016	5-Aug-2026
DNIR-567	Acura Bio Pty Ltd	Expression of PRS060 protein by recombinant Corynebacterium glutamicum		Expired	1-Sep-2016	1-Sep-2021
			The aim of the dealings is to use a genetically modified Cucumber mosaic virus vector to identify key genes related to virulence or			
DNIR-568	Queensland University of Technology	to investigate banana-Fusarium interactions	resistance in Fusarium wilt disease of banana.	Surrendered	29-Sep-2016	11-Jun-2021

		Gene therapy, Open-Label, Dose-escalation study of SPK-9001 (adeno-associated viral vector with human factor IX gene) in	This trial aims to assess the safety and tolerability of gene therapy treatment using a genetically modified adeno-associated viral vector			
DNIR-569	Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd	subjects with hemophilia B	encoding human Factor IX in patients with severe Hemophilia B Viral genes of family Filoviridae viruses will be examined to determine	Licence issued	8-Sep-2016	9-Sep-2026
DNIR-570	CSIRO	Characterisation of the Molecular Determinants of Host Responses and Pathogenicity of Filoviruses	their role in pathogenesis, host responses, host range, and cross- species transmission.	Licence issued	1-Mar-2017	1-Mar-2027
			This clinical trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of gene therapy			
	Women's and Children's Health Network	Phase I/II gene transfer clinical trial of scAAV9.U1a.hSGSH for	using a genetically modified adeno-associated viral vector encoding human sulfoglucosamine sulfohydrolase (SGSH) in paediatric patients			
DNIR-571	Incorporated	Mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS) IIIA	with mucopolysaccharidosis type IIIA (MPS IIIA) GM L. monocytogenes will be used to study the ability of gut-resident T	Surrendered	14-Mar-2017	20-Nov-2024
DNIR-572	The University of Queensland	Analyses of gut and systemic infection with recombinant listeria		Licence issued	13-Apr-2017	13-Apr-2027
		Molecular Biology of retroviral Replication, Pathogenesis and	To study molecular mechanisms regulating viral gene expression and function, to better understand molecular aspects of viral replication and			
DNIR-573 DNIR-574	The University of Melbourne The University of Melbourne	Productive Infection Examination of HIV Latent Infection	latency for development of therapeutics.	Licence issued Withdrawn	23-May-2017	23-May-2027
			To study immunological tolerance of transplanted organs in mice, using			
DNIR-575	The University of Sydney	Fine tuning transplantation tolerance with co-stimulatory molecules	GM AAV as a vector to express proteins that may enhance or block tissue acceptance in the liver of transplant recipients.	Licence issued	27-Jun-2017	27-Jun-2027
			GM Mycobacterium bovis BCG strains will be used to express known			
DAUD F70	In the Control of the	November of the improved to be added to the control of the control	immunogens and virulence factors of Mycobacterium tuberculosis to develop improved tuberculosis vaccine strains and test vaccination		0 Nov. 0047	2 Nov. 2027
DNIR-576	James Cook University	New strategies for improved tuberculosis vaccines	regimens in an animal model of human tuberculosis.	Licence issued	3-Nov-2017	3-Nov-2027
DAUD F77	DCI ODO Avesterlia Devidad	Gene-transfer, open-label, dose-escalation study of SPK-8011 [adeno-associated viral vector with B-domain deleted human	Gene therapy, open-label, dose-escalation study of SPK-8011 (recombinant adeno-associated viral vector with B-domain deleted	Cd	47 Nov. 2047	24 0-+ 2022
DNIR-577 DNIR-578	PSI CRO Australia Pty Ltd	factor VIII gene] in individuals with hemophilia A A recombinant viral vaccine vector platform to produce	human factor VIII gene) in subjects with haemophilia A To study the efficacy and safety of a GM viral vaccine vector to produce polyclonal antibodies in milk and eggs	Surrendered Licence issued	17-Nov-2017 20-Dec-2017	31-Oct-2023 20-Dec-2027
DINIK-378	University of South Australia	polyclonal antibodies in milk and egg. Investigating the mode of action of novel drug leads against	GM Giardia duodenalis will be used to study the mode of action of novel anti-Giardia drug candidates and the role of specific G. duodenalis	Licence issued	20-Dec-2017	20-Dec-2027
DNIR-579	Griffith University	Giardia duodenalis	proteins in mediating their effect.	Licence issued	13-Dec-2017	13-Dec-2027
DNIR-580	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	MVA-NP+M1: a new Influenza vaccine for use in human clinical trials	To assess the safety, tolerability, and efficacy of GM Vaccinia virus (MVA strain) in the prevention of influenza A This study aims to investigate the function of various genes and	Expired	23-Jan-2018	23-Jan-2023
			signalling pathways involved in heart development and regeneration. This project will test whether selected genes implicated in heart			
DNIR-581	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	Cardiac Regeneration	development are sufficient to promote cardiac regeneration in adult mice in vivo.	Licence issued	13-Apr-2018	13-Apr-2028
DIVIN-301	Fluidocti Officien 3 Nesearch marcute	Cardiac regeneration	This study aims to study the growth, spread and treatment response of	Electice issued	10-Api-2010	10-Api-2020
		Genetic manipulation of cells by viral transduction using in vivo	melanoma. The project will investigate the effect of silencing genes involved in cell growth or differentiation on the development of human			
DNIR-582	Monash University	models	melanoma tumours transplanted into mice.	Licence issued	10-May-2018	10-May-2028
		Phase 3 Study of ADXS11-001 Administered Following	The study drug, ADXS11-001 is a genetically modified Listeria monocytogenes encoding human papillomavirus antigen. The clinical			
DNIR-583	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Chemoradiation as Adjuvant Treatment for high risk Locally Advanced Cervical Cancer: AIM2CERV.	trial aims to treat subjects with high risk locally advanced cervical cancer following chemotherapy and radiotherapy.	Surrendered	16-May-2018	25-Nov-2019
			To test and optimise the fermentation conditions, and to manufacture			
DNIR-584	CSIRO	Large-scale fermentation of SCV vaccines.	large-scale (> 25 L) volumes of GM Vaccinia virus vaccines.	Surrendered	1-Jun-2018	15-Feb-2024
		Clinical Trial of an oncolytic vaccine for the treatment of cancers	The proposed clinical trial will investigate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of a two-component 'oncolytic vaccine' for the treatment of			
DNIR-585	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	caused by the human papilloma virus (HPV) A global study of a single one-time dose of AVXS-101 delivered	human cancers caused by high-risk Human Papilloma Virus (HPV).	Surrendered	23-Oct-2018	7-Dec-2022
		to paediatric patients with genetically diagnosed and pre- symptomatic Spinal Muscular Atrophy with multiple copies of	To use a recombinant AAV encoding the human survival motor neuron 1 (SMN1) gene to treat paediatric patients with Spinal Muscular Atrophy			
DNIR-586	The Children's Hospital Westmead	SMN2.	(SMA) before development of irreversible injury due to motor neuron loss. To investigate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of a recombinant $$	Expired	3-Aug-2018	3-Aug-2023
DNIR-587	GlaxoSmithKline Australia Pty Ltd	Clinical Trials with Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Investigational Vaccine ChAd155-RSV	ChAd155-RSV as a prophylactic vaccine for prevention of RSV lower respiratory tract infections in infants.	Expired	25-Sep-2018	25-Sep-2023
DNIR-588	Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd	Recombinant Respiratory Syncytial Viral Vaccine (Ad26.RSV.preF) for Clinical Studies	To assess the safety and tolerability a prophylactic RSV vaccine	Expired	20-Nov-2018	19-Nov-2023
		Using adeno-associated viral vectors to study striated	To use GM AAV to study changes in striated musculature when exposed to single cytokines, to aid in development of treatment for muscle			
DNIR-589	The University of Melbourne	musculature and related tissues in vitro and in vivo Development and use of Banana streak virus-based vectors to	wasting caused by disease or injury	Licence issued	3-Dec-2018	3-Dec-2028
DNIR-590	Queensland University of Technology	investigate banana-Fusarium interactions		Withdrawn		
DNID FOA	OIMD Developer	Virus-mediated approaches to examine cardiovascular disease	This study aims to determine the role of genes in the regulation of cardiac regeneration and disease by over expressing the genes in mice		10 1 0010	10 1 0000
DNIR-591	QIMR Berghofer	in vitro and in vivo	using adenovirus and adeno-associated virus vectors. To study the safety and efficacy of the GM HSV-1 in the treatment of	Licence issued	16-Jan-2019	16-Jan-2029
DNIR-592	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	An Oncolytic Immunotherapy Product for use in Clinical Trials	different solid tumour types, in combination with an anti-cancer drug	Expired	23-Jan-2019	23-Jan-2024
			This application aim to use a replication-defective (RD) lentivirus, encoding the fluorescent protein mCherry, to evaluate the use of			
DNIR-593	Hudson Institute of Medical Research	Endometrial MSC as a cell-based therapy for pelvic organ prolapse (POP) in an ovine model	endometrial mesenchymal stem cells (eMSC) in a cell-based therapy for Pelvic Organ Prolapse (POP).	Licence issued	25-Mar-2019	25-Mar-2029
			The GMO V160 is a conditionally replication defective cytomegalovirus			
		A cytomegalovirus prophylactic vaccine (V160) for use in clinica	(CMV) designed as a vaccine for prevention of CMV infection. The l intended clinical programme is to evaluate its efficacy in prevention of			
DNIR-594	Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd	trials	CMV infection in adults and children.	Expired	1-Apr-2019	1-Apr-2024
DNIR-595	Inghams Group Limited	US corn importation for Inghams to produce poultry feed	The applicant intends to import US corn, which is expected to contain GM grain, into Australia for processing to produce poultry feed.	Expired	23-May-2019	23-May-2024
DNIR-596	Ridley Corporation Limited	US corn importation for Ridley to produce stockfeed	The applicant intends to import US corn that may contain GM seed, into Australia for processing into stockfeed.	Expired	31-May-2019	31-May-2024
DNIR-597	Australian National University	Viral mediated approaches to examine cell growth and proliferation		Withdrawn		
		A Phase 1, double blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study	The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety of the GMOs when			
DNIR-598	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	to evaluate the safety and immunogenicity of Dengusiil in healthy adults	administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to measure the immune response and viraemia induced by the GMOs.	Expired	13-Aug-2019	13-Aug-2024
		A Phase 3, Open-Label, Randomized, Parallel Group Study to				
		Evaluate the Efficacy and Safety of Intrapleural Administration of Adenovirus-Delivered Interferon Alpha-2b (rAd-IFN) in	To study the safety and efficacy of the GMO in the treatment of			
DNIR-599	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	Combination with Celecoxib and Gemcitabine in Patients with Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma	malignant pleural mesothelioma, in combination with an anti-cancer drug.	Expired	1-Aug-2019	1-Aug-2024
DAUG CO.	Di-Marie Diagram	Studies to evaluate the efficacy and safety of BMN 270, an Adeno-Associated Virus vector-mediated gene transfer of	To assess the efficacy and safety of gene therapy treatment using a GM AAV vector encoding activated human factor VIII in adult patients with		00.4 :05:-	00.1
DNIR-600	BioMarin Pharmaceutical Australia Pty Ltd	human factor VIII in haemophilia A patients	severe Haemophilia A. To evaluate the safety of hacTPL III -12, delivered as a single infusion in	Licence issued	28-Aug-2019	28-Aug-2029
			To evaluate the safety of bacTRL-IL-12, delivered as a single infusion in adults with advanced solid tumours. Secondary objectives are to evaluate the effect of the GMO on tumour size, duration and overall			
DNIP.601	IOVIA DOS Dovi t-d	RacTDL.II. 12 Phase 1 Trial in Humana with Various C	evaluate the effect of the GMO on tumour size, duration and overall survival rates following infusion and the possible relationship between	Evnired	6-San 2010	6.Son 2024
DNIR-601 DNIR-602	IQVIA RDS Pty Ltd	BacTRL-IL-12 Phase 1 Trial in Humans with Various Cancers A clinical trial with a herpes simplex virus GMO (T3011) in patients with solid tumours.	glycemic exposure with tumoral colonisation and efficacy. To study the safety and tolerability of the GMO administered into tumours of cancer patients.	Expired Surrendered	6-Sep-2019 26-Sep-2019	6-Sep-2024 20-Jun-2024
DININ-002	TheraVir Pty Ltd	padents with soud tuffours.	tumours of cancer patients	oundiluered	26-Sep-2019	∠v-Jun-2024

			To use a genetically modified (GM) replication-defective lentivirus to express a therapeutic fusion protein, NgR(310)ecto-myc-Fc, in murine			
			haematopoietic stem cells (HSCs). The modified HSCs (free of virus) will be subsequently used to study the therapeutic benefits of NgR(310)ecto-			
DNIR-603	Monash University	Limiting EAE through transplantation of HSCs	myc-Fc in a mouse model of progressive multiple sclerosis Clinical trial to study the safety and tolerability use of a genetically	Licence issued	21-Oct-2019	21-Oct-2029
DNIR-604	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	in Patients with Solid Tumours (VG161)	modified Herpes Simplex Virus 1 (HSV-1), namely VG161, to treat advanced malignant solid tumours.	Expired	22-Oct-2019	22-Oct-2024
DNIR-605	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	Clinical evaluation of GT005 in patients with age-related macular degeneration	Clinical evaluation of GT005 in patients with age-related macular degeneration	Surrendered	8-Jan-2020	2-Apr-2024
		Clinical Study GO-004: An International Phase 1/2 Study of GRT-				
D		with Immune Checkpoint Blockade for Patients with Advanced	immunogenicity and early clinical activity of GRT-C901 and GRT-R902, a personalized neoantigen cancer vaccine, in combination with immune		15-Jan-2020	45.1 0005
DNIR-606	Peter Mac Callum Cancer Centre	Solid Tumors An oncolytic viral therapy V938 in combination with	checkpoint blockade in patients with advanced solid tumours.	Expired	15-Jan-2020	15-Jan-2025
DNIR-607	Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd	Pembrolizumab (MK-3475) for use in clinical trials. Clinical trials with a prophylactic influenza A/H3N2 live, M2-		Re-categorised		
DNIR-608	Clinical Network Services (CNS) Pty Ltd	deleted, intranasal vaccine (H3N2 M2SR) (with CCI)	Clinical trial to study the safety, tolerability and immunogenecity of	Re-categorised		
			genetically modified Chimpanzee adenovirus (ChAdOx1-HBV)and vaccinia virus (MVA-HBV), namely VTP-300, to treat patients with			
DNIR-609	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical Trials with Hepatitis Treatment Vaccine (VTP-300)	chronic hepatitis B infection.	Expired	24-Feb-2020	24-Feb-2025
			A Phase I, open label, single centre, single dose escalation study to investigate the safety, tolerability and immunogenicity of intra-muscular			
DNIR-610	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical Trials with Zika Chikungunya Vaccine (SCV1002)	administration of SCV1002 in adult healthy volunteers.	Expired	2-Mar-2020	2-Mar-2025
			The aim of this licence application is to examine the role of virulence factors from cancer-associated Helicobacter pylori in causing the			
			disease. The genetically modified (GM) H. pylori strains with and without introduced mutations in the virulence factors will be used for in vitro			
DNIR-611	Monash University	Understanding how Helicobacter pylori causes disease	(cell lines and primary cells) and in vivo (mice) studies.	Licence issued	11-Mar-2020	11-Mar-2030
			To generate cell culture derived hepatitis C virus (HCV) variants with different patient-derived viral envelopes. A secondary aim is to			
		Identification of protective anti-HCV antibodies in subjects that	characterise the infectivity and susceptibility to neutralisation by patient antibodies for each variant, and to study the fate of the virus in blood			
DNIR-612	University of New South Wales	clear infection to inform vaccine design	mononuclear cells and hepatocytes. To investigate horizontal transfer of antibiotic resistance genes in	Licence issued	8-May-2020	8-May-2030
DNIR-613	The University of Queensland	Antibiotic resistance gene transfer in bacteria from water sludge	environmental samples	Licence issued	28-May-2020	28-May-2030
			The aim of this licence application is to produce a good manufacturing practice (GMP) grade master cell bank of a genetically modified (GM)			
		Manufacture and characterisation of a P. falciparum NF54 Inducible Gametocyte Producer (NF54/iGP3) Master Cell Bank	Plasmodium parasite, P. falciparum NF54/iGP3 Clone 3, which produces high numbers of gametocytes in vivo in the presence of the			
DNIR-614	QIMR Berghofer	for use in Phase I Clinical Trials utilising the Induced Blood Stage Malaria Infection Model	antibiotic, trimethoprim and to assess its safety and infectivity in pre- clinical studies.	Licence issued	18-May-2020	18-May-2026
DNIR-615	Novartis Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Limited	Supply of Luxturna (voretigene neparvovec) for the treatment of patients.	To supply Luxturna to patients suffering from bi-allelic RPE65 mutations	Licence issued	26-May-2020	
DNIR-616	The University of Queensland	Understanding influenza virus pathogenesis	To identify the role of specific mutations in Influenza A virus that increase disease severity	Licence issued	11-Jun-2020	11-Jun-2030
DNIR-617	Griffith University	GM HIV that are more infectious than wild type HIV	To assess infectiousness of GM HIV. To determine if new genetic technologies, namely gene drives, can be	Licence issued	9-Jun-2020	9-Jun-2030
DNIR-618	CSIRO	Genetic control strategies for plant pathogenic fungi CodaVax-H1N1, a live-attenuated vaccine for the use in clinical	used to control plant pathogenic fungi Treatment of breast cancer with a codon-optimised live attenuated	Surrendered	16-Jul-2020	28-Jun-2023
DNIR-619	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	trials for breast cancer	genetically modified influenza virus This licence is for the treatment of non-tuberculous Mycobacteria	Licence issued	28-Jul-2020	28-Jul-2025
DNIR-620	Western Sydney Local Health District	Therapeutic treatment of patients with Mycobacterium abscessus disease	infection (NTM) with a cocktail of naturally occurring and a GM bacteriophage	Expired	22-Apr-2020	22-Apr-2025
D. 110 004		Supply of Zolgensma (Onasemnogene abeparvovec) for the	This licence authorises the commercial supply of Zolgensma to patients			
DNIR-621	Novartis Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Limited	treatment of patients with spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)	suffering from spinal muscular atrophy rBCG Vaccine to reduce incidence and severity of COVID-19 infection in	Licence issued	24-Aug-2020	
DNIR-622	Accelagen Pty Ltd	rBCG Vaccine to reduce incidence and severity of COVID-19 infection in high risk groups	high risk groups such as Health care workers and people over 65 with co- morbidity	Expired	9-Jun-2020	9-Jun-2022
		A Phase 1/2 Ascending Dose Study to Evaluate the Safety and Effects on Progranulin Levels of a GMO in Patients with Fronto-	This trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of gene therapy treatment using a genetically-modified adeno-associated viral vector			
DNIR-623	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Temporal Dementia with Progranulin Mutations (FTD-GRN) A clinical trial to evaluate the efficacy and safety of PF-	encoding human progranulin in patients with frontotemporal dementia.	Licence issued	21-Sep-2020	21-Sep-2025
DNIR-624	Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd	07055480 in adult male participants with moderately severe to severe haemophilia A	Phase III clinical trial with replication deficient GM AAV carrying human factor VIII to treat haemophilia patients	Licence issued	8-Oct-2020	8-Oct-2025
DIVIN-024	Tilzer Australia Tity Eta	Severe naemophica A	To assess the efficacy, safety and tolerability of a single injection of BMN	Licence issued	0-001-2020	0-001-2025
		Clinical trial to determine the safety and efficacy of BMN 307, an				
DNIR-625	BioMarin Pharmaceutical Australia Pty Ltd	phenylalanine hydroxylase in patients with phenylketonuria	with baseline plasma Phe > 600 μmol/L.	Surrendered	17-Sep-2020	30-May-2024
DNIR-626	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical Trials with a SARS-CoV-2 oral vaccine (bacTRL-Spike)	Clinical Trials with a SARS-CoV-2 oral vaccine (bacTRL-Spike)	Licence issued	10-Aug-2020	10-Aug-2025
	South Australian Health and Medical Research		The aim of this licence application is to develop a genetic method to control invasive pest mice by spreading mutations that cause infertility,			
DNIR-627	Institute	Generating mouse models with altered inheritance and sex bias Identification of molecular factors that influence reassortment		Licence issued	25-Sep-2020	25-Sep-2025
DNIR-628	The University of Melbourne	and pandemic potential of highly pathogenic avian influenza H5 viruses		Licence issued	30-Sep-2020	30-Sep-2025
			This trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of gene therapy			
DNIR-629	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical trial with ICM-203 for the treatment of arthritis	treatment using a genetically-modified adeno-associated viral vector encoding transcription factor Nkx3.2 in patients with arthritis.	Licence issued	15-Jan-2021	15-Jan-2026
			The aim of this dealing is to manufacture and supply frozen bulk drug substance for subsequent formulation operations as part of an overall			
DNIR-630	CSL Innovation Pty Ltd	Human Embryonic Kidney 293 cells containing recombinant ChAdOx1 vector expressing COVID-19 insert	program for the supply of recombinant antigen for the prevention of COVID-19.	Surrendered	2-Nov-2020	28-Feb-2023
DNIR-631	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	SARS-CoV-2 prophylactic vaccine for use in clinical trials	This Phase I trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of a vaccine candidate against disease caused by SARS-CoV-2.	Surrendered	28-Jan-2021	20-Apr-2022
		Family and Fill Fill Co. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	The aim of this dealing is to receive frozen bulk drug substance for subsequent formulation and fill finish operations as part of an overall			
DNIR-632	Seqirus Pty Ltd	Formulation and Fill/Finish of a recombinant ChAdOx1 vector that expresses the spike protein of SARS-CoV-2	program for the supply of recombinant antigen for the prevention of COVID-19.	Surrendered	14-Dec-2020	11-May-2023
DNID CCC	Murdoch Childron's December 1	Administration of AVXS-101 to patients with genetically	To assess the safety and efficacy of a recombinant AAV serotype 9	Linencalia	20 M 0004	20 14 2225
DNIR-633	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	diagnosed spinal muscular atrophy Dissecting COVID-19 pathogenesis by advanced molecular	vector encoding SMN1 in infants with Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) To study viral replication, pathogenesis, immune evasion,	Licence issued	29-Mar-2021	29-Mar-2026
DNIR-634	The University of Queensland	Dissecting COVID-19 pathogenesis by advanced molecular technologies	immunomodulation and drug susceptibility by assessing the effects of targeted mutations in various proteins. This trial aims to assess the safety tolerability and pharmacodynamics.	Licence issued	10-Jun-2021	10-Jun-2026
DNIR-635	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical Trials with 4D-310 for the treatment of Fabry Disease	This trial aims to assess the safety, tolerability, and pharmacodynamics of 4D-310 in patients with Fabry disease	Licence issued	4-Jun-2021	4-Jun-2026
DNIR-636	Avance Clinical Pty Ltd	Clinical trial to determine the safety and efficacy of SC-Ad6-1, an adenovirus based COVID-19 vaccine	To assess the safety, tolerability, immunogenicity and efficacy of SC-Ad6- 1 as a second generation, prophylactic vaccine to prevent COVID-19.	Licence issued	15-Apr-2021	15-Apr-2026
5111111000		A recombinant COVID-19 vaccine (Ad26.COV2.S) for use in	To conduct clinical trials to assess the safety, reactogenicity and immunogenicity of the recombinant COVID-19 vaccine (Ad26.COV2.S)	_iconoc issueu	20 rpr-2021	10 mpi-2020
DNIR-637	Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd	clinical trials	in pregnant women and children. To test the safety and efficacy of a recombinant AAV serotype 5 vector	Licence issued	5-May-2021	5-May-2026
DNIR-638	Avance Clinical Pty Ltd	Serotype 5 Based Recombinant Vector Encoding the Human CYP21A2 Gene to treat Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia	encoding the human CYP21A2 gene in participants with Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia (CAH).	Licence issued	30-Jun-2021	30-Jun-2026
D.1111-030		2 22 a Gana to treat Gongerittat Autoliat Hyperplasia		Transce to an Err	00 Jun-2021	55-9un-2020

			Identify genetic determinants to dengue and chikungunya viruses that			
DNIR-639	Monash University	Investigating the genetic basis of dengue and chikungunya virus resistance to Wolbachia	might confer resistance to the antiviral effects of Wolbachia in infected mosquitoes	Licence issued	25-Aug-2021	25-Aug-2026
DNIR-640	Treidlia Biovet Pty Ltd	Generation of recombinant toxin molecules from Clostridium tetani	To manufacture recombinant tetanus toxins for study of their potential to treat muscular disorders	Licence issued	20-Aug-2021	20-Aug-2026
			To manufacture recombinant ApxIVA toxins in E. coli for use in a vaccine against swine pleuropneumoniae, caused by Actinobacillus			
DNIR-641	Treidlia Biovet Pty Ltd	Generation of recombinant toxin molecules Recombinant production of Neosaxitoxin and Microcystin in E.	pleuropneumoniae	Licence issued	25-Aug-2021	25-Aug-2026
DNIR-642	Diagnostic Technology Pty Limited	coli		Withdrawn		
DNID C42	Ceffith University	Development of heterologous viral envelope pseudotyped virus	The aim of this application is to develop a platform using heterologous viral envelope pseudotyping i.e., the surface of an un-related virus will be decorated with viral surface proteins of pandemic viral pathogens, to examine the function of the surface (envelope or spike) proteins of pandemic viral pathogens.	License issued	20 San 2021	29 Can 2026
DNIR-643	Griffith University	platforms for research in emerging viral pathogens		Licence issued	28-Sep-2021	28-Sep-2026
		Establish safety and efficacy of PF- 06939926 in patients with	To test the safety and efficacy of a recombinant AAV serotype 9 vector encoding a miniaturised version of human dystrophin protein in			
DNIR-644 DNIR-645	Pfizer Australia Pty Ltd Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy Viral immune activating agents as cancer therapeutics	participants with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD).	Licence issued Withdrawn	8-Sep-2021	8-Sep-2028
			The aim of this licence application is to develop and explore split gene			
DNIR-646	The University of Melbourne	Two types of split gene drive for D.melanogaster lab experiments	drive designs to confer sex biased progeny and insecticide sensitivity in model organism Drosophila as a proof-of-concept.	Licence issued	11-Oct-2021	11-Oct-2026
		A Phase I/II, multicenter, open-label, single dose, dose ranging study to assess the safety and tolerability of ST-920, an AAV2/6				
DNIR-647	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	human alpha galactosidase A gene therapy in subjects with Fabry disease.	Clinical trial to assess safety and tolerability of ST-920, an AAV2/6 human alpha-galactosidase A gene therapy to treat Fabry disease	Surrendered	21-Oct-2021	28-May-2025
Ditili 047	ricapace radicalarly Eta		To assess the safety, tolerability and confirm the dose of FLT180a, a	darrandarda	21 000 2021	20 Tidy 2020
		Adeno-associated virus vector-mediated gene transfer of the	gene therapy treatment for adult male patients with haemophilia B using			
DNIR-648	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	Padua variant of human Factor IX in patients with haemophilia B	GM AAV encoding the Padua variant for human Factor IX	Licence issued	1-Nov-2021	1-Nov-2026
DNIR-649	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Use of the inducible gametocyte producing P. falciparum line NF54/iGP3 for controlled human malaria infection model	Characterise the GM Plasmodium falciparum NF54/iGP Clone 3 in vitro in cell lines and in vivo in a mouse model using trimethoprim-induced gametocytes to assess safety and infectivity.	Licence issued	10-Jan-2022	10-Jan-2027
		Clinical trial of a live attenuated tetravalent Dengue vaccine	The proposed clinical trial will evaluate the safety and tolerability of the GMOs when administered to healthy adults. Secondary objectives are to			
DNIR-650	Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia) Pty Ltd	(V181) in adults	measure the immune response induced by the GMOs. To determine safety, tolerability and efficacy of GM AAV (BMN-331) in	Licence issued	1-Mar-2022	1-Mar-2027
DNIR-651	BioMarin Pharmaceutical Australia Pty Ltd	Clinical Trial with BMN 331 in patients with Hereditary Angioedema	patients with Hereditary Angioedema who are deficient in C1 Esterase Inhibitor (C1-INH).	Surrendered	30-Mar-2022	20-Sep-2024
DIVIN-031	bioriann'i namiaceuticat Australia i ty Etu	A Phase 3 clinical trial with DTX301 in patients with late-onset		Sarrendered	30-1101-2022	20-3cp-2024
DNIR-652	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	omithine transcarbamylase deficiency	Clinical trial to test the safety and efficacy of DTX301 in participants with late-onset ornithine transcarbamylase deficiency	Licence issued	11-Apr-2022	11-Apr-2027
			The purpose of the clinical trials is to study the safety, tolerability and			
DNIR-653	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	An Oncolytic Immunotherapy Product for use in Clinical Trials	efficacy of the GMO in the treatment of mucosal solid tumours, as a single agent or in combination with anticancer drugs. To study virus host-range, virulence, replicative fitness, transmissibility and susceptibility to antiviral drugs and vaccines, with the aim of	Surrendered	2-May-2022	3-Jun-2022
DAUD OF A	The Heimerich of Malhaman	Hadasaka dia a Casa minus infantisa and dia ana	developing better vaccines, antiviral drugs, and other treatment		17-Oct-2022	17.0-+ 0007
DNIR-654	The University of Melbourne	Understanding Coronavirus infection and disease	regimens for COVID-19. This licence is for the treatment of non-tuberculous Mycobacteria	Licence issued	17-UCI-2022	17-Oct-2027
DNIR-655	The Alfred Hospital	Phage therapy for severe lung disease due to Mycobacterium abscessus	infection (NTM) with a cocktail of naturally occurring and a GM bacteriophage	Licence issued	12-Jul-2022	12-Jul-2027
DNIR-656	BioCina Pty Ltd	Expression and Purification of fusion protein targeting tumor specific cells	Large-scale production of GM E. coli expressing a fusion protein for use in cancer treatment.	Licence issued	12-Jan-2023	12-Jan-2028
			The proposed Phase 1 clinical trial will evaluate the safety,			
DNIR-657	Seqirus Pty Ltd	Influenza prophylactic vaccine for use in a clinical trial	reactogenicity and immunogenicity of a self-amplifying mRNA vaccine. This licence authorises the testing of cell lines generated using early	Licence issued	23-Jan-2023	23-Jan-2028
DNIR-658	Flinders University	Testing of immortalised cell lines for replication competent retroviruses	retroviral vector technology to demonstrate that they are free of replication competent retroviruses.	Licence issued	23-Feb-2023	23-Feb-2028
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		To supply etranacogene dezaparvovec to patients suffering from			
DNIR-659	CSL Innovation Pty Ltd	Supply of etranacogene dezaparvovec for the treatment of people with haemophilia B	haemophilia B with an increased bleeding tendency due to deficiency of the blood coagulation protein FIX (congenital Factor IX)	Licence issued	5-Apr-2023	
DIVINOSS	CSE IIIIOVALION I IV ELU			Ercerrce issued	3-Api-2023	
DNIR-660	The University of Queensland	Use of recombinant Adeno-associated viral vectors to enable evaluation of human vaccine responses in mice	To use genetically modified adeno-associated viral vectors expressing human cytokines to study immunological responses in mice	Licence issued	19-Apr-2023	19-Apr-2028
DNIR-661	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical trial of genetically modified HSV-1-based vector for the treatment of solid tumours	participants with solid tumours.	Licence issued	21-Apr-2023	21-Apr-2028
			To produce purified holocyclotoxins for assessment of antibody			
DNIR-662	Australian Veterinary Serum Laboratories	pastoris for development of therapeutics	therapies and vaccine development for companion animals.	Licence issued	19-May-2023	19-May-2028
		A Clinical Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of ETX101, an AAV9-Delivered Gene Therapy in Children with SCN1A	This clinical trial aims to assess the safety and efficacy of gene therapy treatment using a genetically modified adeno-associated viral vector in children with SCN1A-positive Dravet Syndrome. The GMD is designed to increase expression of the SCN1A gene in certain types of brain cells,			
DNIR-663	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	positive Dravet Syndrome.	correcting the genetic defect which causes this disorder.	Licence issued	6-Jun-2023	6-Jun-2028
DNIR-664	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical trial of genetically modified adeno-associated virus for the treatment of autosomal dominant optic atrophy (ADOA)	To evaluate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of gene therapy in adult patients with ADOA associated with OPA1 mutation	Licence issued	16-Jun-2023	16-Jun-2028
DNIR-665	South Australian Health and Medical Research Institute	Generating mouse models with altered inheritance	The aim of this project is to develop a gene drive in a laboratory to control invasive pest mice.	Licence issued	26-Jun-2023	26-Jun-2028
			This clinical trial is to test the safety and preliminary efficacy of a single, unilateral, intravitreal injection of an AAV2 vector therapy in subjects			
DNIR-666	Beyond Drug Development Pty Ltd	Clinical evaluation of VOY-101 in patients with advanced non- neovascular age-related macular degeneration	with late-stage non-neovascular age-related macular degeneration (AMD).	Licence issued	3-Jul-2023	3-Jul-2028
230	,		To perform a broad range of clinical trials targeting genetic disorders caused by mutations affecting a single gene within a hospital setting.			12. 2020
DNID CCT	The Children's Hermital Manta	Clinical trials involving Adeno-associated virus (AAV) gene	The trials use AAV viral vectors for in vivo administration of gene therapy	Licons	10 4 0000	10 4 0000
DNIR-667	The Children's Hospital Westmead	A Phase 3, Multinational, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-	in eligible patients	Licence issued	10-Aug-2023	10-Aug-2028
		Controlled Systemic Gene Transfer Therapy Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of SRP9001 in Non-Ambulatory and				
DNIR-668	Parexel International Pty Ltd	Ambulatory Subjects With Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy (ENVISION)	Clinical trial for patient with Duchennes Muscular Dystrophy (DMD)	Licence issued	22-Aug-2023	22-Aug-2028
		Clinical trial of genetically modified adeno-associated virus for treatment of geographic atrophy secondary to age-related	To evaluate the efficacy and safety of the GMO in patients with			
DNIR-669	Janssen-Cilag Pty Ltd	macular degeneration	geographic atrophy secondary to age-related macular degeneration. Laboratory-contained research to develop a gene drive mosquito to	Licence issued	7-Aug-2023	7-Aug-2028
DNIR-670	QIMR Berghofer	Gene Drive Anopheles farauti	control the spread of malaria	Licence issued	25-Aug-2023	25-Aug-2028
DAUG OF	Northern (Australia 200	Clinical trial with a genetically modified Salmonella	To evaluate the safety and preliminary anti-tumour activity of the GMO in	lian.	1.0	10 5
DNIR-671	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Typhimurium in patients with advanced solid tumours.	patients with metastatic or unresectable solid tumours. To evaluate the safety and tolerability of CAR-T cell therapy in patients	Licence issued	1-Sep-2023	1-Sep-2028
DNIR-672	IQVIA RDS Pty Ltd	Clinical trial with Anti-CD19 CAR-T cell therapy in patients with relapsed/refractory B cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma	with B cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma to determine the maximum tolerated dose and recommended Phase 2 dose	Licence issued	11-Sep-2023	11-Sep-2028
		Molecular determinants of Newcastle disease virus	This project aims to investigate the molecular basis for differences in pathogenicity associated with Newcastle disease virus strains of			
DNIR-673	CSIRO	pathogenicity Use of mouse lines containing diphtheria toxin genes for	differing virulence.	Licence issued	25-Sep-2023	25-Sep-2028
DNIR-674 DNIR-675	Monash University Monash University	cardiovascular studies Use of DTA transgenic mice		Withdrawn Withdrawn		
		-				

		DTA Expressing Strains for Investigating Immunity in Mucosal				
DNIR-676	Monash University	Sites Use of transgenic mice expressing Diphtheria Toxin A to study	To use DTA expressing mice to study the roles of various cellular	Withdrawn		
DNIR-677	Monash University	roles of various cellular processes	processes.	Licence issued	31-Oct-2023	31-Oct-2028
DNIR-678	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical trial of a genetically modified alphavirus replicon-based vaccine for the prevention of influenza	Clinical trial of a genetically modified alphavirus replicon-based vaccine for the prevention of influenza To determine the safety and tolerability of the GMO alone, and in	Licence issued	18-Oct-2023	18-Oct-2028
DNIR-679	Advanced Clinical Pty Ltd	Clinical trial with a genetically modified alphavirus for the treatment of patients with advanced solid tumours. Vaccinia vectored vaccines against SABS CoV-2 and Influenza A	combination with a checkpoint inhibitor, in patients with advanced cancers. Assessment of MVA vectored vaccine against IAV and SARS-Cov-2 in	Licence issued	30-Nov-2023	30-Nov-2028
DNIR-680	The University of Melbourne	virus	mice.	Licence issued	12-Dec-2023	12-Dec-2028
		Testing of mammalian cell lines for replication competent virus	The purpose of the proposed dealings is to enable the testing of historically generated cell lines, previously transduced with early viral vector technology, with no historical documentation to demonstrate			
DNIR-681	The University of Adelaide	associated with prior genetic modification	that they are free of replication competent viruses	Licence issued	16-Jan-2024	16-Jan-2029
DNIR-682	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical evaluation of RZ-004 in patients with retinitis pigmentosa	To test the safety and preliminary efficacy of subretinal injection of the gene therapy RZ-004 in participants with retinitis pigmentosa caused by an autosomal dominant RHO mutation.	Licence issued	10-Jan-2024	10-Jan-2029
DNIR-683	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Clinical trial of genetically modified alphavirus replicon-based vaccine for the prevention of COVID-19	To evaluate the safety, reactogenicity and immunogenicity of a self-	Licence issued	12-Jan-2024	12-Jan-2029
DIVIN-003	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	vaccine for the prevention of COVID-19	amplifying mRNA vaccine against COVID-19	Licence issued	12-Jan-2024	12-3811-2029
DNIR-684	Beyond Drug Development Pty Ltd	A clinical trial to evaluate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of an AAV9 gene therapy in female children with Rett Syndrome	The purpose of the proposed trial is to assess the safety, tolerability and efficacy of an AAV9 based gene therapy in female children aged 4-10 years with Rett Syndrome, associated with mutation in MECP2 gene.	Licence issued	15-Jan-2024	15-Jan-2029
DNIR-685	Bioproperties Pty Ltd	Formulation and filling of a genetically modified infectious laryngotracheitis virus for the vaccination of chickens	The purpose of this application is to formulate and fill the genetically modified vaccine for infectious laryngotracheitis virus (ILTV) in chickens.	Licence issued	13-Feb-2024	13-Feb-2029
DAUD COC	The Heimerite of Mallerman	in vitro and in vivo studies with feline alphaherpesvirus-1 derived	The applicant aims to construct and investigate the effectiveness of immunocontraceptives based on feline herpesvirus-1, using in vitro and vitro a		20.4 2004	20.40000
DNIR-686	The University of Melbourne	Expression and Purification of an Epsilon Toxin (ETX) Vaccine	in vivo models. The aim of this project is to express a genetically modified (GM) toxin in	Licence issued	30-Apr-2024	30-Apr-2029
DNIR-687	Bio Cina Pty Ltd	Candidate	GM E. coli. The purified toxin will be evaluated as a vaccine candidate. A clinical trial to assess the safety and effect of INT2104, a lentiviral vector with a transgene for a chimeric antigen receptor specific for	Licence issued	7-Mar-2024	7-Mar-2029
DNIR-688	Premier Research (Australia) Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of a treatment for refractory/relapsing B-cell malignancies	CD20, in a broad population of patients with relapsed or refractory B-cell malignancies	Licence issued	17-Apr-2024	17-Apr-2029
			This study aims to develop a third-generation lentivirus based genomic platform which can be utilised to identify the bioactive proteins of			
DNIR-689	The University of Sydney	An intracellular VenomORF library expression platform	therapeutic value from venom of different organisms	Licence issued	12-Apr-2024	12-Apr-2029
DNIR-690	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of a genetically modified adeno-associated virus in patients with peripheral manifestations of Gaucher Disease	Clinical trial of genetically modified adeno-associated virus for the treatment of patients with Gaucher disease	Licence issued	19-Mar-2024	19-Mar-2029
			To develop a proof of concept study to explore the split gene drive homing mechanism in zebrafish. The intent is to apply the results of this			
DNIR-691	The University of Melbourne	Demonstration of split gene drives in zebrafish	study to control invasive vertebrate species by conferring sex bias.	Licence issued	11-Jun-2024	11-Jun-2029
		A clinical trial to evaluate the safety and efficacy of SPK-8011 in	The purpose of the proposed trial is to assess the safety, tolerability and efficacy of an AAV based gene therapy in adults suffering with severe or			
DNIR-692	Syneos Health Australia Pty Ltd	adults with severe or moderately severe haemophilia A Clinical trial of etranacogene dezaparvovec in patients with	moderately severe haemophilia A. The purpose of this clinical trial is to evaluate the safety and efficacy of	Surrendered	25-Jun-2024	21-May-2025
DNIR-693	CSL Innovation Pty Ltd	haemophilia B	the GMO in adults with haemophilia B The aim of this project is to manufacture the GMO, formulate and fill the	Licence issued	3-May-2024	3-May-2029
DNIR-694	Bio Cina Pty Ltd	whole cell vaccine Supply of Roctavian (valoctocogene roxaparvovec) to patients	GM vaccine for subsequent inactivation.	Licence issued	22-Apr-2024	22-Apr-2029
DNIR-695	BioMarin Pharmaceutical Australia Pty Ltd	with severe haemophilia A		Surrendered	20-Aug-2024	20-Nov-2024
DNIR-696	Seqirus Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of self-amplifying mRNA vaccine for pandemic influenza	The proposed Phase 1 clinical trial will evaluate the safety, reactogenicity and immunogenicity of a self-amplifying mRNA vaccine The aim of this dealing is to destroy stored stocks of plasmids encoding	Licence issued	31-Jul-2024	31-Jul-2029
DNIR-697	Public and Environmental Health Reference Laboratories, Pathology Queensland	Destruction of nonviable Hendra virus (HeV) and Australian Bat Lyssavirus (ABLV) recombinant plasmids A Clinical Trial of ECUR-506 for treatment of Males with	full length, partial or GM Hendra virus and Australian Bat Lyssa Virus genomes	Licence issued	10-Sep-2024	10-Sep-2025
DNIR-698	Murdoch Children's Research Institute	Genetically Confirmed Neonatal Onset Ornithine Transcarbamylase (OTC) Deficiency	The proposed clinical trial will evaluate safety and efficacy of an AAV-based gene therapy for the treatment of OTC deficiency.	Licence issued	19-Sep-2024	19-Sep-2029
D. 110 000	0 : 0 !!!	Clinical trial of a multi-valent self-amplifying mRNA vaccine for	The proposed Phase 2 clinical trial will evaluate the safety,			
DNIR-699	Seqirus Pty Ltd	the prevention of Influenza	reactogenicity and immunogenicity of a self-amplifying mRNA vaccine The purpose of this clinical trial is to evaluate the efficacy, safety, and	Licence issued	31-Jul-2024	31-Jul-2029
DNIR-700	TFS Trial Form Support Australia Pty Ltd	Clinical trial of AAV gene therapy (AGTC-501) for X-linked retinitis pigmentosa	tolerability of subretinal injection of the gene therapy AGTC-501 in male participants with X linked retinitis pigmentosa	Licence issued	3-Oct-2024	3-Oct-2029
DNIR-701	Source Certain Operations Pty Ltd	Import of corn, soybean and wheat	Import of corn, soybean and wheat seed samples for provenance analysis.	Licence issued	10-Oct-2024	10-Oct-2029
DNIR-702	The University of Adelaide	Engineering bacteria to make bacterial toxins for cancer treatment	Expression of recombinant bacterial toxins in GM E. coli to reduce the viability of bowel cancer cells.	Licence issued	17-Oct-2024	17-Oct-2029
		A clinical trial of UB-VV111 in combination with rapamycin for	To assess the safety, efficacy, and pharmacokinetics/pharmacodynamics of UB-VV111 in combination			
DNIR-703	Medpace Australia Pty Ltd	the treatment of relapsed/refractory CD19+ hematologic malignancies	with and without rapamycin in adult subjects with relapsed/refractory CD19+ hematologic malignancies.	Licence issued	19-Nov-2024	19-Nov-2029
		A Clinical Trial of ECUR-506 for treatment of Males with Genetically Confirmed Neonatal Onset Ornithine	The proposed clinical trial will evaluate safety and efficacy of an AAV-			
DNIR-704	The Children's Hospital Westmead	Transcarbamylase (OTC) Deficiency	based gene therapy for the treatment of OTC deficiency. The purpose of this clinical trial is to test the safety and efficacy of GM AAV in adult nations with genetic XVLT3 deficiency, specifically to test	Licence issued	30-Oct-2024	30-Oct-2029
DNIR-705	Western Sydney Local Health District	Clinical trial of GM AAV for treatment of genetic XYLT2 deficiency		Licence issued	12-Nov-2024	12-Nov-2029
DNIR-706	La Trobe University	Expression of Staphylococcus aureus toxins	The purpose of this project is to express Staphylococcus aureus toxins in E. coli for characterisation of their superantigen mechanisms.	Licence issued	14-Jan-2025	14-Jan-2030
DNIR-707	The Royal Children's Hospital	Bermagene geperpavec (B-VEC)	To treat a small number of patients with dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa. The purpose of the dealings is to produce and propagate vaccines	Licence issued	19-Dec-2024	19-Dec-2029
		Preparation of influenza vaccines using attenuated influenza A	against non-seasonal Influenza A, based on an attenuated Influenza A virus, in cell lines at small and large scales and to conduct quality			
DNIR-708	Seqirus Pty Ltd	viruses Manufacture of genetically modified Salmonella enterica	control experiments.	Licence issued	22-Jan-2025	22-Jan-2030
DNIR-709	BioCina Pty Ltd	enterica Serovar Typhimurium bacterial strains to derive nanocells	To manufacture genetically modified Salmonella Typhimurium bacteria capable of producing nanocells.	Licence issued	13-Jan-2025	13-Jan-2030
			This project aims to develop and investigate gene drives in Plasmodium			
DNIR-710	The University of Melbourne	Exploring gene drives in Plasmodium to control malaria	berghei and Plasmodium falciparum to modulate parasite populations. The primary aim is to develop genetically modified (CM) HCOV-NL63 strains capable of infecting mice to better understand HCOV-NL63 infection. These studies may assist in the development of better	Licence issued	12-Feb-2025	12-Feb-2030
DNIR-711	The University of Melbourne	Understanding seasonal coronavirus infection and disease	vaccines and antiviral drugs that could be broadly effective against both SARS-CoV-2 and HCoV-NL63.	Licence issued	10-Feb-2025	10-Feb-2030
	The Fleroy Institute of November 1	Prodramal disease observativativa in a second secon	The project is to develop human genetic prion disease in mouse by introducing human genes related to prion disease. This animal model			
DNIR-712	The Florey Institute of Neuroscience and Mental Health	Prodromal disease characterisation in murine models of familial prion disease	data will provide evidence for a future longitudinal study involving patients. This study aims to develop a third-generation lentivirus genomic	Licence issued	24-Feb-2025	24-Feb-2030
DNIR-713	The University of Sydney	A constitutive VenomORF library expression platform	This study aims to develop a third-generation lentivirus genomic platform to characterise the bioactivity of proteins from the venom of different organisms.	Licence issued	10-Feb-2025	10-Feb-2030
, 20		In Vivo Gene Therapy to Generate Anti-BCMA CAR-T Cells in	To assess the safety, tolerability, preliminary efficacy and pharmacokinetics/pharmacodynamics of the GMO in adult patients with		22 . 35 2525	20.00 2000
DNIR-714	IQVIA RDS Pty Ltd	Patients with Relapsed and Refractory Multiple Myeloma	relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma.	Licence issued	6-Mar-2025	6-Mar-2030

		A clinical trial to assess safety and clinical activity of the GMO		Cease to		
DNIR-715	Valo Therapeutics (Australia) Pty Ltd.	PeptiCRAd-1 in patients with solid tumours		consider		
		A clinical trial of an AAV-based gene therapy (EPI-321) for the	The purpose of this clinical trial is to assess the safety, tolerability and			
		treatment of facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD)	biological activity of EPI-321 (the GMO) in adult patients with			
DNIR-716	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	in adults	facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD)	Licence issued	24-Mar-2025	24-Mar-2030
		Phase 1, Multicenter, Open-Label Study of CB-010, a CRISPR-				
			To evaluate the safety and tolerability of CAR-T cell therapy in patients			
DNIR-717	PPD Australia Pty Ltd	Refractory Systemic Lupus Erythematosus	with Refractory Systemic Lupus Erythematosus	Licence issued	25-Mar-2025	25-Mar-2030
Diam 717	11 D Addition 1 ty Eta	Transactory of Sternie Euplas Eryalematesias	Using genetically modified Murine Leukemia Virus (MLV) to transduce	Licence issued	20 1101 2020	20 1101 2000
			human and murine cells to express different genes in order to			
DNIR-718	The University of Adelaide	Investigating immune evasion mechanisms in cancer	understand their effects on immune invasion.	Licence issued	31-Mar-2025	31-Mar-2030
		Use of genetically modified Staphylococcus aureus strain to	To use GM Staphylococcus aureus overexpressing a protease to			
DNIR-719	The University of Adelaide	express an extracellular virulence factor.	generate positive controls for comparative analysis.	Licence issued	24-Mar-2025	24-Mar-2030
			This study aims to develop genetically modified microbial hosts to			
			enable heterologous expression of aquatic microbial toxins.			
DNIR-720	The University of Newcastle	Characterisation of toxin biosynthesis pathways from environmental microorganisms	Biosynthesis gene clusters involved in the molecular pathway will be characterised for future development of bioactive compounds.	Licence issued	12-May-2025	12-May-2030
DIVIN-720	THE UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE	environmentat microorganisms	characterised for future development of bloactive compounds.	Licence issueu	12-May-2025	12-14ay-2030
			The aim of the proposed dealings is to modulate gene expression in			
			mammary duct epithelial cells of mice using lentiviral vectors in order to			
DNIR-721	QIMR Berghofer	Obesity linked cancer	induce ductal carcinogenesis in situ.	Licence issued	16-Apr-2025	16-Apr-2030
		Production of transgenic Nippostrongylus brasiliensis	Evaluate the prophylactic and/or therapeutic potential of transgenic			
DNIR-722	James Cook University	hookworms that secrete therapeutic foreign molecules	hookworms expressing foreign molecules in mice.	Licence issued	28-Apr-2025	28-Apr-2030
		Phase I open-label, dose escalation trial of BI 1831169				
		monotherapy and in combination with an anti-PD-1 mAb in	To evaluate the safety and efficacy of the GM VSV for the treatment of			
DNIR-723	Boehringer Ingelheim Pty Ltd	patients with advanced or metastatic solid tumors Clinical trial of GM AAV for treatment of Amyotrophic Lateral	solid tumours. To test the safety and efficacy of GM AAV for the treatment of	Licence issued	2-May-2025	2-May-2030
DNIR-724	Novotech (Australia) Pty Limited	Sclerosis	Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis	Licence issued	30-Jan-2025	30-Jan-2030
DIVIN-724	Novotech (Australia) Fty Limited	Scienosis	The purpose of this clinical trial is to evaluate the safety and efficacy of	Licence issueu	30-Jan-2023	30-3411-2030
		Clinical trial of genetically modified adeno-associated virus for	genetically modified adeno-associated virus in adult and paediatric			
DNIR-725	ICON Clinical Research Pty Limited	the treatment of haemophilia B	patients with haemophilia B	Licence issued	30-Apr-2025	30-Apr-2030
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	CTI Clinical Trial and Consulting Services Australia	Clinical trial of GM adeno-associated virus for treatment of	To assess the safety, tolerability and pharmacodynamic effects of a GM			
DNIR-726	Pty Ltd	frontotemporal dementia	AAV in adult participants with frontotemporal dementia (FTD)	Licence issued	13-May-2025	13-May-2030
		A Phase I Study to Evaluate the Safety and Tolerability of a	To assess the safety and effectivity of INT2106, a lentiviral vector with a			
		Lentiviral Vector (INT2106) in participants with refractory	transgene for CAR19, in patients with generalised myasthenia gravis			
DNIR-727	Premier Research (Australia) Pty Ltd	Generalised Myasthenia Gravis	(GMG)	Licence issued	17-Jun-2025	17-Jun-2030
	The Maltaness Flies Hall bestitute of N. C.	Francisco del control de la facilita de la control de la c	The study will infect healthy participants with GM Plasmodium			
DNIR-729	The Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	Experimental malaria infection of healthy malaria-naive adults with the genetically modified Plasmodium falciparum	falciparum via mosquito bite to create a master cell bank (MCB) for future human clinical trial.	Licence issued	4-Jul-2025	4-Jul-2030
DINIK-/29	nesearcii	with the generically modified Plasmodium fatciparum	ruture numan curlicat triat.	Licelice issued	4-JUI-2025	4-Jul-2030